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1.0 Plan Preparation.

General. This guide is to assist the plan preparer in developing contract plans that are consistent with NDOT standards. It offers solutions to common office questions and is not intended to replace engineering judgment or knowledge. These guidelines are applicable to all projects developed using Bentley V8i software versions. Projects designed using Bentley CONNECT Edition software should be designed to the new guidelines and standards established for that software. A Plan Preparation Guide for the CONNECT Edition will be forthcoming.

1.1 Engineering Document Management.

General. The Department utilizes Bentley ProjectWise to store and organize all project-related engineering documents and design files. Each project will have a designated project folder within ProjectWise named as the five-digit EA number. A standard folder structure has been established with locations for each Division.

1.2 Plan Sheet Orientation and Color.

General. The contract plan sheets shall be produced on 11-inch by 17-inch white paper. The sheets shall be landscape oriented and bound along the left edge. The left margin shall be between $\frac{3}{4}$ " to one inch. The top, bottom, and right margins shall be between $\frac{1}{4}$ " to one-half inch.

Plan thickness. If the thickness of the printed contract plans exceeds three inches, the plan set may need to be separated into volumes to facilitate binding. The break for volumes shall be made at a logical point in the package so that a series of sheets is not separated.

Color. Typically, all proposed plan components shall be displayed in black (Color #0 in NDOT Color Table) and existing components shall be displayed in green (Color #2 in NDOT Color Table). Exceptions are Title Sheet, Location Sketch, Signing, Traffic Control and all sheets containing only text on which all components should be displayed in black. Other colors may be substituted for clarity purposes on a case-by-case basis.

1.3 Plan Submittals and Revisions.

General. A plan submittal occurs when any event in the project development process requires a mass distribution of the associated plans to project contributors and stakeholders such as formal reviews and advertising of the contract. All submittals produced prior to the final advertisement set shall have each sheet clearly marked with the words "Preliminary - Subject to Revision."

During the design process each submittal shall be clearly marked to indicate the event and the production date of the set, or subset of plans (e.g. "Intermediate Design Submittal - January 1, 2099"). This information is generally placed above the preliminary stamp on the title sheet.

Sheet revisions. Revisions made to the advertising set made after the contract has been advertised shall be clearly marked, in red, with a Revision Triangle, cloud bubble surrounding the changes, the word "Revision", the revision number, and the revision date in the upper-right corner, for example "Revision 1: January 1, 2099." This applies to supplemental notices and contract change orders. See Section 22 Miscellaneous Information for example sheets.

Electronic delivery workflow. Once the plans are ready to be advertised, plan contributors produce their assigned plans in a component PDF in the proper sheet order and in landscape orientation. The plan contributors, such as Bridge, Hydraulics, Traffic, Signals and Lighting, submit a copy of their component PDF to the Designer at the appropriate project schedule. Signatory hardcopies, such as the title sheet or plans by consultant engineers, are scanned into PDF and made part of the single component PDF.

The Designer assembles the various PDF files into a single composite PDF file that will be reproduced by Administrative Services. The composite PDF file contains all sheets that make up the entire contract plans except for the estimate of quantities. The estimate of quantities will be inserted electronically by Administrative Services.

The Designer should add bookmarks to the composite PDF file to make it easier to navigate to various sections of the plan set.

The Designer electronically submits a copy of the composite PDF file to the Specifications Writer. The signed title sheet still needs to be hand delivered to the Specifications Writer for delivery to the Administrative Services Division.

The Specifications Writer electronically submits their Special Provisions, along with the single composite PDF file, to Administrative Services for reproduction, proofing and advertisement.

The electronic delivery server path is <u>\\datsrv1\009specs\009AdminServices\</u> and the documents are placed in the established contract folder.

The same process, as identified above, occurs for plan revisions when a supplemental notice is issued.

Component naming standards. The following is the naming convention used during the initial submittal event:

Component deliverable

Roadway Design Drainage Right of way Signals, Lighting, and ITS Permanent Signing Bridge

If a supplemental notice occurs after the contract has advertised, the naming convention for the component deliverable is followed by Rev[X]. Example: 75123DESRev1.pdf

Composite naming standards. The following is the naming convention used during the initial submittal event:

Composite deliverable

Full contract set

If a supplemental notice occurs after the contract has advertised, the naming convention for the composite deliverable is followed by Rev[X]. Example: 75123Rev1.pdf

Resolution and format. PDF Plans should be produced at 600 D.P.I. Setting the default settings in Adobe Distiller or Bluebeam Stapler to "Standard" will meet this requirement.

Compatibility of the PDF file format must adhere to Acrobat 6.x (PDF 1.5) specification.

File naming convention

[EA #] DES.pdf [EA #] HYD.pdf [EA #] ROW.pdf [EA #] SLI.pdf [EA #] SGN.pdf [EA #] STR.pdf

File naming convention

[Contract #].pdf

1.4 Base Plans for other Divisional use.

Roadway Design develops base plans for other Divisions. The Traffic Safety Division, Right of Way, Hydraulics, and Signals and Lighting utilize these plans in order to develop their respective design. Information contained in the base plans includes information such as alignments, edge of pavement, design mapping, and right of way lines. For an example, the base plans provided to the Traffic and Safety Section is for the preparation of Permanent Signs locations. The designer is to coordinate the exchange of this information early in the design with the above-mentioned divisions/sections.

1.5 Consultant Requirements.

Each original contract sheet prepared by a consultant engineer's firm shall be prepared and submitted in accordance with state law. Each sheet shall be stamped and signed by a licensed consultant engineer. The dimensions for the consultant advertisement logo are not to exceed one-half inches high by three inches long. They are to be placed on the location sketch in the lower right corner of the sheet unless the location sketch and title sheet are combined, in which case the advertisement may be placed in the same location on the first typical section sheet. If a consultant firm produces contract sheets only for specific functional areas; such as bridge, hydraulics, and landscape architecture, then the advertisement may only be placed on the first sheet of that section. The consultant shall provide the design files and the files shall be placed in the appropriate folder in ProjectWise.

2.0 Title Sheets.

General. The purpose of the title sheet is to provide a general project location, a description of work to be done, and the route being constructed or improved. Geographical features such as highways, streets, roads, railroads, airports, county lines, detours, lakes, rivers, canals, peaks, mines, springs, wells, passes, and bridges are to be shown.

Title Sheet Guidelines. Electronic versions of the title sheets are retrieved from ProjectWise located at pw:\\pwintsrv1.dot.state.nv.us:NDOTPW\Documents\Divisions\009_Specifications\Title Sheets\

A title sheet is required for all projects. Multiple projects may be combined onto one title sheet if this can be accomplished without clutter or loss of legibility. Multiple projects are those listing two or more projects on the title sheet or having more than one title sheet.

The title sheet may also serve as the location sketch if it adequately fulfills the purpose of both sheets. Combining the title sheet and location sketch is usually done on point projects. Types of point projects include signal modifications, an interchange, cattle guard placement, a pedestrian structure, drainage work, bridge replacement, intersection modification, railroad crossing, or tunnels.

The title sheet must indicate the full route section, or portion of the route section, that is to be constructed or improved. Projects that are not State owned or maintained routes would be designated as "Off System." Off system projects shall be indicated on the title sheet where the route description would normally be shown.

The CADD Management Section in conjunction with the Planning Division maintains title sheets. The Planning Division reviews the title sheets and location sketch for each project at or approaching intermediate design submittal. Planning's function is to ensure that route designations and descriptions are current. Title sheet review includes, but is not limited to, alignment bar, milepost tabulation, retraced alignments, route and route section lengths, stationing of routes, route sections, construction and project lengths, and contract history.

All title sheets that are submitted for Planning's review must include the name and telephone extension of the requestor and the latest date that the title sheet needs to be returned after review. The designer makes the changes as necessary. When the changes have been performed, it is electronically submitted to the CADD Management Section where it is stripped of project related information and stored back on ProjectWise.

Title Sheet Particulars. Specific information for components on the title sheet are as follows:

1) Alignment bar should be placed in the lower half of the title sheet. It depicts key points in the project such as begin/end construction (if applicable), begin/end project, all station equations, alignment designation changes (e.g. "A" to "O" line), structure limits (from abutment to abutment), and project exceptions. Divided roads with dual alignments shall include information for both alignments. The Location Division provides existing alignment information but new alignments (developed by the designers that are to become adopted alignments) need to be coordinated and approved with the Location Division.

Begin/End Construction needs to be identified in the alignment bar with appropriate stationing. These limits are for work that is being performed beyond the project limits, such as additional striping, signing, and pavement transitions beyond the project limits.

2) Approval signature and date is placed in the lower right corner of the Title Sheet. The Director signs the Title Sheet once it has been completed. The approval date and final index of sheets need to be on the title sheet before signature. The project approval date is listed on the processing memo.

3) Begin/End route section is indicated by stationing with a leader/arrow extending to the particular point on the route. Routes may contain more than one route control number. For example, the statewide numbering

scheme has 5 route control numbers on I-80 (IR080-1, IR080-2, etc). This information is available in the Milepost Index at <u>http://intra/MPI Web Report/</u>. Some routes have multiple designations, so be aware of which designation is the master designation. For additional reference, see Nevada's State Maintained Highways Descriptions, Index and Maps that is published by Planning (Roadway Systems Division). Show station equations at state lines, county lines, and at begin and end route.

4) Contact information is placed in the lower right-hand corner when the title sheet and location sketch has been combined. Provide the names and phone numbers for the Project Manager, Project Coordinator, and the Designer.

5) Contract number appears in the upper right-hand corner of the title sheet and is provided by Administrative Services. The Specifications Writer usually requests the contract number from Administrative Services after the processing memo is distributed. The contract number is only shown on the first title sheet on any given contract, regardless of the number of title sheets used.

6) **Design Criteria** is placed near the upper right-hand corner of the title sheet. The design criteria shall provide the current versions that a roadway or bridge is being designed in accordance with.

7) Design designation is placed near the upper right-hand corner of the title sheet. It provides traffic information and is shown on the sheet in tabular form. The information shall contain the average annual daily traffic (AADT) (year advertised) and design year ADT (usually 20 years from the year end of construction), the directional split (D), the design hour volume (DHV), the percentage of trucks T (DHV), and the design velocity (V). This information is requested from the Principal Traffic Operation Engineer and is used for projects such as new construction, capacity projects, and bridge replacements. If the contract is for an interim design, both the interim and final design designation data should be shown. Design designations are not required on preservation projects. However, if engineering was performed under certain design controls, then the controlling data used in the calculations or analysis must be shown such (e.g. traffic volume, velocity, etc.). The posted speed limit must be shown for all railroad safety projects.

8) DOT # and RR Milepost information is placed at railroad crossing(s) on projects that affect railroad structures, or construction that is within railroad right of way. This information is to be shown in a "flag" pointing to the appropriate structure or crossing. DOT# and RR Milepost numbers are provided/updated by the Traffic and Safety Division. RR mileposts are also available in the Milepost Index.

9) *History box* provides information that includes the project number and station limits, the general description of the work, length of the total route or route section, length of project, length of construction, and length of exceptions within the project limits. The history box is to have leaders that extend to the scaled drawing of the route in a manner that clearly indicates the limits of the project. The project limits are initially established by the program papers but may be changed as deemed necessary. Normally, project limits are tied to county lines, center of intersections, or beginning of a route. "Contract Ahead" and "Contract Back" are to be noted below and above the project station limits respectively, with the most recent original or major construction. There may be projects where no previous contracts exist; in this case the information would be left off the history.

2.0 Title Sheets (Continued).

10) *Index of sheets* is placed in the upper left-hand corner of the Title Sheet and provides a listing of the type of sheets within the contract.

The following is an example of the index of sheets with the possible sheets used on a contract:

1 – 1Z	TITLE SHEETS AND LOCATION SKETCHES
2 – 2Z	TYPICAL SECTIONS
3 – 3Z	GENERAL NOTES AND SUMMARIES
4 – 6	ROADWAY PLAN AND PROFILE
7 – 8	GRADING PLAN
9 – 10	GEOMETRICS AND ELEVATION CONTROLS
LC1 – LC9	LOCATION CONTROL
SD1-SD9	SPECIAL DETAILS
SP1 – SP9	SITE PREPARATION (REMOVALS)
L(X)100 – L(X)600	LANDSCAPE DETAILS
D(X)1- D(X)9	DRAINAGE DETAILS
RW1 – RW9	RIGHT-OF-WAY
ST1 – ST9	PERMANENT STRIPING DETAILS
TC1 – TC9	TRAFFIC CONTROL
T1 – T9	SIGNALS AND LIGHTING
ITS1-ITS9	INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS
TS1 – TS9	PERMANENT SIGNING
B1 – B9	BRIDGE SHEETS
BW1 – BW9	RETAINING WALLS AND SOUND WALLS
S1 – S9	STRUCTURE LIST

Note: Structure Lists for each discipline shall be placed at the end of their respective sections. See Section 21 Structure List for additional details.

11) Key map appears in the upper right-hand corner of the title sheet. The purpose of the key map is to show where the project resides within the state.

12) *Material site(s)* should be indicated on the title sheet to show the general location only. A detailed drawing of the material sites will be included in the Special Provisions.

13) *Milepost tabulation* information is only necessary on the title sheet when the title sheet and location sketch are combined. See milepost tabulation in Section 2.1 for more details.

14) *North arrow* is located on the Title Sheet and provides orientation. If township and range lines do not appear on this sheet then this information must be included on the north arrow.

15) Project number and milepost range come from the program papers and are placed along the leader with an arrow pointing to the appropriate location on the key map. There could be multiple project numbers and milepost ranges for one contract. In this case, multiple title sheets may be needed to avoid cluttering.

16) *Project number and county* is in the upper right corner of the title sheet. List pertinent counties where the project is located.

17) *Route section description* is shown in the upper middle section of the sheet and describes the extending limits of the route. This information is to also contain the county(s) that the route extends through.

Be aware that some routes have multiple route sections (e.g. US 395-1 and US 395-2 or US 50-1 through 6).

18) Scale Bar is in the lower middle section of the sheet and provides a reference to the length in miles or feet. If a different scale is used for the material site subset box, provide the appropriate corresponding scale.

19) Sheet numbering for the title sheet shall begin with number 1. Multiple title sheets shall be numbered 1, 1A, 1B, 1C, etc.

20) Section net includes townships and ranges through which the route section traverses. This information is provided by Location Division and is usually part of the title sheet from the server.







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COMBINATION TITLE/LOCATION SKETCH-OFF-SYSTEM





2.1 Location Sketch.

General. The purpose of the location sketch is to provide a more specific project location. This generally relates the project to major survey lines, mileposts, and prominent geographic features (e.g. rivers, city limits, railroads, township and ranges) to facilitate locating and staking plan elements in the field. The location sketch shows designated material sites and where they are in relation to the project.

Location Sketch Guidelines. Electronic versions of location sketches may be retrieved from previous contracts archived in ProjectWise. Since Location sketches can widely vary from one project to another, there is no formal updating or archiving of this information.

Every project that has a location sketch needs to show and label all construction centerlines, detours, and haul routes.

Project limits are to be referenced to county mileposts based on the Department's master milepost index. The location sketch is to show the overall layout of the main line, ramps, frontage roads, and street locations. County roads and city streets shall be shown and labeled if they are important to the project. Do not show county roads and city streets just to "fill up" the sheet. As with all plan sheets, delete anything that does not add value to the plan sheet or provide detail or information that the reader needs.

Location sketches should normally be drawn at a scale to permit the full use of one sheet for all features. However, the scale of the location sketch shall be large enough to easily identify all construction lines and appropriate local and private roads. Do not reduce the scale in an effort to "squeeze" it all onto one sheet.

Location Sketch Particulars. Specific information for components on the location sketch as follows:

1) Alignments for roads, interchanges, frontage roads, detours and temporary connections to be constructed, improved, or removed are to be included. All alignments, including those for detours and temporary connections, shall be annotated with their associated identity.

2) Begin/End project is indicated by station with a leader/arrow extending to the particular point on the alignment. Provide the project number and indicate "Begin Project" or "End Project".

3) Contact information is placed in the lower right hand corner of the Location Sketch. Provide the names and phone numbers for the Project Manager, Project Coordinator, and the Designer.

4) Material site(s) are designated by the Materials Division and are approved by R/W. Electronic versions of these sites are available on ProjectWise at pw:\\pwintsrv1.dot.state.nv.us:NDOTPW\Documents\Divisions\037_RightOfWay\MaterialSites\. When the material site is within the project limits, only the relationship of the site needs to be drawn to demonstrate approximate location in relation to alignment. It does not need to be drawn in detail because the sketch is made part of the Special Provisions, which is shown in greater detail. Material sites that are beyond the project limits need to be shown as a general map indicating the location and distance to the material site. Do not show commercial material sites.

5) *Milepost tabulation* information is available in the Milepost Index at <u>http://intra/MPI_Web_Report/</u>. The milepost tabulation provides a table of the stations, mileposts, a column for county cumulative mileposts for projects that core data is provided, and a description. Items to be included are begin/end construction, begin/end project, structures, and mileposts within the project limits.

6) North arrow is shown on the location sketch and provides orientation. If township and range lines do not appear on this sheet then this information must be included on the north arrow.

7) *Project number and county* is in the upper right-hand corner of the sheet. List pertinent counties where the project is located.

8) Scale bar is in the lower middle section of the sheet and provides a reference to the length in miles or feet.

9) Section net is provided by the Location Division and provides the sections, townships and ranges through which the project limits traverse.

10) Sheet numbering for the location sketch shall begin with number 1A. When multiple title sheets and location sketches are used the numbering system would be 1, 1A (for title sheets) and 1B, 1C (for location sketches).

11) Station equations shall be shown on the location sketch. Show station equations with a leader line to the approximate point on the sketch (by stationing). If there is insufficient room on the location sketch to clearly identify the equation and exception areas, they may be shown in tabular form (data box) on the location sketch.

12) Structure numbers for bridges shall be identified with the appropriate structure number. The mileposts of these structures are contained in a flag and points to the appropriate structure. The Bridge Division assigns the structure numbers (e.g. I-1234, G-5678). Refer to the current <u>Structure Index</u> book for existing structure numbers. Culverts with assigned structure numbers are not shown on the Location Sketch, but only on the plan sheets.





3.0 Typical Sections.

General. The Materials Division provides structural sections that are requested by Roadway Design. Typical sections are for the purpose of depicting the structural elements of the roadway. They should not contain information concerning geometric elements, which can be adequately shown on the plans or geometric sheets. Typical sections shall be a graphic representation of the work to be performed.

Typical Section Guidelines. In most cases, the vertical scale of the sections should be exaggerated to clarify thickness of the various layers of the structural section. Use an appropriate H/V ratio to clearly depict details as necessary. Typical sections should be drawn in such a fashion that it minimizes the amount of "white space" on the sheet.

Horizontal dimension of the typical sections shall be expressed in feet with accuracy to the tenth of a foot (0.1'). Vertical dimension of the typical cross sections shall be expressed in inches with accuracy to the quarter of an inch ($\frac{1}{4}$ "), excluding ditches, which are expressed in feet (e.g. 1.0 or 1.5 ditch).

Horizontal dimensions should be referenced to the control line. On new construction, or reconstruction, cross slopes on pavement surfaces are to be shown by percentage with an arrow and leader pointing in the direction of the slope. When perpetuating existing slopes, indicate "Match Existing" with an arrow and leader pointing in the downward direction of the slope. If dimensions vary, give the minimum to maximum values. Side slopes are to be identified as horizontal to vertical (e.g. 6:1 F.S.). Super elevations are not shown on the typicals, but are detailed on the profile sheets.

Vertical transition shall be 1 inch per 100 linear feet for high speed roadways, greater than or equal to 45 mph posted speed. For low speed facilities, less than 45 mph posted speed, 1 inch per 50 linear feet shall be used. Transitions around bridge structures should consider drainage. It is best to vertically transition 100' before and beyond the approach slab to avoid creating a ponding issue.

When there are multiple station-to-station entries under one typical, those entries are to be listed from the lowest stationing first and ascending down the sheet. Stationing is to be shown to the hundredth of a foot along with point type (e.g. (P.O.C.) point on curve, point of curvature (P.C.), point on tangent (P.O.T.), point of tangency (P.T.), etc.). It is important that station-to-station entries do not have "gaps." Gaps in stationing should be noted as area of exception, commonly over bridge structures, which in this case would be noted with a structure number and the corresponding stationing (e.g. Structure B-1234 Exception Area). Stationing should be connective and in logical order from sheet to sheet.

In areas where there are several station-to-station entries with varying widths, it is acceptable to show the min.~ max. widths above the dimension lines and reference roadway widths and stationing to the base and surface sheets. This is in an effort to reduce the potential discrepancies between the base and surface sheets and the station to station entries in the typicals. When implementing this concept, care should be taken to provide adequate information so the substitution of the station to station entries on the typicals can stand alone in the summary sheets. For new construction or major reconstruction, it is recommended to show stationing in both the typicals and summary sheets if deemed appropriate.

Where new surfacing is to be placed on existing pavement, the bottom of the new surfacing which is to be in contact with the existing pavement shall be shown as a dashed line (shown in the Section of Improvement).

Addressing shoulder widening for guardrail or barrier rail in the typical sections is usually not required. The Standard Plans depict the placement detail for guardrail and barrier rail and they should not routinely be repeated on the typical sections. The typical sections are meant to show the structural section that is to be constructed with the project. The plans sheets and the structure list identify the location of guardrail and barrier rail. This, in conjunction with the Standard Plans, should be sufficient for identifying their location and construction thereof.

Right of way widths are not normally shown on the typicals if they can be adequately addressed in the plans or right of way sheets.

Typical Section Particulars. Specific information for components on the typical sections as follows:

1) Safety Edge is required when no other adjacent vertical feature will retain the sloughing of the bituminous material. The safety edge also prevents a steep drop-off from forming if shouldering material erodes away. Safety edges are based off a 30° angle relative to the slope of the road. Safety edge is to be placed on the final lift of dense-graded surface. A safety edge is not necessary if the pavement edge is under or behind guardrail. Safety edges are not used on PCCP.

2) Angle of repose is required when no other adjacent vertical feature will retain the sloughing of the bituminous material and when a safety edge is not used. Angle of repose is based on a 2H:1V slope. Angle of repose is not calculated for open-graded surface. PCCP is constructed vertically, therefore no angle of repose is shown or calculated.

3) As-Constructed is used for portraying the existing roadway prism, usually extending from the control line to the toe of slopes or back of curb. The As-Constructed demonstrates any surface preparation necessary to accommodate the Section of Improvement. For example, cold milling would be shown on the As-Constructed followed by the Section of Improvement. The Section of Improvement would show the new bituminous layers. The existing base and surface should be labeled as "Base and Surface" with arrows and leaders pointing to the respective layers. All lines that are used to show the As-Constructed shall be solid.

4) Control line should always be horizontally referenced and dimensioned to the respective roadway features. Dimensioning from one roadway feature to another roadway feature is acceptable, but it must have at least one tie to the control line. The appropriate alignment designation(s) should be shown next to the control line ("CL"). The control line should be dashed and projected from the As-Constructed to the Section of Improvement to show the relation of the two typicals. If there is a different control line from the As-Constructed to the Section of Improvement, then their relationship must be shown.

5) Cold milling below top of gutter pan needs to be dimensioned vertically at the front edge of gutter/edge of oil. The depth of cold milling needs to be referenced from "top of gutter". For example, the dimension would say "2 ³/₄" cold milling below top of gutter."

6) Cold milling details can be used to address varying widths around median turn pockets, islands, other unusual shapes, and at intersections. These details reduce multiple and complex station-to-station entries on the typicals. Dimension these areas on the typicals as "varies" with min.~ max. limits. Place a note on the typicals referring to the appropriate sheet (e.g. "For cold milling details see sheets SP1-SP9"). Cold milling details may be shown in the typicals if they are incidental to the project. Where multiple sheets are required to show the cold milling details, it is better to use the site preparation plans to depict this information.

7) Project Number and county need to be shown in the upper right corner and placed in the appropriate designated boxes.

8) Curb and gutter should be labeled with the appropriate type and dimensioned from the front edge of gutter/edge of oil to the control line. Dimensioning to the edge of gutter allows the pavement widths to match the base and surface sheets. When calling out new curb and gutter, the offset dimension is measured to the front face of curb (see Standard Plans). When encountering short sections of existing curb and gutter in an otherwise predominant edge of oil section, a note along with a drop down could be used to show this edge feature to handle cold milling and paving against the curb. In lieu of using station-to-station entries under the curb and gutter drop down a note could be used to say "See plan sheets for locations."

3.0 Typical Sections (Continued).

9) Cross slope of the roadway should be indicated on the typicals with a leader and arrow pointing in the downward sloping direction. For new construction (Section of Improvement), the cross slope should be designated by percent, typically 2%. On maintenance overlays, the cross slope is usually perpetuated and labeled as "match existing." Any slope less than 1.5% requires approval of the Chief Hydraulic Engineer.

10) Depth of cold milling and paving is labeled with an arrow and leader. Usually, plantmix bituminous materials are labeled above the bituminous courses and base layers are labeled below. Do not use legends to portray depths of removal sections or bituminous layers.

11) *Dimensioning* should be from the control line to the edge of oil. In a curb or gutter section, dimensioning would be from control line to the front edge of curb or gutter in order to match the widths on the summary sheets. When calling out new curb and gutter, the offset dimension is measured to the front face of curb (see Standard Plans). Longitudinal sections are dimensioned from station to station with corresponding lengths shown above.

12) Ditches and slopes are to be shown on the typicals for new construction, rehabilitation of existing, or when the profile sheets call out ditch notes. The ditches are to be dimensioned from the flow line to the projected dense-graded surface. Generally, ditches are shown on the left side of the typicals and the right is reserved for fill slopes. Construction of new slopes shall be designated with min.~max. slope ratios. Existing slopes to receive shoulder material would be designated with "Slope" on the as-constructed and "Exist Slope" on the Section of Improvement. Changes in slope ratio should be transitioned a minimum distance along the edge of the road 50 feet for every unit change in ratio. For example, a 200-foot or greater transition length would be required to change from a 2:1 fill slope to a 6:1 fill slope.

13) Drop down sections are usually required when addressing edge features that are not predominant to the overall composition of the roadway. For example, a drop down would be used in a short section of curb and gutter to address the additional milling depth to accommodate the open-graded surface. Other examples of drop downs would be to address paving of adjacent ditches, minor widening, etc.

14) Exception areas are to be listed within the station-to-station entries and accompanied with an explanation. For example, "X" 10+00.00 to "X" 11+00.00 (Structure B-1234)(Exception area). Where there is a gap in stationing because that section is a separate typical shown on a different sheet, reference to the sheet number should be included under the station-to-station entries.

15) *Existing base and surface* should be labeled with an arrow and leader below the typical section. In the As-constructed the existing base and surface is drawn with solid lines. However, under the Section of Improvement, the existing base and surface becomes a dashed line to represent existing.

16) *Half Section of Improvements* are usually used for showing different pavement strategies or depths, when they are different from one side of the road to another.

17) Islands (raised medians) should be shown on the typicals with appropriate minimum and maximum width along with the cross slope. Usually, the min.~max. dimensions are referenced to the geometric sheets for actual widths and locations. It is not necessary to show the types of island paving on the typicals since it is covered in the Standard Plans, special details, or landscaping plans.

18) Intersection details show the transition or the change in profile through an intersection where the structural section would adversely change the approach of a cross street. These details may be shown in the typicals or as a detail in the plans, and may require a longitudinal section to adequately show this information. Intersection details are primarily used in non-curb and gutter sections where the overlay changes the finished grade elevation. In contrast, this detail is usually not needed in curb and gutter section because mainline is usually cold milled and repaved to match the existing profile.

19) Legends are normally used to depict methods of removal, pulverization, or modification. Depths of removals and bituminous surfaces should be directly labeled with a leader and arrow rather than specified in the legend. The Legend box is placed in the upper left corner of the typicals.

20) Longitudinal sections are shown when depicting varying depths. Longitudinal sections are generally used for demonstrating deeper milling depths when showing the end of a full structural section (begin/end project) transitioning the overlay portion into the existing surface (begin/end construction). It is recommended that when transitioning at structures, to hold a constant depth a minimum of 100 feet before and after the approach slab before transitioning back up to the new finished grade elevation.

21) *Modified sections* are used for portraying alterations to the existing cross slope of the roadway. For example, when removing an existing median island and replacing it with a new structural section, this would be labeled "Modified." Modified sections are also used on longitudinal sections when altering the existing profile of the roadway. For example, when the cold milling depth is increased near bridge structures, changing the profile, the longitudinal section would be labeled "Modified." In other cases, a modified section may also be used when trying to portray multiple steps in rehabilitating the roadway surface. It would usually be followed by a Section of Improvement to address the placement of bituminous material.

22) Open-graded surface shall be flush with curb and gutter. If applicable, there should be a note under the Legend "Finished grade of ³/₄" Open-Graded Bituminous Surface shall be transitioned to match existing pavement surface at street intersections." The open-grade should be flush with the top of surface drainage inlets on bicycle routes and bicycle lanes and/or where the inlets encroach into a travel lane. In some cases, special details will be necessary to modify existing drainage facilities. In snow removal areas the open-grade should be placed full width to eliminate drop-offs, grade breaks and other undesirable features that cause the snow removal equipment to snag and/or grade off plane.

23) Pavement reinforcing fabric or geotextile needs to be shown to the relative position within the roadway section and dimensioned appropriately to show widths and locations.

24) *Profile grade* is shown at the top of the finished grade surface and is required to be shown on typical sections for new construction. Profile grade is usually shown when substantially modifying the vertical profile and is accompanied with profile sheets. It is not necessary to reference profile grade on the typicals for most pavement rehabilitation methods or when transitioning milling or paving depths.

25) Roadbed modification generally produces an additional 1-foot of widening as a result of the pulverizing and processing on each side of the roadway to facilitate construction. As a result of this process, the Section of Improvement should be dimensioned to reflect this additional widening. The dense graded and open graded surfaces are extended to accommodate the additional widening. The additional 1-foot widening is subject to variations to the existing width of the shoulder and terrain. Consideration of the additional widening should be discussed during the PDFS.

26) Sawcut lines should be shown and dimensioned on the typicals. Since there is usually no payment for sawcut the text should read "Sawcut (no direct payment)."

27) Seal coats are to be shown on the typicals when applied to the bituminous surface. This generally occurs when the surface does not receive open-graded surfacing.

28) **Sections** are for addressing miscellaneous areas such as patching details, approaches, minor widening, paving of median islands, etc. The cut section is usually designated with an "A-A" and references the corresponding plan sheet.

3.0 Typical Sections (Continued).

29) Section of Improvement is used to portray the finished product of the roadway surface. Any new base or bituminous layers are shown with appropriate widths and depths. Use green dashed lines to define existing surfaces.

30) Sheet numbering for the typical sections shall begin with number 2. Multiple typical section sheets shall be numbered 2, 2A, 2B, 2C, etc.

31) Shoulder widening of an additional 1-foot is required beyond the edge of pavement.

32) *Sidewalks* may be shown on the typicals as required. Generally, if work is being performed on the sidewalk, it can be portrayed and labeled "(width) sidewalk, see plans for locations."

33) *Stationing* should be shown under the Section of Improvement. It is not necessary to repeat stationing both under the As-constructed and the Section of Improvement unless specifically warranted. Stationing should be to the hundredth of a foot and accompanied with the appropriate point type (e.g. P.O.C, P.O.T., etc.). In an effort to reduce station-to-station entries, stationing will be omitted from the typicals when the entries become extensively long. A note referencing the stationing and widths would be provided (e.g. "See Summary Sheets for stations and widths.")

34) Varying widths are to be shown with the minimum and maximum widths above the dimension arrow. In an effort to reduce station-to-station entries on the typicals, the roadway widths should be referenced with a note (e.g. "See Summary Sheets for stations and widths."). Optionally, a circled letter may be placed above the variable dimension for reference to the station-to-station entries. The variable widths are then tabulated and placed below the typical with the corresponding letter designation.

35) *Witness lines* are generally used for showing the relation of the As-Constructed to the Section of Improvement, usually when addressing widening from the normal edge of pavement. For example, witness lines should be extended from the As-Constructed saw cut line to the Section of Improvement to show the relation of widening at a glance. In most cases, control line should also extend from the As-Constructed to the Section of Improvement to show proper relation of the two typicals.

Not Required:

Roadside edge features such as barrier rail or guardrail do not need to be shown on the typicals unless there is a need to address something that is not shown in the Standards. For example, the construction of new guardrail would not need to be shown on the typical because there is adequate detail in the Standard Plans for construction. The same is true when removing such roadway features. Other examples of roadway edge features that do not need to be shown are plantmix dike and sidewalk.

Plantmix type is not required on typicals. The bid item, theoretical applications, and the Special Provisions adequately cover plantmix type. However, when the use of leveling courses and different asphalt types are used to make up the composition of the various surfaces, the asphalt type shall be noted under the respective bituminous layer.

Other:

On roadbed modifications, the pulverization bid item is calculated using the existing roadway width (including the angle of repose). The bid item for "Processing for Roadbed Modification" and "Portland Cement" is calculated using the additional 1' width (or finished roadway width).

When the majority of the section consists of barrier rail, curb, gutter, and sidewalk, it is acceptable to show these features on the typicals. In special situations, such as non-standard placement of longitudinal barriers, it may be shown on the typicals when required.









Page 20



Page 21







STATE	PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
NEVADA	NH-050-A(004)	CHURCHILL	26
	7	30/1	
		_	
	NOTE: TO AVOID D USE THE PC	ROPPING CELL STATUS ON ELEME INT OR FLOOD METHOD WHEN PA	NTS, TTERNING.
	NOTE: F.Y.I., ALL D WERE DRAW VERTICAL R/ H/V RATIO	ETAILS SHOWN ON THIS PAGE N AT A 1:6 HORIZONTAL TO NTIO. USE AN APPROPRIATE TO CLEARLY DEPICT THE DETAILS	5.
	NOTE: ALL DIMENSI LINES SHALL SHALL BE D TEXT WIDTH	ON CALLOUT AND EXTENSION BE WT=1. ALL DIMENSION ARROW RAWN AT A 1.5:0.5 TEXT HEIGHT RATIO.	'S TO
	NOTE: UNLESS OTH SHALL BE F	ERWISE NOTED, ALL LETTERING T=10, MEDIUM SIZED TEXT, WT=2.	
	NOTE: ALL IMPORTE ASCIIFILE AN SET TEXT P TEXT, WT=2	D TEXT SHALL BE CREATED IN A ID IMPORTED INTO MICROSTATION. ARAMETERS TO FT=3, SMALL SIZE BEFORE IMPORTING.	N D
	© – DENOTES C	ELL HAS BEEN USED	
	T - DENOTES A BY PROJEC	TAG EXISTS, POPULATED TWISE ATTRIBUTES.	
	L – DENOTES A	CUSTOM LINESTYLE HAS BEEN U	SED.



4.0 General Notes and Summaries.

General. The primary purpose of the summary sheets is to quantify roadway surfacing items such as aggregate base, dense-graded plantmix surfacing, and open-graded surfacing. Other major items of work that are quantified are summary of cold millings, and summary of earthwork (includes roadway excavation, borrow embankment, select borrow, channel excavation, drainage excavation, and shoulder material). Miscellaneous items such as guideposts, mileposts, theoretical application rates, core information, and general notes are also shown in the summaries. Portland Cement Concrete Paving (PCCP) is another material that would be shown in the summaries when placing PCCP.

General Notes and Summaries Guidelines. Electronic versions of the summary sheet templates are available on the <u>Design SharePoint</u> site.

Summary sheets are to be arranged so aggregate base, plantmix dense-graded surfacing, and open-graded surfacing quantities are organized in respective columns and rows with corresponding stationing and widths. These sheets may also include a column for cold milling if applicable. Summary sheets are to be arranged in order so the above mentioned items appear first with items described in the paragraph below following after. Summaries are broken out to show quantities left and right of centerline.

Roadway excavation, borrow embankment, select borrow, channel excavation, drainage excavation, and shoulder material items are usually summarized after aggregate base and plantmix products. Miscellaneous items such as guideposts, theoretical application rates, core information, and general notes generally follow after the above-mentioned items.

The summary sheet font type is "Arial" with the headers from 12-15 pt., sub-headers 11-13 pt., and station-to-station entries from 10-12pt. Adjustments to these guidelines are subject to project requirements.

Contracts with multiple projects require the summaries to be broken into their respective projects. Projects spanning over county lines do not need the summary sheets broken out into their respective county.

Quantities are to be shown to a pre-defined level of accuracy. Totals are to be shown to the level of accuracy as indicated in Table 4.

Stationing should be rounded to the hundredth of a foot. It is not necessary to accompany stations with P.O.C., P.O.T., P.C, P.T., etc.

Widths are to be noted with the respective station-to-station entries. Average widths are noted in areas of width transitions. Accuracy of the widths shall be to 0.1 foot and should match the typical sections.

General Notes and Summaries Particulars.

1a) Safety edge is required when no other adjacent vertical feature will retain the sloughing of the bituminous material. The safety edge also prevents a steep drop-off from forming if shouldering material erodes away. Safety edges are based off a 30° angle relative to the slope of the road. Safety edge is to be placed on the final lift of dense-graded surface. A safety edge is not necessary if the pavement edge is under or behind guardrail. Safety edges are not used on PCCP.

1b) Angle of repose is required when no other adjacent vertical feature will retain the sloughing of the bituminous material and when a safety edge is not used. Angle of repose is based on a 2H:1V slope. Angle of repose is not calculated for open-graded surface. PCCP is constructed vertically, therefore no angle of repose is shown or calculated.

2) **Project number and county** need to be shown in the upper right corner and placed in the appropriate designated boxes.

3) Sheet numbering for the summary sheets shall begin with number 3. Multiple summary sheets shall be numbered 3, 3A, 3B, 3C etc.

4) Aggregate base is to include 8 percent for moisture in the calculation of weight. A note is placed beneath the item to reflect that the quantity includes moisture content. Aggregate base is generally calculated in tons for District 1 and cubic yards for Districts 2 and 3.

5) Slope allowance is included in the base aggregate quantities and is to match the typicals or earthwork notes accordingly. Where aggregate base is constructed vertically, around curb and gutter or constant slope barrier rail for an example, no slope allowance is shown or calculated.

6) Summary of earthwork shows the total quantities of excavation, embankment, and borrow needed. It is best to think of excavation as the "supply" of the material and the embankment as the "need." Roadway, structure, channel, and drainage excavation need to be broken out separately. Mainline alignments, ramps, detours, sign islands, etc. should have a quantity total at each specific location and are to be summarized at the end with a total. Excavated material that is suitable to be used as embankment can be subtracted from the borrow embankment quantity needed at each location. Select borrow, generally used around bridge abutments, shall be shown separately from borrow embankment when used. If any excavated material is to be disposed, the quantity for disposal should be noted. Contact the Geotechnical Engineer to determine if excavated material can be used for embankment.

7) Other removals are shown as needed with limits of removal and total quantity. Examples may include removal of concrete pavement and removal of composite surface.

8) Cold milling summary is required when cold milling is performed on the project. The summary is to show the amount of cold millings generated and the amount that will be placed on the project as shoulder material. Any remaining cold millings that are to be disposed of or stockpiled should also be indicated. If multiple cold milling depths are on the project, they should be broken out by depths.

9) Shouldering material summary is required when shouldering material is used on the project. The summary is to show the amount of shouldering material needed, amount of cold millings to be used as shouldering material (if applicable), and quantity of additional shouldering material needed. If multiple shouldering material depths are on the project, they should be broken out by tons per station per side.

10) Guideposts are summarized by type and color.

11) Object markers are summarized by type.

12) *Theoretical application information* is provided by the Materials Division. This information is normally shown at the end of the Summary sheets above the General notes.

13) General notes are supplemental information that is not covered in the Standard Specifications or Special Provisions. They are shown at the end of the summary sheets.

14) Core data sheets are usually provided on cold milling, cold recycling, or roadbed mod projects. The Materials Division provides Roadway Design these sheets on a case-by-case scenario. Core data sheets are inserted after the summary sheets.

4.0 General Notes and Summaries (Continued).

TABLE 4		
Item	U. S. St	andard Units
	Unit	Accuracy
Base & Surface Aggregate	ton	1
Concrete	cuyd	0.01
Concrete, Elastomeric	cuft	0.01
Culverts, PVC Pipe	linft	1
Emulsified/Liquid Asphalts	ton	0.1
Erosion Control, Clearing & Grubbing	acre	0.1
Fence, C & G, Barrier Rail	linft	1
Guardrail	linft	1
Overhaul	yd-mi	1
Painted Striping	mile	0.001
Paving Asphalts, Mineral Filler	ton	1
Pulverize Existing Surface	mile	0.001
Reinforcing Steel, Structural Steel and Grates	lb	1
Roadway and Borrow Excavation, Riprap	cuyd	1
Signs and Marking Film	sqft	0.01
Cold milling, Sidewalks, Erosion Control	sqyd	0.1
Structure and Drainage Excavation, Backfill	cuyd	0.1
Trenching	sta	0.01
V-Ditches	sta	0.01

s		OF BASE A		FACE QU		S					STATE	PROJECT NO.		COUNTY	SHEET NO.
NOTE: OLIANTITIES SHOWN IN THE SUMMAR		AND SURFACE M	ATERIALS AR							NEVADA ST	BG-NHPP-080-3(06	6)	HUMBOLDT	3	
ACTUAL SPREADS SHALL BE VARIED	AS REQUIRE	TO OBTAIN THE D	EPTH OF THE	E VARIOUS CO	OURSES SHO	WN ON THE TYPICA	L SECTIONS								
		PLA	NTMIX STRE	ESS RELIEF		PLANTM	IX DENSE G		ACE	Р	LANTMIX OP	EN GRADE	$\neg \frown$	COLD	RUBBLIZ-
	LENGTH		TYPE 3 (WET)	<u>(1)</u>		TYPE 2C	(WET)	<u>(1)</u>				2)(3)	MILLING	ATION
LOCATION				TONS				TONS		WIDTH				ΔΡΕΔ	
	STATIONS	FEET	INCH	PER STA	TONS	FEET	INCH	PER STA	TONS	FEET	INCH	PER STA	TONS	SQYD	SQYD
I-80 MAINLINE EASTBOUND															
RUBBLIZE	100.00														
"LE" 100+00.00 to "LE" 282+98.77	182.99	38.0 to 38.0	1.5	34.41	6297 124	38.0 to 38.0	5.00	116.01	21228	38.0 to 38.0	0.75	16.19	2962		1520.1
LE 202+90.77 l0 LE 203+03.40 "I E" 285+85.48 to "I E" 288+62.50	2.87	38.0 to 38.0	1.5	43.42 34.41	124 95	38.0 to 38.0	5.00 5.00	140.22	419 321	38.0 to 38.0	0.75	20.44	09 45		1529.1
"LE" 288+62.50 to "LE" 289+12.50	0.50	39.5 to 39.5	1.5	35.76	18	39.5 to 39.5	5.00	120.54	60	39.5 to 39.5	0.75	16.82	8		211.1
"LE" 289+12.50 to "LE" 298+20.00	9.08	41.0 to 41.0	1.5	37.11	337	41.0 to 41.0	5.00	125.07	1135	41.0 to 41.0	0.75	17.46	158		3831.7
"LE" 298+20.00 to "LE" 298+80.00	0.60	41.0 to 41.0	1.5	37.11	22	41.0 to 41.0	5.00	125.07	75	41.0 to 41.0	0.75	17.46	10		
"LE" 298+80.00 to "LE" 306+00.00	7.20	41.0 to 41.0	1.5	37.11	267	41.0 to 41.0	5.00	125.07	901	41.0 to 41.0	0.75	17.46	126		3040.0
"LE" 306+00.00 to "LE" 308+25.00	2.25	39.5 to 39.5	1.5	35.76	80	39.5 to 39.5	5.00	120.54	271	39.5 to 39.5	0.75	16.82	38		950.0
"LE" 308+25.00 to "LE" 310+32.28	2.07	38.0 to 38.0	1.5 1.5	34.41	/1 222	38.0 to 38.0	5.00	116.01	240	38.0 to 38.0	0.75	16.19	34 157		875.2
"LE 310+32.28 to LE 316+00.00 "LE" 318+00.00 to "LE" 388+70.00	7.00	38.0 to 38.0	1.5	43.42 34.41	2433	38.0 to 38.0	5.00	140.22	8202	38.0 to 38.0	0.75	20.44	1144		29851 1
	10.10	00.0 10 00.0	1.0	0	2100	00.0 10 00.0	0.00	110.01	0202	00.0 10 00.0	0.10	10.10			2000111
TRANSITIONS															
"XE" 671+46.68 to "XE" 674+21.68	2.75					38.0 to 38.0	2.00	46.28	127	38.0 to 38.0	0.75	16.19	45	1161	
"XE" 674+21.68 to "XE" 678+71.68	4.50	38.0 to 38.0	1.5	34.41	155	38.0 to 38.0	5.00	116.01	522	38.0 to 38.0	0.75	16.19	73	1900	
"LE" 388+70.00 to "LE" 393+20.00	4.50	38.0 to 38.0	1.5	34.41	155	38.0 to 38.0	5.00	116.01	522	38.0 to 38.0	0.75	16.19	73	1900	
LE 393+20.00 to LE 395+95.00	2.75					38.0 10 38.0	2.00	40.28	127	38.0 10 38.0	0.75	16.19	45	1101	
MOTE INTERCHANGE															
MILL & OVERLAY															
"R1" 10+11.01 to "R1" 14+62.00	4.51					21.3 to 21.3	2.00	26.09	118	21.3 to 21.3	0.75	9.07	41	1067	
(REMOVE CATTLE GUARD; SEE SHEET 3A)													_		
"R1" 14+72.00 to "R1" 15+43.84	0.72					21.3 to 21.3	2.00	26.09	19	21.3 to 21.3	0.75	9.07	7	170	
$^{\circ}R2^{\circ}$ 15+07.84 to $^{\circ}R2^{\circ}$ 16+33.00 (PEMOVE CATTLE GUARD: SEE SHEET 3A)	0.65					20.9 to 20.9	2.00	25.61	17	20.9 to 20.9	0.75	8.90	0	151	
"R2" 16+43.00 to "R2" 20+18.78	3.76					20.9 to 20.9	2.00	25.61	96	20.9 to 20.9	0.75	8.90	33	873	
"R3" 18+78.00 to "R3" 19+42.44	0.64					22.1 to 22.1	2.00	27.06	17	22.1 to 22.1	0.75	9.41	6	158	
"R4" 19+66.52 to "R4" 20+32.00	0.65					22.0 to 22.0	2.00	26.94	18	22.0 to 22.0	0.75	9.37	6	160	
"C" 3+00.00 to "C" 4+75.00	1.75					24.0 to 24.0	2.50	36.80	64	24.0 to 24.0	0.75	10.22	18	467	
"C" 4+75.00 to "C" 5+19.00	0.44					04.0 1. 04.0	0.50	00.00	75	20.0 to 20.0	1.00	11.36	5	98	
"C" 5+19.00 to "C" 7+22.00	2.03					24.0 to 24.0	2.50	36.80	75	24.0 to 24.0	0.75	10.22	21 5	541	
"C" 7+66.00 to "C" 9+26.00	1.60					24.0 to 24.0	2.50	36.80	59	24.0 to 24.0	0.75	10.22	16	427	
(CATTLE GUARD)	1100					2110 10 2110	2.00	00100	00	2110 10 2110	0.110	10.22	10		
"C" 9+34.00 to "C" 11+04.75	1.71					24.0 to 24.0	2.50	36.80	63	24.0 to 24.0	0.75	10.22	17	455	
	4.50	04.0 to 04.0	4 5	40.07	07	04.0 45 04.0	F 00		005	04.0 45 04.0	0.75	0.07	44	4005	
"R1" 2+80.01 to "R1" 7+30.01 "P1" 7+36.01 to "P1" 10+11.01	4.50 2.75	21.3 to 21.3	1.5	19.37	87	21.3 to 21.3	5.00 2.00	00.00 26.00	295 72	21.3 to 21.3	0.75	9.07	41 25	1065	
"R2" 20+18 78 to "R2" 22+93 78	2.75					20.9 to 20.9	2.00	25.61	72	20.9 to 20.9	0.75	9.07 8.90	23	639	
"R2" 22+93.78 to "R2" 27+43.78	4.50	20.9 to 20.9	1.5	19.01	86	20.9 to 20.9	5.00	64.34	290	20.9 to 20.9	0.75	8.90	40	1045	
				Total	10562										
SPANDRELS							2.00		1		0.75		4	10	
"C" 3+60.00 RT							2.00 2.00		1		0.75		1	12	
"C" 3+82.00 LT.							2.00		2		0.75		1	18	
"C" 3+82.00 RT.							2.00		2		0.75		1	18	
"C" 8+60.00 LT.							2.00		2		0.75		1	18	

2020 Plan Preparation Guide

				-							STATE	PROJECT NO.		COUNTY	SHEET NO.
										[NEVADA	STBG-NHPP-080-3(066)	ł	HUMBOLDT	3A
														-	
		BASE AGGREGATE (TYPE 1 CLASS B)					PLANTMIX DENSE GRADE SURFACE			Р	LANTMIX C SURI	PEN GRADE FACE			ATION
LOCATION		1' WIDENI WIDTH	NG (include	s 8% for mois	sture)		JDES ANGLE	E OF REPOS		WIDTH					
	STATIONS	FEET	INCH	PER STA	CUYD	FEET	INCH	PER STA	TONS	FEET	INCH	PER STA	TONS	SQYD	SQYD
MOTE INTERCHANGE CONTINUED															
"C" 8+60.00 RT. "C" 8+81.00 LT. "C" 8+81.00 RT.							2.00 2.00 2.00		2 1 1		0.75 0.75 0.75		1 1 1	18 12 12	
CATTLE GUARD PATCHING"R1"14+62.00to"R1"14+72.00"R2"16+33.00to"R2"16+43.00	0.10 0.10	21.30 to 21.30 20.90 to 20.90	30.25 30.25	198.87 195.13	20 20	21.3 to 21.3 20.9 to 20.9	5.00 5.00	65.55 64.34	7 6	21.3 to 21.3 20.9 to 20.9	0.75 0.75	9.07 8.90	1 1		
MEDIAN CROSSOVERS "LE" 279+50.00 RT. "LE" 322+25.00 RT.			4.25 4.25		89 89		3.00 3.00		125 125						
<u>BARRIER RAIL</u> (INCLUDES BASE AS SHOULDER MATERIAL AND FILL FOR ERODED AREAS)															
LEFT SIDE "LE" 288+62.50 to "LE" 298+39.00 "LE" 298+61.00 to "LE" 306+00.00	9.77 7.39		VARIES VARIES		248 171										
RIGHT SIDE"LE"289+12.50to"LE"298+39.00"LE"298+61.00to"LE"308+25.00	9.27 9.64		VARIES VARIES		263 280										
STRUCTURE LIST TOTAL					250										
				Total	1430			Total	36822			Total	5296	14308	122813.8

2020 Plan Preparation Guide

SUMMARY OF EARTHWORK

ROADWAY EXCAVATION	STRUCTURE EXCAVATION	EMBANKMENT	BORROW EMBANKMENT
CUYD	CUYD	CUYD	CUYD
00		27,142 13,398	27,142 13,398
00		14,669 5,839	14,669 5,839
76			
76			
00 340			
00 374			
	160.7		
48			
9.4			
924	160.7	61049	61049
BEEN DEEMED UN	ISUITABLE FOR I	USE AS EMBANK 7060 7,060	MENT SQYD SQYD
	ROADWAY EXCAVATION CUYD 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 76 76 76 00 340 00 374 48 9.4 924 BEEN DEEMED UN 7 00	ROADWAY EXCAVATION STRUCTURE EXCAVATION CUYD CUYD 00 CUYD 00 76 76 76 76 76 70 340 00 340 00 374 160.7 48 9.4 160.7 5 BEEN DEEMED UNSUITABLE FOR I 00 7 00 TOTAL:	ROADWAY EXCAVATION STRUCTURE EXCAVATION EMBANKMENT CUYD CUYD CUYD 00 27,142 13,398 00 14,669 5,839 00 340 14,669 00 340 9,4 160.7 48 9,4 924 160.7 61049 S BEEN DEEMED UNSUITABLE FOR USE AS EMBANK 7060 00 7060 7060

6

				STATE	PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	SF
	(8		NEVADA	STBG-NHPP-080-3(066)	HUMBOLDT	
		SUMI	MARY		D MILLINGS		
AILLINGS (GENERATED					1,504 TONS	
	MILLINGS USE	D FOR SHO	OULDERIN	IG MATERIA	AL TOTAL:	1,504 TONS	
	MILLINGS TO	BE DISPOSI	ED		TOTAL:	0 TONS	
% MISCEL	LANEOUS COLD	MILLING			TOTAL:	715 SQYD	
	Sl		OF SF	IOULDE			
HOULDER	RING MATERIAL (36.25 TONS	PER STA	TION PER S	<u>SIDE)</u>		
"XF"	674+21.68	to	"XF"	<u>75</u> 678±71	₆₈ \ (9)	326 TONS	
"I F"	388+70.00	to	"I F"	393+20		326 TONS	
"R1"	02+86 01	to	"R1"	07126 ()1	326 TONS	
"R2"	22+93 78	to	"R2"	27+43 27	78	326 TONS	
114	MEDIAN CROS	SOVERS	114	21 THU.		020 10100	
"I F"	279+50 00					152 TONS	
"LE"	322+25.00					152 TONS	
					TOTAL	1,608 TONS	
						.,	
HOULDER	RING MATERIAL (<u>16.25 TONS</u>	PER STA	TION PER S	<u>SIDE)</u>		
	LEFT AND RIG	HT SIDE					
"C"	03+00.00	to	"C"	04+75.0	00	57 TONS	
"C"	05+19.00	to	"C"	07+22.0	00	56 TONS	
"C"	07+66.00	to	"C"	09+26.0	00	57 TONS	
"C"	09+34.00	to	"C"	11+04.7	75	58 TONS	
					TOTAL:	226 TONS	
HOULDER	LEET AND RIG	<u>13.75 TONS</u>	PER STA	TION PER S	<u>SIDE)</u>		
"VE"	<u>EFT AND RIG</u>	to	"VE"	674.01	60	76 TONS	
	07 1+40.00	to		074+21.	00		
	393+20.00	10		395+95.	00	76 TONS	
КТ "D4"	07+30.01	to	Γ.1 "□4"	10+11.0			
КТ "D4"	10+11.01	to	К I "D 4 "	14+02.0			
КТ "DO"	14+72.00	to	KT "DO"	15+43.8	04 70	ZU TUNS	
KZ"	20+18.78	10 to	ΚΖ ^{΄΄}	22+93.	0	10 TONS	
"K2"	15+67.84	10 10	"R2"	16+33.0	JU 70	18 TONS	
"R2"	16+43.00	to	"R2"	20+18.7	(ð	103 TONS	
"R3"	18+/8.00	to	"R3"	19+42.4	14	18 TONS	
"K4"	19+66.52	tO	"K4"	20+32.0	JU	18 TONS	
					TOTAL:	603 TONS	
	ING MATERIAL (ER STATIC		E)		
	<u>I-80</u> MAINLINE	LEFT SIDE			=4		
"LE"	100+00.00	to	"LE"	288+62.	50	1,886 TONS	
"LE"	306+00.00	to	"LE"	388+70	00	827 TONS	
	I-80 MAINLINE	RIGHT SIDI					
"LE"	100+00.00	to	_ "LE"	282+98.	77	1,830 TONS	
"LE"	318+00.00	to	"LE"	388+70	00	707 TONS	
					TOTAL:	5,250 TONS	
						,	
	ISED FOR SHOU	LDERING M	ATERIAI		MINUS	1.504 TONS	
IILLINGS (.,	

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	I



STATE	PROJECT NO.		COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
NEVADA	STBG-NHPP-080-3(06	6)	HUMBOLDT	3C				
OB								
			6					
		TOTAL:	6					
	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.							
		5.25	%					
		5.75	%					
		6.75	%					
		1 50	97					
		1.50	70					
		2 62						
		2102						
		0.10	gal/yd²					
		0.07	gal/yd ²					
		0.06	gal/yd²					
		0.12	gal/yd²					
		0.28	gal/yd²					
		0.28	gal/yd²					
	5	ee Q.P.L.						
		137 10	lbe/ft ³					
		107.10	105/11					
		1.690	ton/vd ³					
		1.760	ton/vd ³					
		1.958	ton/yd ³					
		1.945	ton/yd ³					
		1.840	ton/yd ³					
		241.00	gal/ton					

PG 64-28NV R PG 64-28NVTR	MINERAL FILLER
TONS	TONS
1,935	553
357	79
737	192
3,030	830

Lane Abbreviations: Cntr Trn = Center Turn Lane Location Abbreviations: Gutter Pan =GP, Right/Left /Between Wheel Path=RWP/LWP/BWP Centerline=CL, EastBound=EB, WestBound=WB, NorthBound=NB, SouthBound=SB Core Abbreviations: Gutter Pan =GP, Stripped=Strp, Delaminated=Delm, Broke=Brk, Bottom=BTM, Roadmix=RM, Roadbed Modification=RBM, Plantmix Bituminous Surface=PBS, Cement Treated Base=CTB, Light=LT, Medium=MED, Heavy=HVY



MATERIALS DIVISION CORE DATA SHEET

Limits listed are in County Cummulative Miles

PRELIMINARY

Subject to Revision 01/03/2020

Coro	County	Distance			Lano			Total	PBS	Core	
No	Cum.	to CL	Side	Direction	No		Location Remarks	Depth	Depth	Size	Core
NO.	Mile	(ft)			NO			(in)	(in)	(in)	
1	37.994	9.00	RT	NB	Lane 2	RWP		7.63	7.63	4	BRK FM TOP TO 0.75" / FABRIC @ 3.00" / MED \$
2	41.074	21.00	RT	NB	Lane 3	RWP		9.38	9.38	4	
3	42.049	21.00	RT	NB	Lane 3	RWP		7.13	0.00	4	PCCP PAVEMENT
4	43.103	21.00	RT	NB	Lane 3	RWP		8.88	0.00	4	PCCP PAVEMENT
5	44.139	21.00	RT	NB	Lane 3	RWP		8.00	8.00	4	
6	46.990	21.00	RT	NB	Lane 3	RWP		9.13	9.13	4	
7	45.660	21.00	LT	SB	Lane 3	RWP		8.88	8.88	4	
8	43.135	21.00	LT	SB	Lane 3	RWP		7.88	0.00	4	PCCP PAVEMENT
9	42.165	21.00	LT	SB	Lane 3	RWP		13.50	8.25	4	DELM @ 8.25" / BASE FM 8.25" TO BTM
10	42.078	21.00	LT	SB	Lane 3	RWP		7.25	0.00	4	PCCP PAVEMENT / CRACK FM TOP TO 1.75"
11	39.525	21.00	LT	SB	Lane 3	RWP		13.50	8.75	4	DELM @ 8.75" / BASE FM 8.75" TO BTM

Notes: SR589, SAHARA AVENUE, AT THE JUNCTION WITH NELLIS BLVD

	SR 589 CL	31.429	to	31.494		Date: 8/17/2010		-		
1	31.429	3.00	LT	EB	Lt Turn	RWP	6.75	6.75	4	
2	31.434	7.00	RT	EB	Lt Turn	RWP	7.25	7.25	4	
3	31.438	17.00	RT	EB	Lane 1	RWP	6.50	6.50	4	
4	31.443	27.00	RT	EB	Lane 2	RWP	6.75	6.75	4	
5	31.448	37.00	RT	EB	Lane 3	RWP	7.63	7.63	4	RUBBER MATERIAL FM 1.00" TO 2.25" / COPPE
6	31.460	17.00	RT	EB	Lane 1	RWP / INTERSECTION	5.25	0.00	4	PCCP
7	31.463	27.00	RT	EB	Lane 2	RWP / INTERSECTION	8.00	0.00	4	PCCP
8	31.466	37.00	RT	EB	Lane 3	RWP / INTERSECTION	7.38	0.00	4	PCCP / CRACKED FM TOP TO BTM
9	31.475	17.00	RT	EB	Lane 1	RWP	7.38	7.38	4	
10	31.480	27.00	RT	EB	Lane 2	RWP	6.50	6.50	4	
11	31.485	37.00	RT	EB	Lane 3	RWP	8.25	8.25	4	
12	31.494	3.00	RT	WB	Lt Turn	RWP	7.00	7.00	4	
13	31.490	7.00	LT	WB	Lt Turn	RWP	7.38	7.38	4	
14	31.485	17.00	LT	WB	Lane 1	RWP	6.75	6.75	4	
15	31.480	27.00	LT	WB	Lane 2	RWP	7.38	7.38	4	
16	31.475	37.00	LT	WB	Lane 3	RWP	7.25	7.25	4	
17	31.468	17.00	LT	WB	Lane 1	RWP / INTERSECTION	7.50	0.00	4	PCCP
18	31.463	27.00	LT	WB	Lane 2	RWP / INTERSECTION	8.88	0.00	4	PCCP
19	31.458	37.00	LT	WB	Lane 3	RWP / INTERSECTION	8.88	0.00	4	PCCP
20	31.448	17.00	LT	WB	Lane 1	RWP	7.13	7.13	4	
21	31.443	27.00	LT	WB	Lane 2	RWP	7.25	7.25	4	
22	31.434	37.00	LT	WB	Lane 3	RWP	7.63	7.63	4	

STATE	PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	SHEET
EVADA	SPSR-0612(001)	CLARK	3AQ
	SP-000M(181)		
Conditio	n		
RP FM 3	3.00" TO 5.13" / CRACK	KIN CORE FM 5.13	ТО
			_
			_
			_
	VI 2 00" TO 2 25"		_
	10 2.20		
			_
			_
			—

5.0 Roadway Plans.

General. The purpose of the plan and profile sheets is to convey information necessary to locate and construct the contract's road design elements.

Roadway Plan Guidelines. The use of full plan and profile sheets is generally used for new construction, interchanges, or widening projects. Full plan and profile sheets are where the entire sheet is dedicated to a plan view or profile view. Arrange these sheets so all plan sheets are shown first followed by the profile sheets.

In some cases it may be acceptable to use split plan sheets when less detail is required. These are typically used on simple overlay projects with straight alignments or projects in rural areas that have minimal construction notes. A split plan view is where the sheet is divided with a solid black line lengthwise and contains a plan view on the top and on the bottom.

A combined plan and profile sheet can be used when determined appropriate. These sheets are divided with a plan view on the top and the profile view on the bottom. Where mainline profiles appear on combined plan and profile sheets, full profile sheets shall be used to show profiles of supplemental alignments, such as frontage roads, crossroads, ramps, drainage features, and other roads which cannot be added conveniently to the profile portion of the combined plan and profile sheet.

Each sheet should be arranged such that major construction features appear on one sheet; for example the major portion of an interchange should appear on one sheet. Diagonal placement is satisfactory to obtain better coverage, although this may necessitate breaks in the profile. Match lines should be used to retain accuracy and clarity.

Plan sheets are to be oriented so that stationing progresses from left to right. When stationing runs in the opposite direction from the mileposts, the plans should read in the direction of the stationing.

Sheet layout maps may be used to show sheet layout within the contract. This is used when the plans sheets do not progress in order or when there are several overlapping sheets.

Existing features such as edge of pavement, culverts, right of way, section lines, curve data, and utilities shall be shown in green. New improvements such as roadway widening, cut and fill lines, plan notes, culvert extensions, limits of miscellaneous paving, etc. shall be shown in black. Overlays do not constitute black lines for edge of oil.

Selection of a scale should be adequate to show all the necessary details as governed by the topography and the complexity of the work. Generally, the plan views should be printed to a scale of one-inch equals 100 feet (1" = 100'), although certain cases may require a larger or smaller scale. Profile views should be drawn to the same horizontal scale as the plan view with the vertical scale exaggerated ten times, but may be adjusted to adequately show other features, such as drainage, bridge footings, etc.

Plan sheets shall appear in the following order: mainlines, ramps, cross roads, frontage roads, other roads, bicycle/pedestrian paths, and then detours.

In the absence of location control sheets, the "Bearing Source" must be shown on the first plan sheet in the upper left-hand corner.

Indicate whether the bearing source is from an aerial survey, solar or polaris observations, geodetic azimuth, from other surveys or assumed bearings. If the bearing source changes from one sheet to the other, the new bearing source must be shown on the affected plan sheet.

Show and label boundaries including parks, forests, recreation areas, historic districts, military zones, tribal lands, incorporated townships, counties and states, cities and towns.

The use of control lines for any bikeways, walkways or drainage shall be shown with the appropriate station ties. These are normally office-generated alignments that are tied to a surveyed mainline alignment.

Only features that affect bidding, construction, maintenance, and are essential for field orientation of the plan should be shown. Topography should be confined to that portion within the right-of-way and a small portion outside of those limits as needed for clarity, such as side streets, approaches, parking lots, etc.

Common features that are shown include: buildings, roads, streets, railroads, rivers, streams, utilities, signs, trees, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, etc. In the event that relocation or disposition of these items is included in the project, the plan should show the present and proposed location. Include both horizontal and vertical position and additional details as may be needed to indicate the scope of the work to be performed.

Avoid the practice of using cross-hatching, patterning, or shading to highlight large areas to represent roadway surfaces to be paved, milled or otherwise; the typical cross sections adequately address these improvements. The highlighting of large areas only hides, or detracts, from the rest of the information being displayed on the sheet. Area highlighting should be reserved for small or isolated areas of work that may get lost if not displayed in this manner.

Utilities to be adjusted during construction by either removal or relocation should be annotated and located on the plans.

Plan sheets can become cluttered from the amount of information presented. In such cases, it is beneficial to present some information elsewhere, such as note sheets, removal sheets, geometric sheets, and special details.

In special situations, as built plans may be incorporated into the contract plans as reference sheets. An example where this would apply is when removing certain items such as concrete structures, complex drainage features, or large foundations that are not depicted in the plans with adequate details. This information assists prospective bidders in determining the costs of removals and helps the Resident Engineer verify removal quantities. Each sheet of the original project plans must be identified as "As Built."

Items that are generally labeled and dimensioned on the plans are items that do not have a construction note or are not adequately covered with a legend. Examples of these items are flat bottom ditches, flow lines, existing curb and gutter, edge of pavement, right of way lines, back of sidewalk, etc. Items that do not need to be labeled and dimensioned are items that are adequately described in construction notes such as headwalls, fence, mailboxes, riprap, pull boxes, loops, guardrail, etc.

Roadway Plan Particulars. Specific information for components on the plan sheet as follows:

1) Alignments shall be shown on each plan sheet with an arrow and alignment identity pointing to each alignment ("P", "VE", etc). On divided highways where independent centerlines are used, the centerline separation distances are to be dimensioned. Frontage roads, ramps, detours, and other roads should have independent alignments with curve data. Alignments from construction limits to project limits are to be shown as a dashed black line. Alignments outside of construction limits are to be shown as green. Check alignments that are used in the plan sheets to ensure they match the location control.

2) Alignment tie points shall be shown on the plans as follows: The designation and station for secondary alignments, such as ramps and crossroads, are listed first. The mainline designation, station and offset information are listed next. The distance (left or right) is referenced from mainline looking ahead on line.

3) Angle points are to be identified and labeled with their respective stationing and a leader extending to the pertinent alignment. The angle of deflection is to be noted.

5.0 Roadway Plans (Continued).

4) Approaches receiving pavement should have the appropriate radius with an arrow pointing to the spandrel area unless this information is covered in the plans as a detail or if they are covered in the standard plans.

5) *Bearings* are to be shown on all tangent sections along the alignment. Alignment information along tangents is to include bearing and tangent length, and is shown on each plan sheet.

6) Bearing equations are to be shown where there is a change in alignment heading. Equations are to include the pertinent line designations and information such as P.T., P.O.T., P.C., P.O.C.

7) Bridges (including boxes 10'and greater in span) shall be identified with a flag pointing to the structure and is to include their respective structure numbers and mileposts. The Structures Division assigns the structure number and the mileposts are designated in the milepost index.

8) Construction notes are to be placed on the plans in the order of stationing. They should be arranged in columns when possible rather than scattered randomly over the plans. The plan notes shall match the notes on the structure list and should reference to other sheet numbers, such as special detail sheets, removal sheets, etc. Orient construction notes left or right of the alignment according to the call out of the note. On especially difficult and crowded situations, a note sheet can follow the plan sheet with the corresponding numbered notes. If it is determined to use note sheets, utilize a number schematic to correlate the note to the plan sheet. Number each note starting with number 1 on each page. Show a numbered leader with the corresponding work on each page. These sheets would be labeled 4A, 5A, etc. For construction note terminology see Section 21 Structure Lists.

9) Control of access shall be shown on the plans in order to provide details to access openings and locked gates. New control of access shall be shown with the appropriate station/offset for openings and where it begins and ends. It is not necessary to show control of access on other sheets such as striping, traffic control, etc.

10 *Culverts* that exist in the field are to be labeled with their respective diameter and length. New pipes or pipe extensions do not need to be labeled when a construction note adequately describes the location, size, and skew of the new pipe. Drainage structures with a span 10' and greater, shall be identified with the appropriate structure number. The Bridge Division assigns the structure numbers to culverts. Span of the culvert is measured along the roadway centerline.

11) *Curb and gutter* should be labeled with the appropriate type. When calling out new curb and gutter in the construction notes, the offset dimension is measured to the flow line (see Standard Plans). However, when providing dimensions for curb and gutter in the typical sections, dimension from the control line to the lip of gutter to ensure the widths match the typicals and summary sheets.

12) *Curb ramps* are to be labeled on the plans with the respective type noted. Station/offset dimensions are located at the flow line of the curb, centered within the ramp.

13) *Curve data* shall contain delta, radius, length, and tangent information. Curve data shall include the alignment designation directly above the list of data. Curve data is to be placed on the inside of the curve. Partial alignment data such as "Curve used" needs to be calculated and shown in the plans if this information is not available on the location control sheets.

14) Cut and fill lines are to be shown to represent the location where they intersect original ground.

15) *Ditches and channels* are to be shown as a dashed line and labeled with their respective size unless they are adequately depicted on the typical sections. Typically large drainage ditches, such as flat bottom

ditches that does not follow the roadway, may require a separate alignment or station/offset information on the plans.

16) *Ditch notes* may be shown in the plan view if there are no profile sheets in the set of plans. This is usually the case where widening of an existing roadway is done without a change in profile grade. The ditch notes would appear in the lower portion of the plans and have stationing where the ditch section changes.

17) Edge of Pavement should be annotated with a station/offset where the pavement width varies from the alignment. This would be applied predominately on new construction or widening projects. On basic overlays existing edge of pavement would not necessarily need to be annotated with a station/offset unless it clarifies removals or paving limits.

18) Environmental areas such as cultural avoidance areas or regulated wetland areas shall be outlined if within the limits of construction. Areas that can be adequately described in the Special Provisions do not need to be shown.

19) *Exception areas* are where no work is to be performed. This is usually on bridge decks that do not need any surfacing or repairs. These areas are to have a leader pointing to the alignment along with the stationing depicting these areas of "Begin Exception" or "End Exception."

20) *Islands* are to be shown on the plans. However, the geometric sheets depict detailed information such as curve data, bearings, offsets, etc. When modifying islands, show the appropriate station/offset to the connection points where the new meets the existing.

21) *Insets* can be used to show greater level of detail that cannot otherwise be seen with the scale used on the plan sheet.

22) Legends shall be placed in the upper left corner of the plan sheet when practical. Some examples of these would be plantmixing miscellaneous areas, limits of paving, and removal of bituminous surface. When a structure note identifies what is to be constructed such as shoulder dike, barrier rail, guardrail, riprap, etc, these do not necessarily need legends.

23) *Match lines* are to be used when a section of the view is included on a separate sheet. Include sheet number when referencing a different sheet (e.g. Match line "A" See sheet B-5).

24) *Milepost panels* (county posts not cumulative miles) shall be shown on the plan sheets in green. These shall be relative to the line of stationing and be annotated with the panel number. The purpose of this indication is to facilitate the correlation of mile-posted data, such as district permits, with the project plans and also to provide a means of relating the plan elements to the milepost panels during field reviews.

25) *North arrow* must always be shown on each plan sheet and is generally located near the top of the sheet. The arrow should include a notation indicating the township and range and section, unless this information is readily identified elsewhere on the sheet.

26) *Permission to construct* is additional area necessary for constructing approaches, placing signs, striping, or traffic control outside of right of way. The limits of these areas are to be dimensioned from alignment with station offsets. A dashed line outlining the perimeter of the area is shown in black and labeled "Permission to construct." Consult the Right of Way Division for the use of permission to construct versus the use of temporary easements.

27) *Project Number and county* need to be shown in the upper right corner and placed in the appropriate designated boxes.

5.0 Roadway Plans (Continued).

28) *Project construction limits* shall be shown on the plans with the appropriate stationing. Begin/end construction is for incidental work that is being performed beyond the project limits, such as additional striping, permanent signing, and pavement transitions. If the construction limits are the same as project limits, there is no need to define Begin/End construction on the plans. Traffic control devices do not need "Begin Construction" and "End Construction."

29) *Right-of-way lines* shall be shown on the plans with respective distances from the alignment. Dimension right of way when no right of way sheets are provided. The dimensions are indicated on the left and right extremities of each plan sheet. Right-of-way shall be indicated in a manner that clearly defines its relationship to the control of access and fencing. Where right of way acquisitions are done in advance of the contract, the Right of Way Division will provide right of way sheets with detailed information as to permanent and temporary easements, with all applicable information such as bearings, distances, and offsets. The new right of way lines shall be shown on the plan sheets in green. Roadways with prescriptive rights will generally not show any right of way lines, but shall include the following note: AREAS OF R/W NOT DELINEATED ARE PRESCRIPTIVE RIGHTS ONLY AND ARE LIMITED TO NDOT MAINTAINED AREA OF THE HIGHWAY AND APPURTENANCES SUCH AS SLOPES AND DITCHES. CONTACT LOCAL NDOT MAINTENANCE FORCES FOR LIMITS.

30) Sections are to depict a cross section view or a greater level of detail that cannot be obtained on the plans. Normally the section view is displayed on the same sheet with a border around it to display it as a detail.

31) Section lines, township, range, sections, ¼ sections, section corners, and existing right-of-way must be shown and identified. This information will be shown with the north arrow if it does not appear elsewhere on the plan sheet. Sixteenth (1/16) section lines must be shown when they represent a boundary line of a city, town, national forest, game reserve, military reservation, property line, or when they represent a change in right of way. Coordinate the section net with the Right of Way Division when there are right of way acquisitions on the project.

32) Sheet numbering starts with the number 4 and shall be continued with whole numbers. Alpha numeric numbers should not be used on plan or profile views, such as 5A, 6A, etc., unless note sheets are used (See construction notes).

33) Sound walls are to be shown with the appropriate station and offset at each end. The offset distance is measured to the center of the wall.

34) Stationing, including equations, shall be shown as reading from left to right. Station ticks will be at 100' intervals with every 500' station having the corresponding station label. If linear equations are present, the designer should use "gap" equations and not "overlap" equations. Overlap equations cause confusion because of the duplication of stationing caused by the overlap. To convert an overlap equation to a gap equation a prefix such as "10" can be added to the ahead station (e.g. 5+00 would become 105+00), or by increasing the first digit of the ahead station by one (e.g. 110+00 would become 210+00). Alignment changes must be made in cooperation with the location engineer and coordinated with the other engineering divisions. Main alignments used for construction shall be shown in black with any alignments used as general references shown in green.

35) *Utilities* shall always be shown. Where the location of the utility must be accurate, conflicts are anticipated, or relocations may be necessary, a task order is prepared to have the utilities designated and potholed as required. As an option for clarity, existing utilities may be shown in multiple colors and on separate utility sheets if necessary.






Nevada Department of Transportation Roadway Design Division





	STATE	PROJE	CT NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
	NEVADA	SPG-39	5-2(19)	DOUGLAS	8
				· <u>32</u>	
X I I, DEF	ISTING LT: I R APPRO AS DIRE	36″X 30′CMP UI NSTALL NEW 57″ ACH. BUILD UP CTED BY THE ENG	NDER EXISTING & 38″ X 36′ APPROACH OVER INEER•		
ΡĒ	2 APPR	OACH (W=24', R=	25′), LT.		
E> (C4 5 F	(ISTING VATED • B• D	F. B. DITCH LT MATERIAL ON EAS ITCH. (RENT EQ	., AND T SIDE OF JIPMENT).		
X 1	ISTING INSTA IION. 6" BEL	12" X 20' CMP U LL NEW 18" X 20 PLACE NEW INLET OW EXISTING.	NDER EXISTING 'CMP AT INVERT		
	- EX.	TRA SMALL TEXT	EXTRA SMALL TEXT —	EXTRA SMALL TEXT	
ΕΧ 2.0'	F.B. DITCI		''x20' C.M.P.	TYPE 3 CURB E.O.P.	001
				775 (14)	
= 1	-770-	10 D.I.		TYPE 8 C&G E.O.P.	, ă
-4			24''x54' C.M.P.	R	/ W/
(4-		SMALL TEXT		
E	2 APPR	DACH (W=24', R=2	5'), RT.		
I X	STING SLAND.	ISLAND CURB AND (SEE SHEET NO.	PORTÍON OF 2C & 16)		
T E T	NEW MED No. 20	DIAN ISLAND. C & 16)			
OR SL TE TC PP ER B	TION OF AND RT. EL GRAT HES NEV ROX, 4' TO MAT Y THE E	EXISTING DROP AS NECESSARY. IE. ADJUST DROP W DENSE GRADED E "). TRANSITION ICH ADJUSTED DRO ENGINEER. (SEE S	INLET IN SALVAGE AND INLET SO LEVATION TYPE 8 CURB P INLET AS HEET NO. 16)		
X I I (STING SLAND. SEE SHE	ISLAND CURB AND Construct new Eet no. 2c & 16)	PORTION OF Median		
OR SL TE TC PP ER B	TION OF AND RT. EL GRAI HES NEV ROX. 4' TO MAI Y THE E	EXISTING DROP AS NECESSARY. IE. ADJUST DROP W DENSE GRADED E "). TRANSITION TCH ADJUSTED DRO ENGINEER.(SEE SH	INLET IN SALVAGE AND INLET SO LEVATION TYPE 8 CURB P INLET AS EET NO. 16)		
		NOTE	ALL LINE WEIGHTS A	RE WT=2 UNLESS OTHERWISE N	OTED.
		NOTE:	ALL IMPORTED TEXT ASCII FILE AND IMP	DIUM SIZED TEXT, WT=2. SHALL BE CREATED IN AN ORTED INTO MICROSTATION.	
		NOTE:	ALL DIMENSION CALL	INPORTING.	
		C	SHALL BE DRAWN AT TEXT WIDTH RATIO. - DENOTES CELLS HA	A 1.5:0.5 TEXT HEIGHT TO	
		() T	- DENOTES A CUSTOM - DENOTES A TAG EX BY PROJECTWISE A	I LINESTYLE HAS BEEN USED. ISTS, POPULATED ITTRIBUTES.	









2020 PLAN PREPARATION GUIDE

6.0 Profiles.

General. Profile sheets include information relating to the vertical disposition of the alignment described in detail below. Profile sheets may contain information such as ditch notes, earthwork notes, and superelevation transition diagrams. The profile view shall contain information of the original ground as it relates to the alignment. The alignment designation should be identified on each profile sheet in a block near the bottom of the sheet.

In the profile view, it is best that the original ground line extends a few stations beyond the beginning and end of the project. Situate the view in such a fashion so extending the ground line does not add additional sheets. Future grade lines are to be labeled and shown as short dashed lines. Other grade lines, such as ditches, gutters, and pipes are to be shown with distinctive symbols and labeled accordingly.

Roadway profiles are required only when there is a change in the vertical alignment of the roadway under construction. If only a section of the vertical alignment is changed, a profile is required only for that particular area.

On split plan and profile sheets, the station limits within the grid is to match the station limits shown on the corresponding plan view.

Full profile sheets are used to show the profile and profile data of supplemental layout lines, such as frontage roads, crossroads, ramps, ditches, drainage changes, and other roads that cannot be added conveniently to the split plan and profile sheets. Full profile sheets may be used for the mainline profile where a full sheet is needed for the plan layout.

Profile sheets are to be oriented so that stationing progresses from left to right. Where profiles are stacked on a full profile sheet, they are to be arranged so that the stationing progresses from the top of the sheet to the bottom of the sheet.

Names of all major intersected streets, railroads, grade separation structures, streams, etc., are to be labeled along the profile.

Location. The profile of the proposed Section of Improvement shall be shown as it relates to the finished grade. A note in the bridge sheets should also indicate that profile was established from the finished grade as described above. This point should be located as follows:

- Two-lane highways: the profile grade point should be at the normal center of the roadway.
- Divided highways: the profile grade point should be as indicated on the project typical sections.
- The profile grade for ramps (where the ramp is under the control of the mainline grade and cross slope) shall be shown as a broken line and annotated accordingly.

The following information will be shown for all vertical alignments:

- The vertical point of intersection (VPI) of the gradients shall show the elevations. A plus station shall be shown when the VPI occurs between stations (e.g. +97.25).
- Gradients between vertical curves (shown as a percentage and carried out two decimal places).
- Length of each vertical curve. When the gradient rate of change does not require a vertical curve it should be stated "No V.C." in lieu of the length of vertical curve.
- Special ditch grades running parallel to the roadway profile that cannot adequately be shown in the typicals or plans.

Profile Particulars. Specific information for components on the profile sheet as follows:

1P) Bridge structures and their respective structure number shall be shown including the approach slabs, abutments, piers, bottom of deck, and footings, along with the features associated with the crossing such as the top of cross roads, railroads, and bikeways. Show the high water limits of a river crossing. Bridge rails and safety fences are not to be shown. Limits of selected borrow shall be shown and labeled.

2P) Culverts must be shown on the profile sheets at the flow line elevation as it relates to centerline. Show all new and existing culverts on the profiles. Culverts and reinforced concrete boxes (R.C.B.) are shown to scale horizontally, but exaggerated vertically according to the profile.

3P) *Ditch notes* are to be shown directly above the top grid line of the profile. The cut and fill slopes are to be synchronized to the profile grade stationing. Cut and fill slopes are to be expressed as horizontal to vertical (e.g. 7:1). Use a decimal form for slopes that are not whole numbers (e.g. 3.5:1, 6.5:1, etc.). Do not include "H" or "V" in the labels shown on the plans. Special slope treatments such as benching shall be adequately described and associated to the applicable ditch note. The graph shall only address the slope configurations from the hinge point (usually this point is 1 foot from the edge of pavement) outward to the catch point. Changes in slope ratio should be transitioned a minimum distance along the edge of the road 50 feet for every unit change in ratio. For example, a 200-foot transition length would be required to change from a 2:1 fill slope to a 6:1 fill slope.

4P) Entry and exit elevations are to be shown when there is no entry or exit gradients provided. An example would be when a project begins on a vertical curve; the entry elevation and station would be noted.

5P) Match existing profile/cross-slope is to be indicated on the profiles when applicable. The alignment is to be dashed and noted "Match Existing Profile" with arrows extending to the limits.

6P) Profile elevation shift is used to break the profile to show elements such as pipes in deep fill that would otherwise not be seen. Other examples of profile shifts are on long steep grades where the profile would go beyond the limits of the profile grid; the profile would be broke and shifted in order to show the information on the same sheet.

7P) Project construction limits shall be shown on the profiles with the appropriate stationing.

8P) Sheet numbering for the profile sheets shall be whole numbers following the plan sheets.

9P) Station equations may control arrangement and coverage. Overlap equations shall be plotted in such a way as to permit a gap or space between the back and forward stations.

10P) Super-elevation transition diagram is a graphic plot of the roadway backbone or shoulders that rotate about the alignment. Stationing, super-elevation in percent, and axis of rotation are to be noted. Label the respective shoulders (LT or RT).



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7.0 Grading Plan.

General. Grading plans show the configuration of embankments and excavations when these items are variable, warped, or complex.

Other examples of grading plans are blending the paving of opposing cross slopes at intersections, contour fills or cuts, special drainage basins, etc. Grading plans are only used when the plans cannot adequately convey this information through the use of ditch notes, slope catch point lines, super-elevation diagrams, etc.

Grading Plan Guidelines. On large complex projects, contour grading shall be shown on separate sheets. Contour grading, when minimal, may be shown on plan sheets where the addition of the contour grading does not clutter or confuse the plan sheet.

A grading plan must show all completed grading elements for the subject area including any work for constructing traffic barriers, traffic control devices, drainage, landscaping, pioneering or maintenance roads, and structures.

Work with the Hydraulics Engineer to ensure all grading is compatible with drainage designs.

Place the following note on each contour-grading sheet: "Grading plan is accurate for contouring work only."

Grading Plan Particulars. Specific information for components on the grading plans as follows:

1) Existing contours shall appear in green and the proposed contours shall be shown as solid black lines. Show contour elevations in 1-foot intervals with every two-foot interval with a heavier solid black line with the appropriate elevation. Centerline, stationing, edge of oil, north arrow, right of way, etc., should also be included in the plan for reference. Do not allow existing contours to overlap over the proposed surface contours. Use the same scale and contour intervals for both existing and proposed surfaces.

2) Sheet numbering for the grading sheets shall be whole numbers following the plan and profile sheets.



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	DEPARTMENT	OF TRANSPORTATION	
	GRAD	ING PLAN	
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8.0 Geometrics and Elevation Control.

General. Geometric and elevation control sheets provides detail that cannot be adequately shown on the plans sheets. New interchanges, intersections, islands, curb, gutter, and sidewalk usually require geometric sheets in order to clearly show this information without cluttering the plan sheets.

Geometrics and Elevation Control Guidelines. The location control lines shall be shown with the appropriate line designation. Show only existing infrastructure or topography that is needed to show relationship to the proposed improvements.

Dimension all features with station/offsets where they change in relation to the control line. Display bearings and distances along with curve data. See Standard Plans for referencing dimension offset to the various types of curb and gutter. Identify the type of curb and gutter to be modified or constructed.

For control at flow lines, such as curb and gutter, flat bottom ditches, etc., the information should include the station/offset and elevation. Normally, control for curb and gutter should be displayed every 25 feet. When depicting control for curb and gutter, avoid developing elevations that constructs random slopes between a series of control points. It is best to maintain a constant slope on a given length of curb and gutter.

Accuracy is to be shown to one hundredth of a foot (e.g. +97.30, 23.56' RT) for stationing, offsets and elevations.

Geometrics and Elevation Control Particulars.

1) Curve data shall contain delta, radius, length, and tangent information respectively. Curve information is usually shown with an alpha or numeric numbering system pointing to the appropriate curve. A corresponding table with the alpha or number character is included with the pertinent curve information.

2) Sheet numbering for the geometric sheets shall be whole numbers following the plan, profile, and grading sheets.

3) *Tangent information* shall contain bearing and distance. Bearing information is to include the heading and the distance is to be carried out two decimal places (N29^14'26"E 3536.94') (Note: the ^ symbol translates to the degree sign in Microstation).







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9.0 Location Control.

General. The location control sheet establishes the relationship of the project geometrics to the land in accordance with standard industry practices and state and local laws and regulations.

Location Control Guidelines. The Location Division, in cooperation with the designer, is responsible for producing the location control sheets. The designer is responsible for ensuring that location control is included in the final contract documents for all projects. Any new alignments developed by the designer, and to be adopted in the field, are to be coordinated with the Location Division.

The layout of the location control sheets shall be as established by the Location Engineer.

The Location Division will provide the designer with a mathematic definition of the existing project control line that has been adjusted to current datum and within modern levels of precision.

The information normally contains a description of the basis of bearing, a listing of monuments near the project site and a mathematic definition of the primary project alignments. The location control may constitute a retrace of existing alignments, new alignments or a combination of both.

Location Control Particulars. Specific information for components on the location control are as follows:

1) Angle point for a given tangent must show the angle of deflection.

2) Bearings for a given tangent showing heading and distance.

3) Bearing source is provided by the Location Division. Further information can be found in the NDOT "Special Instructions for Survey, Mapping for GIS Consultants," Current Edition.

4) Cadastral table is provided by the Location Division. Further information can be found in the NDOT "Special Instructions for Survey, Mapping for GIS Consultants," Current Edition.

5) Center of Curvature is the center of the circular segment.

6) Construction control table is provided by the Location Division. Further information can be found in the NDOT "Special Instructions for Survey, Mapping for GIS Consultants," Current Edition.

7) Project number and county need to be shown in the upper right corner and placed in the appropriate designated boxes.

8) Delta or intersection angle or degree of curvature is the angle between semi-tangents of a curve or also segment of a circle subtended by a curve.

9) Easting coordinates are calculated by the Location Division.

10) Length of curve is the length of curve from P.C. to P.T.

- 11) LPN is the Location Project Number and is assigned by the Location Division.
- 12) Northing coordinates are calculated by the Location Division.
- 13) PI is the Point of Intersection of the tangents extended.
- 14) Point of curvature is the beginning of the curve.

15) *Point of reverse curve* is a point common to two curves in opposite directions and with the same or different radii.

16) Point of tangency is the end of the curve.

17) *Radius* is the distance from the center point of the curve to the Point of Curvature (P.C.) or Point of Tangency (P.T.).

18) Sheet numbering for the location control sheets shall be numbered LC1, LC2, LC3, etc. In the absence of control sheets, the "Bearing Source" must be established by the plan preparer, approved by the Location Division and shown on the first plan sheet.

19) Special note is provided by the Location Division and is reserved for information that surveyors may need during the execution of the Contract Plans. In the example provided, the perpetuation of PLSS Monuments is described and further information concerning this example can be found in the NDOT "Special Instructions For Survey, Mapping for GIS Consultants," Current Edition.

20) Station equation is a point in stationing where an equation is put in to correct a gap or overlap in stationing.

21) Station equality is a point in stationing where a line name is changed, but the stationing remains unchanged.

22) *Tangent distance* is the distance from either the Point of Curvature (P.C.) or the Point of Tangency (P.T.) to the Point of Intersection (P.I.).

23) *Vertical datum* is provided by the Location Division. Further information can be found in the NDOT "Special Instructions for Survey, Mapping for GIS Consultants," Current Edition.

VERTICAL DATUM:

ELEVATIONS ARE BASED UPON NAVD88 HOLDING PUBLISHED NGS CONTROL POINTS: J_346W, L_346W, & NW_BASE AS FIXED.

BEARING SOURCE:

BEARINGS OF THIS MAP WERE DERIVED FROM NEVADA STATE PLANE COORDINATES NAD 83/94 DATUM CENTRAL ZONE, WITH A MEAN CONVERGENCY OF -0°13'02" USING LOCAL CONTROL POINTS: J_346W, L_346W, & NW_BASE AS FIXED AND IS FURTHER ARCHIVED AT NDOT UNDER FILE LPN1329. COORDINATES AND DISTANCES REFLECT A SINGLE COMBINATION GROUND TO GRID FACTOR OF 0.9996910945 AND HAVE BEEN CONVERTED TO FEET. MONUMENTS ARE STAMPED WITH "NDOT" AND MONUMENT NAME UNLESS NOTED IN DESCRIPTION.

SPECIAL NOTE:	PLSS MONU REVISED ST CONTRACT	JMENTS LISTED IN TH FATUTES, CHAPTERS PLANS SHALL BE PEF	IS CONTRACT ARE R 329 & 625. ANY MON RPETUATED IN ACCO	EQUIRED TO BE PERPETU UMENTS FOUND DURING S ORDANCE WITH THE STATE	IATED UNDER THE DIREC SURVEY, MAPPING, CONS E OF NEVADA DEPARTME	T SUPERVISION (TRUCTION OR M/ NT OF TRANSPOR	OF A PROFESSIONAL LA AINTENANCE PHASES OF RTATION, TRANSPORTA	ND SURVEYOR RE F NEVADA DEPART TION POLICY (TP) 3	GISTERED IN THE STATE OF NEVADA TO ASSURE COMPLIANCE WITH NEVADA IMENT OF TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS NOT LISTED FOR PERPETUATION IN THE 3-1-3, TITLED PERPETUATION OF SURVEY MONUMENTS, DATED JANUARY 13, 1999.
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NAME	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION	OLD STATION	EQUATION	DISTANCE(')	NEW STATION	DISTANCE(')	NOTE
NW_BASE	21879092.63	1526236.93	4528.80				"LE" 190+95.76 POT	-681.39	USC&GS BRASS DISK
1329002H	21878565.26	1525694.70	4537.06GP	"OE" 1406+00.00 POT		75.08	"LE" 190+99.99 POT	74.99	NHD BRASS DISK
1329001H	21878825.81	1525965.69	4532.89GP	"OW" 1406+00.00 POT		60	"LE" 191+00.05 POT	-300.94	NHD BRASS DISK
1329003H	21873648.99	1530944.43	4514.86GP	"OW" 1477+56.13 POT		60	"LE" 262+82.48 POT	-300.84	NHD BRASS DISK
1329004H	21873398.60	1530684.24	4517.87GP	"OE" 1477+82.10 POT		60	"LE" 262+82.58 POT	60.26	NHD BRASS DISK
1329006H	21868876.25	1535047.16	4528.62GP	"OE" 1540+65.97 POT		50	"LE" 325+66.42 POT	50.53	NHD BRASS DISK
1329005H	21869119.69	1535300.50	4525.74GP	"OW" 1540+65.97 POT		60.09	"LE" 325+66.58 POT	-300.82	NHD BRASS DISK
1329008H	21862790.79	1540886.82	4519.27GP	"OE" 1625+00.00		60	"LE" 410+00.54 POT	59.97	NHD BRASS DISK
1329007H	21863004.69	1541181.56	4512.72GP	"OW" 1625+00.00		78	"LE" 410+51.38 POT	-300.62	NHD BRASS DISK
1329011H	21860414.41	1543348.90	4515.51GP	"OE" 1659+19.48	"OE" 0+00.00	60 @ 130°	"LE" 444+20.16 POT	-59.39	NHD BRASS DISK
1329012H	21860320.62	1543251.83	4517.02GP	"OE" 1659+19.48	"OE" 0+00.00	74.95 @ 130°	"LE" 444+20.16 POT	75.59	NHD BRASS DISK
1329010H	21860493.47	1543431.26	4514.54GP	"OW" 1659+19.48	"OW" 0+00.00	59.85	"LE" 444+20.54 POT	-173.55	NHD BRASS DISK
1329009H	21860577.81	1543518.82	4513.80GP	"OW" 1659+19.48	"OW" 0+00.00	61.71	"LE" 444+20.73 POT	-295.12	NHD BRASS DISK
J_346W	21859506.79	1545033.68	4510.17				"LE" 462+43.56 POT	-640.32	USC&GS BRASS DISK
1329015H	21855252.83	1548336.25	4511.44GP	"OE" 71+77.22 POT		60	"LE" 515+97.60 POT	-59.47	NHD BRASS DISK
1329016H	21855169.45	1548249.97	4512.38GP	"OE" 71+77.22		60	"LE" 515+97.61 POT	60.52	NHD BRASS DISK
1329014H	21855321.64	1548407.97	4510.79GP	"OE" 71+77.22		60.04	"LE" 515+97.95 POT	-158.86	NHD BRASS DISK
1329013H	21855404.86	1548494.46	4510.04GP	"OW" 71+77.22		60	"LE" 515+98.20 POT	-278.88	NHD BRASS DISK
1329020H	21853091.19	1550257.96	4509.56GP	"OE" 100+66.89 POT		60.12	"LE" 544+87.45 POT	60.57	NHD BRASS DISK
1329019H	21853174.49	1550344.31	4508.32GP	"OE" 100+66.89 POT		59.93	"LE" 544+87.55 POT	-59.41	NHD BRASS DISK
1329018H	21853239.41	1550411.82	4507.82GP	"OW1" 100+66.87 POT		59.98	"LE" 544+87.77 POT	-153.07	NHD BRASS DISK
1329017H	21853322.61	1550498.18	4507.48GP	"OW1" 100+66.87 POT		60	"LE" 544+87.95 POT	-272.99	NHD BRASS DISK
1329021H	21848112.27	1555083.67	4500.39GP	"OE" 170+00.00 POT		49.43	"LE" 614+21.21 POT	49.81	NHD BRASS DISK
268049H	21848213.78	1555188.77	4500.61GP	"OE" 170+00.00 POT		96.71	"LE" 614+21.24 POT	-96.31	NHD BRASS DISK
1329022H	21845846.67	1557232.20	4502.61GP	"OE" 210+21.54 POT		78.87	"LE" 645+43.43 POT	78.97	NHD BRASS DISK
1329023H	21844556.18	1558472.18	4504.50GP	"OE1" 219+11.96 POT	"BE" 219+11.96 PC	83.91	"LE" 663+33.10 POC	83.95	NHD BRASS DISK
268050H	21844679.22	1558599.57	4503.65GP	"OE1" 219+11.96 POT	"BE" 219+11.96 PC	93.18	"LE" 663+33.13 POC	-93.16	NHD BRASS DISK
1329025H	21841633.10	1560596.31	4508.23GP	"BW1" 256+05.63 PT	"BW" 256+04.86 POT	63.95	"LE" 699+65.81 POC	-69.68	NHD BRASS DISK
1329024H	21841686.63	1560727.97	4508.80GP	"BW1" 256+05.63 PT	"BW" 256+04.86 POT	78.15	"LE" 699+68.42 POC	-211.78	NHD BRASS DISK
268060H	21841463.39	1560659.95	4507.93GP	"BE" 257+24.73 PT	"BE" 257+85.92 POT	62.81	"LE" 701+45.74 POC	-62.94	NHD BRASS DISK
1329026H	21841421.64	1560557.52	4509.73GP	"BE" 257+24.73 PT	"BE" 257+85.92 POT	47.83	"LE" 701+45.75 POC	47.67	NHD BRASS DISK
290008H	21837748.20	1562177.99	4513.54GP	"BE" 297+99.14		66.83	"LE" 742+19.33 POT	-66.80	NHD BRASS DISK
268061H	21836155.16	1562822.79	4514.76GP	"BE" 315+17.73 PC		62.74	"LE" 759+37.91 POT	-62.79	NHD BRASS DISK
1329027H	21836209.27	1562955.61	4514.80GP	"BW" 315+17.73 PC		74.05	"LE" 759+37.93 POT	-206.21	NHD BRASS DISK
1329028H	21836099.03	1562685.15	4515.00GP	"BW" 315+17.73 PC		85.8	"LE" 759+37.96 POT	85.86	NHD BRASS DISK

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LOCATION CONTROL

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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LOCATION CONTROL

STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



2020 PLAN PREPARATION GUIDE

10.0 Special Details.

General. Special details illustrate methods of construction, types of materials and methods of measurement for non-standard designs to ensure the contractor has a clear picture of the work that is to be performed. It is important the details be complete, meaningful, and necessary.

Special details supply supplementary information that cannot be adequately shown on the plan sheets because of their complexity. The Standard Plans are part of the contract plans. Before developing special details, examine the standards to see if the details provided are sufficient. Special details usually cover information that are not found in the Standard Plans or are modifications thereof.

Other examples of construction details are elevation control sheets and geometrics. For more information, see Section 8 for Geometric and Elevation Controls.

Special Detail Guidelines. Special detail sheets should reflect the same drafting standards and level of detail as the Standard Plans. All details necessary for the construction and measurement of the subject feature shall be incorporated into the detail. Details must be complete because the contractor is only obligated to provide what is shown on the detail.

These sheets are prepared to a larger scale than the plan sheets, such as 1:20 or larger (They may be labeled not to scale). Items need to be fully dimensioned so that they are constructible and the quantities are calculable. Examples of construction details are curb transitions, sidewalks, driveways, drainage basins, etc.

Normally a top, side and front view should be provided and, for certain details, a perspective view should be used to show the intended result. Notes shall be included as required to further clarify and augment the details in order to control the quality of the methods and materials used for construction.

Modifying a standard plan sheet should be considered instead of making a new special detail sheet from scratch. In such cases, showing minimal alteration details in the contract and referring to one or more standard plans for the remaining information is permitted. However, it must be made explicitly clear what portions of the standard plans are, and are not, applicable to the special situation including any general notes.

Each detail shall be assigned an appropriate label. The locations where each detail applies shall be noted by station and offset.

Special details shall convey any conditions specific to the project or site that are necessary for the calculation of quantities and the determination of construction methods.

Only existing infrastructure or topography that is necessary to rationalize the proposed improvements or to indicate the removal of material should be shown.

The details must include any non-standard excavation and backfill requirements.

The details shall be fully dimensioned to provide the exact, or relative when appropriate, proportions needed to construct the feature. Views and details shall be appropriately labeled and related to other views and details.

Materials and work units shall be clearly defined with appropriate symbols and area patterning (stipple). Legends shall be provided to define area patterning (stipple) and symbols where appropriate.

General notes shall be used as necessary to control the general construction facets of the detailed feature. Notes may be placed with individual components of the detail where the note is specific to only that part of the special detail. Charts may be used to assign conditional values to variables within the detail and to provide supporting information needed for construction.

Special Detail Particulars.

1) Sheet numbering for the Special Detail sheets shall begin with SD1. Multiple sheets shall be numbered SD1, SD2, SD3, etc.





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11.0 Site Preparation Details.

General. Site preparation sheets show the work necessary to prepare the project for construction improvements. This work normally consists of clearing and grubbing, and the removal of structures and obstructions. In urban environments, site preparation sheets could be used to show cold milling areas around islands and auxiliary turn lanes to reduce the complexity of depicting this information on the typicals. The typicals should cross reference these sheets when this is implemented.

Site preparation sheets should only be included in the contract plans when this information would otherwise clutter the plan view sheets.

Site Preparation Guidelines. Site preparation sheets should contain distances, bearings, radiuses, and station/offsets of all longitudinal features and their lateral relationships adequately dimensioned. All features shall be dimensioned relative to the control line.

Show only existing infrastructure or topography that is needed to show relationship of the proposed improvements.

Site Preparation Particulars.

1) Sheet numbering for the site preparation sheets shall begin with SP1. Multiple sheets shall be numbered SP1, SP2, SP3, etc.





12.0 Landscape and Aesthetics.

North arrow with township information

General. These plans show examples for location sheet, grading, layout, planting details, and quantities. Consult with the project manager for specific project requirements.

Landscape and Aesthetics Guidelines. The Landscape and Aesthetics (L&A) section prepares plans and structures list and assists in the development of special provisions. Upon completion, these plans are supplied to Roadway Design for incorporation into the contract plans. For stand-alone L&A projects, Roadway Design will prepare and assist with the following:

- Cover sheet
- Location sketch
- Bid item summary report
- SUE coordination and potholing needs
- R/W utility coordination
- Traffic control
- Compile mapping files
- Clear zone recommendations

Landscape and Aesthetics Particulars.

1) Sheet Numbering. Begin sheet numbering with the designator L### for plan sheets and LD### for detail sheets. Begin plan sheets with L101. Continue with each plan type, L101, L201, L301, L401, LD101, LD201, LD301 etc. Keep sets in sequential order, including only relevant plan and detail sheets. For example, if there is no Site Demolition Sheet, make the Grading Plan L101.

L100	Landscape Location Sheet
L101	Site Demolition (Stand-alone projects only. Otherwise, coordinate landscape demolition items such as tree removals with Roadway Site Prep Plans.)
L201	Grading Plan
L301	Irrigation Plan
L401	Landscape Layout Plan
L501	Landscape Site Plan
L601	Planting Plan
LD101	Demolition Details
LD201	Grading Details
LD301	Irrigation Plans
LD401	Landscape Details
LD501	Planting Details
LS101	Landscape Structure List

2) *Quantities.* Call out quantities for decorative rock, seeding, grading and objects or features that span multiple sheets by shape (regardless of what sheet it is on). Summarize all quantities in a table.

3) Rocks and Boulders. Designate decorative rock type and decorative boulders by size from smallest to largest, with type A being smallest.

4) Plan sheet checklist:

- Verify that all required reference files are shown to help avoid conflicts with existing and proposed utilities, drainage, SLI or any other items of work that may exist in Landscape areas.
- Indicate clear zone with a black dashed line on all plan sheets. (Verify clear zone with Roadway Design.)
- Indicate Alignment with stations as a solid black line on all plan sheets.
- Right of Way indicated and labeled on all plan sheets.









PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
NHP-050-2(016)	LYON	L301

LANDS	SCAPE LEGEND
	DELINEATION OF AREA TO RECEIVE DECORATIVE ROCK TYPE A-(FRACTURED ROCK SMALL).
	DELINEATION OF AREA TO RECEIVE DECORATIVE ROCK TYPE B-(FRACTURED ROCK LARGE).
A B C	BOULDER PLACEMENT LOCATION





ROCK	QUANTITY	TABLE
SHAPE	SF	CY
RR-1	1,708	63
RR-2	50	2
RR-3	149	6
RR-4	422	16
RR-5	145	5
RR-6	123	5
RR-7	53	2
RR-8	492	18
RR-9	50	2
RR TOTAL	3,192	118
TB-1	3,505	64.91
TB-2	3,038	56.26
TB-3	817	15.13
TB-4	6,167	114.20
TB-5	2,125	39.35
TB-6	2,879	53.31
TB-7	5,618	104.04
TB-8	972	18.00
TB-9	3,850	71.30
TB-10	572	10.59
TB TOTAL	29,543	547.09

STATE

NEVADA

PROJECT NO.

SPI-580-1(026)

ROCK	QUANTIT	Y TABLE	
SHAPE	SF	TONS	
A-1	5,189	55	
A-2	4,357	46	
A-3	2,734	29	
A-4	1,845	20	
A-5	2,223	24	
A-6	3,689	39	
A-7	2,879	31	
A-8	12,942	138	
A-9	3,499	37	
A-10	6,697	71	
A-11	11,507	123	
A-12	4,017	43	
A-13	5,655	60	
A-14	5,669	60	
A TOTAL	72,902	776	
			30% 2"-6"
B-1	11,038	118	47
B-2	5,610	60	24
B-3	1,585	17	7
B-4	1,710	18	7
B-5	9,291	99	40
B-6	949	10	4
B-7	12,214	130	52
B-8	7,991	85	34
B-9	20,591	219	88
B-10	11,911	127	51
B-11	1,887	20	8
B-12	3,245	35	14
B-13	7,469	80	32
B TOTAL	95,485	1,017	407
C-1	14,347	153	
C-2	12,671	135	
C-3	5,850	62	
C TOTAL	32,868	350	

SHEET ND.

L410

COUNTY

WASHOE

ROCK QUANTITY TABLE

I-580 SOUTH MEADOWS PARKWAY INTERCHANGE PROJECT

STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

- 6. 4CY RR WAS ADDED TO TOTAL FOR L103 CULVERT ENDS TOTAL 119CY
- 5. TB IS TYPE I, CLASS B AGGREGATE BASE
- 4. RR IS CLASS 150 RIPRAP
- 3. C IS DECORATIVE ROCK C
- 2. B IS DECORATIVE ROCK B
- 1. A IS DECORATIVE ROCK A

NOTES:

(FOR SHEETS II	R1 TO IR3 ONLY)
E.M.	
	ELECTRICAL IRRIGATION SERVICE (REFER TO UTILITY PLANS)
W.V.	
	IRRIGATION WATER STOB (REFER TO UTILITY PLANS)
IS	IRRIGATION ASSEMBLY
PB	CONCRETE VALVE BOX- IRRIGATION SUPPLY WIRE PULL BOX
IC	IRRIGATION CONTROLLER
◀	TWO-PIECE QUICK-COUPLER VALVE
MV	MASTER VALVE (1 1/2 INCH ELECTRIC CONTROL VALVE) NORMALLY OPEN
FS	FLOW SENSOR
	DRIP VALVE ASSEMBLY
GV	GATE VALVE ASSEMBLY
EP	FLUSH VALVE ASSEMBLY
2A	ZONE NUMBER
1"	VALVE SIZE
4	GALLONS PER MINUTE
3 INC	H POLYVINYL CHLORIDE PIPE - IRRIGATION MAINLINE H POLYETHYLENE PIPE (UNDER ROAD CROSSINGS)
3/4 IN	CH POLYETHYLENE PIPE - DRIP TUBE
1 INC	H PVC DRIP HARD PIPE
PVC H	
	= $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$
~ ~	

PROJECT NO.

NHP-395-1(027)

SHEET NO.

L501

COUNTY

CARSON CITY

DI	STATE OF NE	VADA NSPORTATION
	IRRIGATION	PLAN







c:\pw-cagworkdir\dfarley\dms03597\Landscape Layout Plan 29-2.dgn

			<u> </u>
STATE	PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
NEVADA	NHP-160-1(028)	CLARK	L609

TREE SCHEDULE (PLANTS GROUP A)

L NAME:	COMMON NAME:	QUANTITY:	SIZE:
RPUS LEDIFOLIUS	CURL-LEAF MOUNTAIN MAHOGANY	62	DEEPOT
S SCOPULORUM	ROCKY MOUNTAIN JUNIPER	64	DEEPOT
S OSTEOSPERMA	UTAH JUNIPER	43	DEEPOT

1) FOR LANDSCAPE ENLARGEMENT, SEE SHEET L29

STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
SR 160 - PHASE 2
PLANTING ENLARGEMENT

1:50 PLOT SCALE
																										STATE PROJECT NO. COUNTY NEVADA SPI-580-1(024) WASHOE	SHEET NO. LS101
										DECORATIVE FIGURE (TYPE A)	DECORATIVE ROCK (TYPE B)	DECORATIVE ROCK (TYPE A)	DECORATIVE BOULDER (TYPE C) DECORATIVE BOUILDER (TYPE B)	DECORATIVE BOULDER (TYPE A)	ROCK WALL	PLANTS (GROUP B-1)	PLANIS (GROUP A-5) PLANTS (GROUP A-1)	PLANT ESTABLISHMENT WORK	I UPSUIL DETAIL PAINTING	PAINTING	SEEDING TYPE 2 DRAIN BACKFILL	BORROW EMBANKMENT	ROADWAY EXCAVATION	REMOVAL OF COMPOSITE SURFACE	CLEARING AND GRUBBING	LANDSCAPE STRUCTURE LIST	
										212 0942 212 0890	212 0880	212 0870	212 0840 212 0830	212 0820	212 0800	212 0480	212 0430 212 0410	212 0390	212 0050	212 0045	211 0150 209 0130	203 0230	203 0140	202 0935	201 0100	DESCRIPTION ST ST	ATION TO STATION
										EACH TC	N TON	N TON	EACH EAC	CH EAC	H SQFT I	EACH EA	ACH EACH	LS CL	JYD SQF	T SQYD	ACRE CUY	D CUY	D CUYD	CUYD	LS	NOTE: ALL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND MAY BE ADJUSTED BY THE ENGINEER	
											_														1 [Demolition	L100-L102
																								231.9	6	Remove Millinas	L300
																						111	1 557			Grading Mounds and Swales	L301
														_	500										(Construct Rock Wall '2'	L202
															725										(Construct Rock Wall '6'	L202
															620										(Construct Rock Wall '11'	L202
										82	1 164	444													F	Place Decorative Rock	L100-L102
																		1								Conduct Plant Establishment	I 400-I 401
																											2100 2101
													10 13	3 56	;											Place Decorative Boulder	L201-L202
														_		23 8	35 265								1	nstall Planting	L400-L401
																					1.6				1	nstall Seeding	L500
										1															I	nstall Decorative Figure	SD7-SD8
														-				1	05					_	F	Place Topsoil	L500
																			252	7						Detail Slope Painting	SD4-SD10
																											0010010
																				1177						Slope Painting	L103
														_							274.	0			1	nstall In Graded Swale	L101
											_			1					-					_	ſ	Final Grading As Directed By Engineer	L101-L500
		+				_			$\left \right $	 1 82	1 164	444	10 13	3 56	1845	23 8	35 265	LS 10	05 252	27 1177	1.6 274.	0 111	1 557	231.9	LS .	Total	
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		_									_			+													

2020 PLAN PREPARATION GUIDE

13.0 Drainage Sheets.

General.

All Drainage Sheets are to show location and special construction information for drainage facilities. They are the drainage plans, profiles, special details, temporary erosion control plans, and structure lists. In some cases, the proposed work is minimal and the drainage elements can be shown on Roadway Sheets without the need of Drainage Sheets or Drainage Structure Lists. All Drainage Sheets are to be done by the Hydraulics Division and shall be complete, clear, concise, and as easy to read and understand as possible. Information must be presented in a manner such that bidding on, and construction of, all drainage improvements is facilitated to the fullest extent practicable.

Subsurface drainage, such as underdrains, horizontal drains, edge drains, and subgrade drains, is typically supplied by other divisions but may be shown on the Drainage Plan Sheets.

Hydraulic Plan Guidelines.

Use applicable standards from this Plan Preparation Guide for the development of Hydraulic Plans.

Hydraulic Plan Particulars.

1) Sheet numbering for Hydraulic Plans shall be numbered using the following:

D1	Drainage plans
DP1	Drainage profiles
DD1	Drainage details
	Including but not limited to:
	- Special grading such as for detention basins
	- Conceptual river diversion sheets
	- Temporary alignment callouts
	- Special ditch and channel layouts
	- Concrete structure details
DS1	Drainage structure lists
TPC1	Temporary pollution control (this is an uncommon sheet)

2) Submittal Requirements for Drainage Plan Sheets is typically as shown in the following tables. Drainage design elements progressed through the various design phases include, but are not limited to: storm drain systems, channels, ditches, permanent erosion and sediment control features, water quality features, energy dissipators, culverts, detention and retention basins, etc.

Conceptual Plan Submittal (30% Submittal)					
Item Description	Notes				
Drainage Plan View	Conceptual sketches of on-site system as necessary. Schematic locations and sizes of channels, culverts, bridges, and permanent erosion and sediment control features, etc., with general labeling (no construction notes, elevations or sheet references). Show existing right-of-way limits (if available). Identify proposed conceptual drainage right-of-way needs.				
Drainage Profile View	Conceptual drawings, typically for major channel profiles and major cross-drainage features. On-site profiles typically not required.				
Special Details	Typically not require.				
Structure List	Typically not require.				

Intermediate I	PI
(60% S	uk
Item Description	
Drainage Plan View	
	;
Drainage Profile View	
	ł
Special Details	
Structure List	

	QA/QC Plan S (90% Subj
Item Description	N
Drainage Plan View	C
Drainage Profile View	C
Special Details	C
Structure List	C

an Submittal

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Notes

Substantially complete layout of on-site and off-site systems (Complete construction notes, refer to Appendix C). Final drainage easements and right-of-way.

Substantially complete profiles of all on and off-site systems, (draft all features including existing and proposed ground profiles, labels, symbols for manholes drop inlets, headwalls, end sections, transitions, riprap, all utilities, etc.)

Major dimensions and features shown.

Preliminary structure list.

Submittal

mittal)

lotes

Complete layout of on-site and off-site systems

Complete profiles.

Complete details.

Complete.



1) "WN" 45+18 "WN" 44+72	CONSTRUCT 6' X 3' X 86' RCB FROM "WN" 45+18, 33.7' LT (UIE = 2437.17') TO "WN" 44+72, 38.8' RT (LIE = 2435.43'). CONSTRUCT TYPE 1 HEADWALL AT INLET AND OUTLET. CONSTRUCT CLASS CLASS 300 RIPRAP APRON AT INLET AND OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP25)	8 ^{"WN"} 45+18 <u>"WN" 44+72</u>	C (24 T` C (
2) <u>"WN" 45+31</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 5-2G EMBANKMENT PROTECTOR, 19.5′ RT (GRATE ELEV. = 2444.09′, H = 2.00′). INSTALL 15″ HDPE DOWNDRAIN TO ″WN″ 45+31, 31.5′ RT (LIE = 2439.70′). (SEE SHEET DP5)	9 <u>"WN" 45+31</u>	C(((T(
3) <u>"WN" 45+31</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 5-2G EMBANKMENT PROTECTOR, 19.5′ RT (GRATE ELEV. = 2444.09′, H = 2.00′). INSTALL 15″ HDPE DOWNDRAIN TO ″WN″ 45+31, 31.5′ RT (LIE = 2439.70′). (SEE SHEET DP5)	(10) <u>"WN" 45+31</u>	C(((T(
4) <u>"WN" 45+31</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 5-2G EMBANKMENT PROTECTOR, 19.5′ RT (GRATE ELEV. = 2444.09′, H = 2.00′). INSTALL 15″ HDPE DOWNDRAIN TO ″WN″ 45+31, 31.5′ RT (LIE = 2439.70′). (SEE SHEET DP5)	(11) <u>"WN" 45+31</u>	C(((T(
5) <u>"WN" 45+31</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 5-2G EMBANKMENT PROTECTOR, 19.5′ RT (GRATE ELEV. = 2444.09′, H = 2.00′). INSTALL 15″ HDPE DOWNDRAIN TO ″WN″ 45+31, 31.5′ RT (LIE = 2439.70′). (SEE SHEET DP5)	(12) <u>"WN" 45+31</u>	C(((T(
6) <u>"WN" 45+31</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 5-2G EMBANKMENT PROTECTOR, 19.5′ RT (GRATE ELEV. = 2444.09′, H = 2.00′). INSTALL 15″ HDPE DOWNDRAIN TO ″WN″ 45+31, 31.5′ RT (LIE = 2439.70′). (SEE SHEET DP5)	(13) <u>"WN" 45+31</u>	C(((T(
7) <u>"WN" 45+31</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 5-2G EMBANKMENT PROTECTOR, 19.5′ RT (GRATE ELEV. = 2444.09′, H = 2.00′). INSTALL 15″ HDPE DOWNDRAIN TO ″WN″ 45+31, 31.5′ RT (LIE = 2439.70′). (SEE SHEET DP5)	(14) <u>"WN" 45+31</u>	C(((T(









NEVADA Pr Contour	OINT 1		NO.			COUNTY	NO
Contour	OINT 1	PROJECT N	UMBER			STATEWIDE	DD2
Contour	OINT 1						
Contour	1	CTATION	OFFEFT	ELEV/		DECOUDTION	
Contour				C20			
Contour	- 7	X 202422	50.5 LT	620	8.00 8.00'		
Contour	2	A 300T03	30.5 LT	620	0.00		
_	3	X 300+10	40.0 LT	620	0.00		
-	4	X 20012E	42 0/ LT	620	0.00		
	6	∧ 300+35 "Y" 306±35	43.5 LI 33.7'IT	630	0.00 n nn'	BASIN FLOOR	
	7	V" 206±75	20.5'1T	620	9 00'		
	8	X 300+75	29.5'LT	639	8.00 8.00'		
	a	× 300173	20.0'1T	640	1 38'	MATCH EXISTING	
	10	"X" 307100	20.0 LT	630	a nn'		
	10	"X" 305155	25.1'1T	639	8 00'		
	17	"Y" 306±03	25.4'1T	630	8 nn'		
	13	X 300103	58 5' I T	639	8 NN'	TOP OF BERM	
~ -	14	"X" 306±03	19 9' I T	620	9.25'		
	+ 15	× 300+03	16 2' I T	640	n. 22'		
-	16	"X" 306±75	18 7' 1 T	6/0	1 16'	ROADWAYHINGE	
	17	× 300+73	45 4' I T	620	8 00'	TOP OF BERM	
-	18	"X" 306±03	45.4'LT	630	8 NN'	TOP OF BERM	
	19	"X" 305+95	38.4'1T	639	8 NN'	TOP OF BERM	
Nedium	20	"X" 306+03	38.4'1T	639	8 NN'	TOP OF BERM	
	21	"X" 305+93	13 1/ LT	630	7 00'		
Dette		D'assa Dada	С				
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		MOX		Ripra	p Bed	ding	
T = 0	2:0	Josepher					
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Standard Construction Notes (Sheet 1)

The following is provided as a general guideline for the development of consistent drainage construction notes. The sample notes presented are not all-inclusive and may be modified to reflect specific design requirements.

No mention of Gage or Class indicates the use of 16 Gage CMP or Class III RCP. Only include CMP Gage (14, 12, etc.) and RCP Class (HE-, VE-), IV, V) in the construction note if other than 16 Gage or Class III.

Class C Bedding is used unless otherwise specified.

For multiple culvert, storm drain, or RCB installations, reference station and offset to the centerline of the installations.

All proposed headwalls should be constructed outside of clear zone or should be protected.

For any note in which you deviate from the Standard Plans, put "MODIFIED" in the note.

Instead of using "AT INLET AND OUTLET", "LT AND RT" can be used in the construction notes. Especially when elevations aren't used and it may be unclear which end of the pipe is the inlet and outlet.

<u>Abbreviations</u>

The following table is a list of typical abbreviations common to drainage related construction notes including pipe materials, reference elevations, etc.:

СМР	Corrugated Metal Pipe
СМАР	Corrugated Metal Arch Pipe
RCP	Reinforced Concrete Pipe
RCB	Reinforced Concrete Box
HERCP	Horizontal Elliptical Reinforced Concrete Pipe
VERCP	Vertical Elliptical Reinforced Concrete Pipe
HDPE	High Density Polyethylene
SD	Storm Drain
C&G	Curb and Gutter
DI	Drop Inlet
MH	Manhole
UIE	Upper Invert Elevation
LIE	Lower Invert Elevation
IE	Invert Elevation
BMP	Best Management Practices
RT	Right
LT	Left
ELEV	Elevation
W	Width
Н	Height
L	Length

Accuracy

The following table presents accuracy typiccally used for data contained in drainage construction notes. Special cases may require changes to the level of accuracy.

1 ft	Stations
0.1 ft	Offsets
0.01 ft	Elevation Data (UIE, LIE, H, etc.)
1 ft	Pipe Lengths

Pipe lengths are measured to the inside wall of drop inlets, rectangular manholes, box culverts, and round manholes. All pipe lengths are measured along the design slope.

Examples of Drainage Note Format

The following notes are examples and should be used as a guide for creating construction notes.

Culvert, Storm Drain, and RCB Add-Ons
CONSTRUCT CLASS 300 RIPRAP APRON AT OUTLET.
CONSTRUCT CLASS 300 RIPRAP APRON (APRON A = 20') At outlet.
GRADE OUTLET TO DRAIN PER ENGINEER. (NO DIRECT Payment)
CONSTRUCT RIPRAP BASIN AT OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1, DD1)
CONSTRUCT ENERGY DISSIPATOR AT OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1, DD1)
CONSTRUCT MODIFIED TYPE 1 HEADWALL AT INLET. (SEE SHEET DP1, DD1)
CONSTRUCT TRASH RACK AT INLET. (SEE SHEET DP1, DD1)
"A" 14+00 <u>"A" 14+50</u> "A" 14+50, 52.0' RT (LIE = 3999.00'). CONSTRUCT TYPE 1 HEADWALL AT INLET AND OUTLET. CONSTRUCT ENERGY DISSIPATOR AT OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1, DD1)

Culverts (Ci	rcular, Elliptical, Arch)
<u>"A" 14+00</u> <u>"A" 14+50</u>	INSTALL 24" X 100' CMP FROM "A" 14+00, 34.6' LT (UIE = 4000.00') TO "A" 14+50, 52.0' RT (LIE = 3999.00'). INSTALL METAL END SECTIONS AT INLET AND OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1)
"A" 14+00 "A" 14+50	INSTALL 24" X 100' RCP (CLASS V) FROM "A" 14+00, 34.6' LT (UIE = 4000.00') TO "A" 14+50, 52.0' RT (LIE = 3999.00'). CONSTRUCT CULVERT HEADWALL AT INLET AND PRECAST END SECTION AT OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1)
<u>"A" 14+00</u> <u>"A" 14+50</u>	INSTALL 36" X 100' RCP (CLASS V) FROM "A" 14+00, 34.6' LT (UIE = 4000.00') TO "A" 14+50, 52.0' RT (LIE = 3999.00'). CONSTRUCT SAFETY METAL END SECTIONS AT INLET AND OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1)
"A" 14+00 "A" 14+50	INSTALL 30" X 19" X 100' HERCP FROM "A" 14+00, 34.6' LT (UIE = 4000.00') TO "A" 14+50, 52.0' RT (LIE = 3999.00'). CONSTRUCT CULVERT HEADWALLS AT INLET AND OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1)
"A" 14+00 "A" 14+50	INSTALL 21" X 15" X 100' CMAP FROM "A" 14+00, 34.6' LT (UIE = 4000.00') TO "A" 14+50, 52.0' RT (LIE = 3999.00'). CONSTRUCT CULVERT HEADWALLS AT INLET AND OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1)
Note: Elliptical and manufacturir	Arch end sections may be hard to come by and could cause ng delays. Consider culvert headwalls instead.
Safety meto	alend sections should be used when a culvert end is within
clear zone v - The culve - The culve	without protection from traffic when: ert is larger than 30'' in height when it is perpendicular to traffic flow ert is larger than 12'' in height when it is parallel to traffic flow
Reinforced	Concrete Box (RCB)
"A" 14+00 "A" 14+50	CONSTRUCT 8' X 4' X 100' (span x height x length) RCB FROM "A" 14+00, 34.6' LT (UIE = 4000.00') TO "A" 14+50, 52.0' RT (LIE = 39 CONSTRUCT TYPE 1 HEADWALL AT INLET AND OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1)
"A" 14+00 "A" 14+50	CONSTRUCT (3) - 8' X 4' X 100' RCB FROM "A" 14+00, 34.6' LT (UIE = 40 TO "A" 14+50, 52.0' RT (LIE = 3999.00'). CONSTRUCT TYPE 1 HEADWALL A INLET AND TYPE 2 HEADWALL AT OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1)
"A" 14+00 <u>"A" 14+50</u>	CONSTRUCT 8' X 4' X 100' RCB FROM "A" 14+00, 34.6' LT (UIE = 4000.00' TO "A' 14+25, 52.0' RT (IE = 3999.50') TO "A" 14+50, 52.0' RT (LIE = CONSTRUCT TYPE 1 HEADWALL AT INLET AND OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1)
"A" 14+00 "A" 14+50	CONSTRUCT 8' X 4' X 100' RCB FROM "A" 14+00, 34.6' LT (UIE = 4000.00' TO "A' 14+25, 52.0' RT (IE = 3999.50') TO "A" 14+50, 52.0' RT (LIE = CONSTRUCT TYPE 1 HEADWALL AT INLET (15 DEGREE SKEW) AND OUTLET (30 DEGREE SKEW). (SEE SHEET DP1)
"A" 14+00 <u>"A" 14+50</u>	CONSTRUCT 8' X 4' X 100' RCB (CLASS B BEDDING) FROM "A" 14+00, 34.6' LT (UIE = 4000.00') TO "A" 14+50, 52.0' RT (LIE = 39 CONSTRUCT TYPE 1 HEADWALL AT INLET AND OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1)
"A" 14+00 "A" 14+50	CONSTRUCT 8' X 4' X 100' PRECAST RCB FROM "A" 14+00, 34.6' LT (UIE = TO "A" 14+50, 52.0' RT (LIE = 3999.00'). CONSTRUCT TYPE 1 HEADWALL A AND OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1)
Note: Where possi Standard RC	ble, set RCB Skews at 0, 15, 30, or 45 degress in order to accomodate the CB headwalls.
Culvert and	RCB Extensions
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	EXISTING 24" X 100' CMP. REMOVE EXISTING END SECTIONS AT INLET AND OUTLET. EXTEND 4' AT INLET AND 6' AT OUTLET. INSTALL METAL END SECTIONS AT INLET AND OUTLET.
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	EXISTING 24" X 100' RCP, 15.0' RT. REMOVE EXISTING END SECTION AT INLET. EXTEND 4' AT INLET. INSTALL PRECAST END SECTION AT INLET.
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	EXISTING 24" X 100' RCP, 15.0' RT. REMOVE EXISTING END SECTION AT INLET AND HEADWALL AT OUTLET. EXTEND 4' AT INLET AND 6' AT OUTLET. INSTALL PRECAST END SECTION AT INLET AND CULVERT HEADWALL AT OUTLET.
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	INLET OF EXISTING 24" RCP, 15.0' RT. REMOVE EXISTING END SECTION. EXTEND TO "A" 14+00, 21.0' RT (UIE = 4001.00', LIE = MATCH EXISTING). INSTALL PRECAST END SECTION.
"A" 14+00 "A" 14+50	EXISTING 10' X 4' X 100' RCB. REMOVE EXISTING HEADWALLS AT INLET AND OUTLET. EXTEND 4' AT INLET AND 6' AT OUTLET. INSTALL TYPE 1 HEADWAL AT INLET AND OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1)

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       INSTALL METAL
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<u>Standard Construction Notes (Sheet 2)</u>

Channels, Ditches, and Dikes

Drop Inlets o	and Embankment Protectors
<u>"A" 14+00</u> Note: Typ	CONSTRUCT TYPE 2 DROP INLET, 28.0' RT (GRATE ELEV. = 4500.00', H = 3.75', A = 4.00') WITH 8" X 20' TRENCH DRAIN BACK ON LINE (H1 = 6", H2 = 12"). INSTALL 24" X 100' RCP (UIE = 4496.25', LIE = 4495.00') AND CONNECT TO MANHOLE AT "A" 15+00, 28.0' RT. (SEE SHEET DP1) ical use with Type 2A and 2B DI as well
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 2 DROP INLET, 28.0' RT (GRATE ELEV. = 4500.00', H = 3.75', A = 4.00'). INSTALL 24" X 100' RCP (UIE = 4496.25', LIE = 4495.00') AND CONNECT TO RCB AT "A" 15400, 28.0' RT. (SEE SHEET DP1)
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 2 DROP INLET (DOUBLE GRATE), 28.0' RT (GRATE ELEV. = 4500.00', H = 3.75', A = 4.00'). INSTALL 24" X 100' RCP (UIE = 4496.25', LIE = 4495.00') AND CONNECT TO RCB AT "A" 15400, 28.0' RT. (SEE SHEET DP1)
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 2 DROP INLET (TRIPLE GRATE), 28.0' RT (GRATE ELEV. = 4500.00', H = 3.75', A = 4.00'). INSTALL 24" X 100' RCP (UIE = 4496.25', LIE = 4495.00') TO "A" 15+00, 28.0' RT. INSTALL PRECAST END SECTION AT OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1)
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 2 DROP INLET, 28.0' RT (GRATE ELEV. = 4500.00', H = 3.75', A = 4.00'). INSTALL 24" X 100' RCP (UIE = 4496.25', LIE = 4495.00') TO "A" 15+00, 28.0' RT. INSTALL PRECAST END SECTION AT OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1)
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 3 DROP INLET, 28.0' RT (GRATE ELEV. = 4500.00', H = 3.75', A = 4.00', J = 2.50'). INSTALL 24" X 100' RCP (UIE = 4496.25', LIE = 4495.00') TO "A" 15+00. 28.0' RT. INSTALL PRECAST END SECTION AT OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1)
Note: Typ	ical use with Type 3A DI as well
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 11 DROP INLET, 28.0' RT (GRATE ELEV. = 4500.00', H = 3.75', A = 4.00', J = 2.50', L = 12'). INSTALL 24" X 100' RCP (UIE = 4496.25', LIE = 4495.00') AND CONNECT TO DROP INLET AT "A" 15+00, 28.0' RT. (SEE SHEET DP1)
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 7 DROP INLET, 28.0' RT (GRATE ELEV. = 4500.00', H = 3.75'). INSTALL 24" X 100' RCP (UIE = 4496.25', LIE = 4495.00') TO "A" 15+00, 28.0' RT. INSTALL PRECAST END SECTION AT OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1)
Note: Typ	ical use with Type 8 DI as well
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	CONSTRUCT MODIFIED TYPE 2 DROP INLET, 28.0' RT (GRATE ELEV. = 4500.00', H = 3.75', A = 4.00') WITH 8" X 20' TRENCH DRAIN AHEAD ON LINE (H1 = 6", H2 = 12"). INSTALL 24" X 100' RCP (UIE = 4496.25', LIE = 4495.00') AND CONNECT TO MANHOLE AT "A" 15+00, 28.0' RT. (SEE SHEET DP1)
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 5 EMBANKMENT PROTECTOR, 28.0' RT WITH 12" HDPE DOWN DRAIN.
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 5-2G EMBANKMENT PROTECTOR, 28.0' RT WITH 8" X 10' TRENCH DRAIN BACK ON LINE (H1 = 6", H2 = 12"). INSTALL 15" CMP DOWN DRAIN TO "A" 14+00, 20.0' RT.
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 5-2G EMBANKMENT PROTECTOR. 28.0' RT. (GRATE ELEV. = 4500.00', H = 3.00') WITH 18" HDPE DOWN DRAIN TO "A" 14+00, 25.0' RT TO "A" 14+00, 50.0' RT (IE = 4490.00').
Note: Mea	sure length of downdrain pipe along pipe slope.
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	INSTALL 24" X 100' RCP FROM "A" 14+00, 28.0' RT (UIE = 4496.25', LIE = 4495.00') AND CONNECT TO DROP INLET AT "A" 15+00, 28.0' RT. INSTALL PRECAST FND SECTION AT INFT. (SFF SHFFT DP1)
Note: Typ <u>"A" 14+00</u>	ical for use when tying an open inlet pipe into a drop inlet. CONSTRUCT TYPE C DROP INLET, 28.0' RT (GRATE ELEV. = 4500.00'). INSTALL 24" X 100' RCP (UIE = 4496.25', LIE = 4495.00') AND CONNECT TO MANHOLE AT "A" 15+00, 28.0' RT. (SEE SHEET DP1, DD1)
Manholes	
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 1 MODIFIED MANHOLE, 28.0' RT (COVER ELEV. = 4500.00', H = 4.00'). INSTALL 24" X 100' RCP (UIE = 4496.25', LIE = 4495.00') AND CONNECT TO MANHOLE AT "A" 15+00, 28.0' RT. (SEE SHEET DP1)
Note: Typ	ical use with Type 2 and Type 3 Modified Manholes
<u>"A" 14+00</u> Note: Ivo	CONSTRUCT TYPE 1 MANHOLE, 28.0' RT (COVER ELEV. = 4500.00', H = 4.00'). INSTALL 24" X 100' RCP (UIE = 4496.25', LIE = 4495.00') TO "A" 15+00, 28.0' RT. INSTALL PRECAST END SECTION AT OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1) ical use with Type 2 and Type 3 Eccentric Manholes
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	CONSTRUCT TYPE 4 MANHOLE, 28.0' RT (COVER ELEV. = 4500.00'. H = 4.00'). INSTALL 24" X 100' RCP (UIE = 4496.25'. LIE = 4495.00') TO "A" 15+00. 28.0' RT. INSTALL PRECAST END SECTION AT OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP1)
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	INSTALL 24" X 100' RCP FROM "A" 14+00, 28.0' RT (UIE = 4496.25', LIE = 4495.00') AND CONNECT TO MANHOLE AT "A" 15+00, 28.0' RT. INSTALL PRECAST END SECTION AT INLET. (SEE SHEET DP1)
NOTE: TYP	n car nor ase when rying an open inner pipe into a mannore.
Channels, Dit	ches, and Dikes
A 14+00 <u>"A" 21+00</u>	UNSTRUCT CLASS 300 RIPRAP TRAPEZUIDAL DITCH FROM "A" 14+00, 35.0' RT (IE = 4000.00') TO "A" 21+00, 35.0' RT (IE = 3999.00'). (RSS = 2:1, LSS = 2:1, W = 2.0', H = 3.0')
"A" 14+00 "A" 21+00	CONSTRUCT EARTHEN V-TYPE DITCH FROM "A" 14+00, 35.0' RT (IE = 4000.00') TO "A" 21+00, 35.0' RT (IE = 3999.00'). (RSS = 3:1, LSS = 4:1, H = VARIES TO EXIST)

"A" 14+00 "A" 24+00	CONSTRUCT CLASS 300 RIPRAP TRAPEZOIDAL DIT "A" 14+00, 35.0' RT (IE = 4000.00') TO "A" (IE = 3999.00') TO "A" 24+00, 35.0' RT (IE
"A" 14+00 "A" 21+00	CONSTRUCT MODIFIED RIPRAP DITCH FROM "A" 1 4000.00') TO "A" 21+00. 35.0' RT (IE = 399
"A" 14+00 "A" 21+00	CONSTRUCT BITUMINOUS TRAPEZOIDAL DITCH FRO 35.0' RT (IE = 4000.00') TO "A" 21+00, 35. (RSS = 3:1, LSS = 4:1, H = 2.0')
Channels, Di	tches, and Dikes (Cont.)
"A" 14+00 <u>"A" 21+00</u>	CONSTRUCT CONCRETE TRAPEZOIDAL DITCH FROM 35.0' RT (IE = 4000.00') TO "A" 21+00.35. (LSS = 3:1, H = 2.0', RSS = 4:1)
"A" 14+00 "A" 21+00	CONSTRUCT CLASS 300 RIPRAP BEDDING TRAPEZO FROM "A" 14+00, 35.0' RT (IE = 4000.00')
"A" 14+00 <u>"A" 21+00</u>	CONSTRUCT CLASS 300 RIPRAP TRAPEZOIDAL DIT 35.0' RT (IE = 4000.00') TO "A" 21+00. 35. (BSS = 2:1, TW = 4.0', LSS = 2:1, W = 2.0'
"A" 14+00 "A" 21+00	CONSTRUCT EARTHEN DIKE FROM "A" 14+00, 35. 4000.00') TO "A" 21+00, 35.0' RT (DIKE ELE 4.0'. SS = 10:1)
"A" 14+00 "A" 21+00	CONSTRUCT DITCH AND DIKE FROM "A" 14+00. 3 4000.00") TO "A" 21+00. 35.0" RT (BERM ELE
"A" 14+00 "A" 21+00	CONSTRUCT MODIFIED CONCRETE CHANNEL FROM " (IE = 4000.00') TO "A" 21+00, 35.0' RT (IE
Stormwater	Features
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	INSTALL STORMWATER TREATMENT VAULT, 33.0' 4000.00'). INSTALL 18" X 10' RCP (UIE = 3
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	CONSTRUCT WATER QUALITY BASIN, 30.0' RT. CONSTRUCT WATER QUALITY BASIN, 30.0' RT.
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	TOP OF ALL DISTURBED GROUND FROM "A" 14+00 CONSTRUCT 6" THICK CLASS 300 RIPRAP BEDDIN
"A" 14+00	LIMITS PROVIDED ON PLAN SHEET. CONSTRUCT 6" THICK CLASS 300 RIPRAP BEDDIN
<u>"</u> , ", 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,	ALL PROPOSED FILL SLOPE FROM "A" 14+00 TO
"A" 14+00 "A" 14+00 "A" 21+00	CONSTRUCT RIPRAP DIKE FROM "A" 14+00, 30.0 4000.00') TO "A" 21+00, 40.0' RT (DIKE ELE (SEE SHEET DD1)
Special Note	5
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	CONSTRUCT DETENTION BASIN, 30.0' RT. (SEE
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	CONSTRUCT CLASS 400 RIPRAP REVETMENT, 30.0
<u>A 14+00</u> "A" 14+00	CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK UNDERDRAIN, 14.0' RT.
Removal Not	es
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	REMOVE EXISTING DROP INLET, 14.0' RT AND 1 REMOVE EXISTING 24" CMP STORM DRAIN TO "A" HEADWALL AT OUTLET.
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	REMOVE EXISTING EMBANKMENT PROTECTOR, 14.0 12" CMP DOWN DRAIN TO "A" 12+00, 14.0' RT
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	REMOVE EXISTING MANHOLE, 14.0' RT.
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	REMOVE EXISTING 24" X 30' CMP CROSS CULVER
<u>"A" 14+00</u> "A" 14+00	REMOVE EXISTING 24" X 30° CMP CULVERT FROM "A" 14+30, 25.4' RT. DEMOVE EXISTING 24" CMP STORM DRAIN FROM "
<u>A 11.00</u>	"A" 14+30, 25.4' RT.
<u>~A 14+00</u>	"A" 14+30, 25.4' RT.
<u>"A" 14+00</u>	ABANDON EXISTING 24" X 30' CMP CULVERT IN 25.4' RT TO "A" 14+30, 25.4' RT AND FILL W

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E = 3998.00′). (RSS =
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99.00'). (SEE SHEET DD1)
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DIDAL DITCH
TO "A" 21+00, 35.0' RT
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TCH FROM "A" 14+00,
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"A" 14+00, 35.0' RT
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EV. = 4000.00').
 SHEET DD1)
D'RT. (SEE SHEET DD1)
FINAL GRADE.
15' SLOTTED DRAIN.
" 12+00, 14.0' RT AND
O' RT. REMOVE EXISTING
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 "A" 14+00, 25.4' RT TO
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| EXISTING (2) - 30" CMP. CONSTRUCT CLASS 400 RIPRAP APRO | D1 E | | | | | 67 | - | | | | | |

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| EXISTING 10' X 10' RCB. CONSTRUCT CLASS 550 RIPRAP APRI
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| REMOVE EXISTING DROP INLET, 22.2' RT. REMOVE 12" CMP | 1 F | 1 | 1 | | 42 | + | | | | | | |

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| 593+25, 58.6' RT TO "PE" 594+34, 128.4' RT to "PE" 595+14, 148.4
RT. (LSS = 2:1, RSS = 2:1, W = 3.0', H = 2.0') VERIFY STATION, | 5
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| OFFSET, AND INVERT ELEVATIONS OF DITCH WITH ENGINEER
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14.0 Right of Way Plans.

General. The right of way plans provide construction and maintenance forces with certain information on property rights secured by the Department that is useful to their operations.

Right of way plans should only be included in the contract plans when showing this information on the roadway plan view sheets would create confusion or result in cluttered information.

Where right of way acquisitions are done in advance of the contract, the Right of Way Survey Services Section will provide right of way sheets with detailed information as to permanent easements, temporary easements, with all applicable information such as bearings, distances, and offsets. The new right of way lines shall also be shown on the plan sheets in green as existing and dimensioned from centerline as necessary, with the exception of the detailed information that would be found in the right of way sheets.

Right of Way Plan Guidelines. The Right of Way Survey Services Section produces the right of way plan sheets. Upon completion, these plans are supplied to Roadway Design for incorporation into the contract plans.

Right of Way Plan Particulars.

1) Sheet numbering for the right of way plans shall begin with RW1. Multiple sheets shall be numbered RW1, RW2, RW3, etc.



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LEGEND OF RIGHT-OF-WAY SYMBOLS

C/A	CONTROL OF ACCESS		CONTROL OF ACCESS WITH FENCE OR BARRIER. (TICKS FACING AWAY FROM MAINLINE/CENTERLINE DENOTES C/A ON THE R/W LINE TICKS FACING
<u>ب</u>	CENTERLINE		TOWARDS MAINLINE/CENTERLINE DENOTES C/A INSIDE/WITHIN THE R/W).
C/P	PERMISSION TO CONSTRUCT		CONTROL OF ACCESS WITHOUT A FENCE OR BARRIER. ("DRAGON'S TEETH" FACING
Δ	DELTA		C/A ON THE R/W LINE/CENTERLINE DENOTES FACING TOWARDS MAINLINE/CENTERLINE DENOTES C/A INSIDE/WITHIN THE R/W).
L	ARC LENGTH		
LT.	LEFT	↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓↓	LOCATION AT WHICH ACCESS TO THE FREEWAY IS PERMITTED BY THE STATE
P.C.	POINT OF CURVATURE	<u>•••••</u>	SUBDIVISION BOUNDARY
P.C.C.	POINT OF COMPOUND CURVATURE		
PE	PERMANENT EASEMENT		RESERVATION OR PARK BOUNDARY
P/L	PROPERTY LINE		
P.O.B.	POINT OF BEGINNING		STATE LINE
P.O.C.	POINT ON CURVE		COUNTY LINE
P.O.E.	POINT OF ENDING		
P.O.T.	POINT ON TANGENT		CITY OR TOWN LIMITS
P.R.C.	POINT OF REVERSE CURVATURE		
P.T.	POINT OF TANGENCY		SECTION LINE
R	RADIUS		1/4 SECTION LINE
REM.	REMAINDER		1/16 SECTION LINE
RT.	RIGHT		
R/W	RIGHT-OF-WAY		1/64 SECTION LINE
TE	TEMPORARY EASEMENT		1/256 SECTION LINE
		x x x	FENCE LINE
MAP ID NO.: 27411 \District 2\73475\037_Ri	ghtOfWay\RW Plans\73475_Sheet2.dgn		





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Nevada Department of Transportation Roadway Design Division



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PARCEL NO. PREFIX: U-050-LY-

025.195

P.O.B. = 188.00' RT. "X2" 1389+38.54 P.O.T. TIE: N. 30° 31'58" E. - 6,140.23' FROM THE SW COR. SEC. 33, T. 18 N., R. 24 E., M.D.M.

\bigcirc	S. 65°10'53" W 409.56'
OB	N. 0°50'13" E 116.48'
Œ	N. 65° 10'53'' E 152.80'
(OF)	S. 87° 50'51'' E 231.51'

025.195TE1

P.(Tie SW	D.B. = 188.00'RT. "X2" 1386+05.00 P.O.T. E N. 28°40'53" E 5,868.90'FROM THE / COR. SEC. 33, T. 18 N., R. 24 E., M.D.M.
66	N. 65° 10'53'' E 50.00'
07	S. 24° 49'07'' E 52.00'
<u></u>	0 050 4015 7H HK 50 001

(DI) S. 65° 10'53'' W. - 50.00' (DJ) N. 24° 49'07'' W. - 52.00'

025.195TE2

P.O.B. = 188.00' RT. "X2" 1389+38.54 P.O.T. TIE: N. 30° 31'58" E. - 6,140.23' FROM THE SW COR. SEC. 33, T. 18 N., R. 24 E., M.D.M.

6	R	S. 87° 50'51'' E 189.62'	
6)	S. 2°09'09" W 23.56'	
Ć	M	N. 87°48'07" W 235.55'	
6	Ŋ	N. 65°10'53'' E 51.54'	

025.239

P.O.B. = 188.00' RT. "X2" 1389+38.54 P.O.T. TIE: N. 30° 31'58" E. - 6,140.23' FROM THE SW COR. SEC. 33, T. 18 N., R. 24 E., M.D.M.

0F)	N. 879	' 50'51''	W. –	231.51'
\odot	N. 65°	10'53''	E. –	66.15'
P	S. 879	' 50'51''	E. –	220.49'
ED	S. 879	50'51''	E. –	11.03'
\bigcirc	S. 65°	10'53''	W. –	66.15'

	025.289TE1
P.(TIE E	D.B. = 183.00'RT. "X2" 1389+94.86 P.O.T. : S. 40°33'18" W 3,364.91 FROM THE 1/4 COR. SEC. 28, T. 18 N., R. 24 E., M.D.M
OR	N. 65° 10'53'' E 46.14'
05	S. 86° 19'17'' E 100.61'
OT	S. 2°09'09" W 18.25'
\odot	N. 87° 50'51'' W 130.67'
(ED)	N. 87° 50'51'' W 11.03'

MAP ID NO.: 27411	
District 2\73475\037_RightOfWay\RW	Plans\73475_Sheet40.dgn

	026.748
P.C TIE NE	D.B. = 1,081.32'LT. "X2" 1470+70.37 P.O.T : S. 43° 47'37" W 937.25'FROM THE COR. SEC. 27, T. 18 N., R. 24 E., M.D.M.
FD	S. 0°06'37" E 46.49'
FE	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
Ð	S. 58° 48'57'' E 12.06'
FG	S. 11° 37'42'' W 98.21'
Ŧ	S. 89°54'56" W 14.34'
FI	S. 0°05'04'' E 460.01'
FJ	S. 89° 33'27'' W 70.00'
FK	N. 0°05'04" W 477.22
FL	$\Delta = 40^{\circ} 45' 32''$ R = 235.00' L = 167.17'

026.808

FM N. 89° 33'27'' E. - 52.61'

P.(Tie NE	D.B. = 1,081.32'LT."X2" 1470+70.37 P.O.T. S. 43° 47'37" W 937.25'FROM THE COR. SEC. 27, T. 18 N., R. 24 E., M.D.M.
F	S. 89° 33'27'' W 52.61'
FZ	$\Delta = 17^{\circ} 01'39''$ R = 235.00' L = 69.84' T.B. = N. 40° 40'28'' E.
FO	S. 0° 04'22'' W 45.07'

026.813

P.O.B. = 1,081.32' LT. "X2" 1470+70.37 P.O.T TIE: S. 43° 47'37" W. - 937.25' FROM THE NE COR. SEC. 27, T. 18 N., R. 24 E., M.D.M.

E	N. 89° 33'27'' E 66.61'
FQ	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
Ð	N. 0°06'37" W 46.49

P.O.B.

029.085	
= 200.00' LT. "X2" 1591+43.07	P.O.T.
0° 30'57" E. – 1,528.65' FROM	THE

TIE: S. 0° 30'57'' E 1,528.65' FROM THE	
NW COR. SEC. 19, T. 18 N., R. 25 E., M.D.M.	

(A) S. 0° 36'32'' W 91.90'	
B S. 65° 10'53'' W 33.2	2'
C N. 0° 36'32'' E. – 91.90'	
D N. 65° 10'53'' E. – 33.22	2'

P.O.B. = 200.00'LT. "X2" 1591+43.07 P.O.T. TIE: S. 0° 30'57" E. - 1,528.65' FROM THE NW COR. SEC. 19, T. 18 N., R. 25 E., M.D.M.

E	N. 0° 36'32'' E 101.87'
F	N. 65° 10'53'' E 31.72'
ତ	S. 24°49'07" E 92.00'
$\overline{-}$	S. 24° 49'07'' E 83.00'
\bigcirc	S. 65° 10'53'' W 114.92'
(A)	N. 0° 36'32'' E 91.90'

029.091TE1

P.O.B. = 200.00' LT. "X2" 1591+43.07 P.O.T. TIE: S. 0° 30'57" E. - 1,528.65' FROM THE NW COR. SEC. 19, T. 18 N., R. 25 E., M.D.M.

E	N. 0° 36'32" E 33.22'
F	N. 65° 10'53'' E 61.20'
6	S. 24° 49'07'' E 30.00'
(H)	S. 65° 10'53'' W 75.46'

029.111

P.O.B. = 200.00'LT. "X2" 1593+68.54 P.O.T. TIE: S. 8° 39'36" E. - 1,450.48'FROM THE NW COR. SEC. 19, T. 18 N., R. 25 E., M.D.M.

	S. 24°49'07'' E 83.00'
M	S. 65°10'53" W 150.00'
\bigcirc	N. 24°49'07'' W 83.00'
(k)	N. 65° 10'53'' E 150.00'

029.138

P.(TIE NW	D.B. = 200.00'LT. "X2" 1593+68.54 P.O.T. S. 8° 39'36" E 1,450.48'FROM THE COR. SEC. 19, T. 18 N., R. 25 E., M.D.M.
(z)	N. 65° 10'53'' E 50.00'
\bigcirc	S. 24° 49'07" E 83.00'
P	S. 65°10'53" W 50.00'
	N. 24°49'07" W 83.00'

029.147

P.C TIE NW	D.B. = 200.00'LT. "X2" 1595+68.54 P.O.T. S. 16° 30'05" E 1,407.99'FROM THE COR. SEC. 19, T. 18 N., R. 25 E., M.D.M.
R	S. 24° 49'07'' E 83.00'
(\mathbb{S})	S. 65° 10'53" W 150.00'
\bigcirc	N. 24° 49'07" W 83.00'
\bigcirc	N. 65° 10'53'' E 150.00'

029.	174

STATE NEVADA

TIE: S. 16° 30'05" E 1,407.99' FROM THE	Р.О.В.	= 200	.00'LT.	''X2''	1595+6	8.54	P.0.T
	TIE: S.	16° 30	'05" E.·	- 1,40	7.99' F	ROM	THE
NW COR. SEC. 19, T. 18 N., R. 25 E., M.D.M.	NW CC	DR. SE	С. 19, Т.	18 N.,	R. 25	E., M.	.D.M.

(\mathbb{I})	N. 65° 10'53'' E 50.00'	
\bigcirc	S. 24° 49'07'' E 83.00'	
\bigcirc	S. 65° 10'53'' W 50.00'	
R	N. 24° 49'07'' W 83.00'	

029.183

P.0.	B. =	200.0	0'LT.	. ''X	2''	159	7+1	8.54	1	P.O.T.	
TIE:	S. 22	2° 36'4	45" E.	-	1,39	94.2	22'	FRO	М	THE	
NW	COR	. SEC.	19, T.	18	Ν.,	R.	25	Ε.,	М.	D.M.	

(X)	S. 24° 49'07'' E 83.00'
\bigcirc	S. 65° 10'53" W 100.00'
\bigcirc	N. 24°49'07'' W 83.00'
(W)	N. 65° 10'53'' E 100.00'

029.201

P.0.B	. = 2	200.00'	LT. "X	(2" 159	97+18.5	54 P.O.T.
TIE: S	5. 22	° 36'45'	'E	1,394.	22' FR	OM THE
NW (COR.	SEC. 19	, T. 18	N., R.	25 E.	, M.D.M.
\frown						

(Z)	N. 65° 10'53'' E. – 80.00'
(A)	S. 24° 49'07'' E 83.00'
AB	S. 65° 10'53" W 80.00'
(X)	N. 24°49'07'' W 83.00'

029.215

P.O.B. = 115.81' LT. "X2" 1601+00.34 P.O.C. TIE: S. 37° 17'03" E. - 1,511.82' FROM THE NW COR. SEC. 19, T. 18 N., R. 25 E., M.D.M.

AD	S. 65°10'53" W 300.00'
(AA)	N. 24°49'07'' W 83.00'
Æ	N. 65° 10'53'' E 31.22'
(AF)	N. 78° 32'12" E 276.25'
AC	S. 24° 49'07'' E 19.19'

	DATE OF LAST	REVISIO
	R,	W DI
I IEVADA	TRACED	AKR
<i>LIDOT</i>	CHECKED	
	PHONE (775)	888-74

E.A. NO.	PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
60715	NHP-050-2(016)	LYON	RW40

029	215	TF1
020		

P.O.B. = 115.81'LT. "X2" 1601+00.34 P.O.C. TIE: S. 37° 17'03'' E. - 1,511.82' FROM THE NW COR. SEC. 19, T. 18 N., R. 25 E., M.D.M. (AC) N. 24° 49'07'' W. - 19.19' (AG) S. 78° 32'12" W. - 50.99' (AH) N. 24° 49'07" W. - 22.65' A N. 65° 10'53'' E. - 95.00' (AJ) S. 24° 49'07'' E. - 34.00' (AK) N. 65° 10'53'' E. - 171.00' AL) N. 24°49'07'' W. - 16.00' (AM) N. 65° 10'53'' E. - 64.89' (AN) S. 52° 32'33'' E. - 40.24'

029.340

P.O.B. = 103.91' LT. "X2" 1604+92.00 P.O.C. TIE: S. 50° 42'57" E. - 1,640.97' FROM THE NW COR. SEC. 19, T. 18 N., R. 25 E., M.D.M.

S. 65° 10'53'' W. - 300.00'

ſΔſ

43	N. 52 52 55 W 44.00	
AP	N. 37°27'27" E 53.00'	
\overline{AQ}	N. 61° 25'12'' E 108.34'	
AR	S. 37°27'27" W 152.00'	
		_



PARCEL NO. PREFIX: U-050-LY-			Р	ROPERT	Y SCHED	ULE	ALL AREAS A	RE SHOWN IN	ET	PROJECT NO.			E.A. NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
	I	00000	STATE O	F NEVADA D	EPT. OF TRANS	PORTATION	UNLESS OTH	ERWISE NOTE	ED		SPI	-050-2(01	9)	73475	LYON	RW44			
PARCEL NO	. GRANTOR	AREA OF ACQSN.	R/W AREA	EXCESS AREA	LT.	AINDER RT.	ACC INST. OR DOC.	UISITION D BK. PG.	DATA DATE TYPE	AREA	INST. OR DOC.	D DATA BK. PG.	DATE TYPE		REMARKS				
025.023	THE WHITE FAMILY TRUST	23,296	23,296			3.21 AC.			3/22/18 GBS					TOTAL ACQUIS	SITION				
025.065	NASHLUND, BRETT A. & JENNIFER	57492	57492				586032		9/11/18 GBS					TOTAL ACQUIS	SITION				
025.107	LACOE, ANTHONY G.	23,292	23,292			54,321	579727		04/27/18 GBS										
025.126	LYON COUNTY	7,508	7,508											GREELEY AVE	NUE				
025.128TE1	PLEASANT SPRING PROPERTIES LLC													PARCEL DELET 05/16/18	PARCEL DELETED PER R/W DELETION MEMO, DATE 05/16/18				
025.149	ENTRUST ADMINISTRATION, INC ET AL.	21,291	21,291			67,266	586326		9/18/18 GBS										
025.149TE1	ENTRUST ADMINISTRATION, INC ET AL.	586					586327		9/18/18 EASE					TEMPORARY C	CONSTRUCTION EASEMEN	IT			
025.183	LYON COUNTY	6,989	6,989											MULBERRY ST	REET				
025.195	LEIALOHA, ROY B. SR., AND HELEN G.	29,523	29,523			8.32 AC.													
025.195TE1	LEIALOHA, ROY B. SR., AND HELEN G.	2,600	2,600											TEMPORARY C	CONSTRUCTION EASEMEN	IT			
025.195TE2	LEIALOHA, ROY B. SR., AND HELEN G.	4,991	4,991											TEMPORARY C	CONSTRUCTION EASEMEN	IT			
025.217TE1	DITMARS, KERRY D.													PARCEL DELETED PER R/W SETTING REVISION # DATED 1/30/18					
025.231TE1	GOWINS, ROBERT & MOHNI, ROBERT LEE													PARCEL DELET DATED 1/30/18	TED PER R/W SETTING RE	EVISION #4,			
025.239	LYON COUNTY	6,946	6,946											SPRUCE AVEN	UE				
025.289TE1	TAYLOR, JOHN BOYD	2,401					580850		05/18/18 EASE					TEMPORARY C	CONSTRUCTION EASEMEN	ΙT			
025.750TE1	LYON COUNTY													PARCEL DELET DATED 12/20/10	TED PER R/W SETTING RE 8	EVISION #2,			
025.767TE1	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	1,669												TEMPORARY C	CONSTRUCTION EASEMEN	IT			
025.768	LYON COUNTY	3,323	3,323											TOPAZ STREE	г				
025.773	HALL, GEORGE R. & MARY B.	5,642	5,642		3.15AC		580482		05/15/18 GBS										
025.773TE1	HALL, GEORGE R. & MARY B.	166					580483		05/15/18 EASE					TEMPORARY C	CONSTRUCTION EASEMEN	IT			
025.836	ANTLES, CARL D. & GENEVIEVE M.	2,923	2,923		2.42AC		579143		04/13/18 GBS										
025.905	H. SIEGEL & R. DENN TRUST	2,923	2,923		54,074		571533		10/19/17 DEED										
025.906	MONTOOTH TRUST	6966	6966			59566	584567		08/09/18 GBS					TO BE DEEDED	TO LYON COUNTY				
	27411							. <u>(</u> `TTT	• 			00/16/1	0 646	DEPT. OF TRANSPOR	STATE OF NEVAL RTATION DATE: JUNE 12, 2017 R/W PLANS	CALY-04 RW DIVISION			

15.0 Permanent Striping Details.

General. The permanent pavement marking sheets show the necessary details for the correct placement of materials used to permanently mark the surfaces of finished public traveled ways. This work normally consists of lane striping, crosswalks, stop and yield bars, words and symbols.

Permanent Striping Detail Guidelines. The permanent pavement marking sheets shall generally be arranged in the same order as the roadway plan sheets. The use of match lines can be used as appropriate. Indicate the color, pattern, and width of lines (if greater than 4-inches). Double lines such as double solid yellow line, should be indicated.

The striping plan layout should be based on the post construction condition. If the project is staged, each stage must be shown separately and the stages identified in the title block of the associated sheets.

Markings to be placed by state forces shall be shown separately from contracted work and the title blocks shall include the phrase "By State Forces."

All temporary pavement markings shall be included in the traffic control plans.

Location control lines, stationing, and station designations shall be shown. Lane widths shall be dimensioned from the alignment. The limits of each stripe should be marked with a "plus station" (i.e. +62) to the nearest foot. When alignments are not available, it is acceptable to dimension from edge of pavement.

Show any edges of pavement, curb faces (including channeling islands), intersections, approaches, driveways, curb access ramps and railroad crossings. Also show street names of major driveways or approaches.

Show all stripes, directional arrows, railroad crossing markings, special lane use symbols, chevrons, dual and triple left turn guide lines, dual right turn guide lines, stop bars and crosswalks. Special marking details, such as new types of symbols, should be located in the permanent pavement marking sheets.

Each sheet that contains a crosswalk and/or stop bar shall also include the following note:

The locations of crosswalks and stop bars are controlled by the associated curb ramps per Standard Plan Sheet ST-7 unless indicated otherwise. Refer to the structure list for exact locations of curb ramps.

If applicable, place the following note on each sheet:

Lane widths shall be measured from the control line, shoulder dimensions are for reference only.

Permanent Striping Detail Particulars.

1) Curb ramps shall be shown in conjunction with the crosswalks in a manner that correlates to the proposed location of the curb ramp. Where crosswalks are skewed to the curb line the associated curb ramps or island openings shall be shown as being oriented in the direction of pedestrian travel, not perpendicular to the curb.

2) Sheet numbering for the permanent striping details shall begin with ST1. Multiple sheets shall be numbered ST1, ST2, ST3, etc.





















16.0 Traffic Control.

General. The traffic control plans show the sequence of operation, work to be performed, materials to be used, and the traveled way to be used for all movements of traffic during each construction phase.

Traffic Control Guidelines. Traffic control plans should show detours, phasing sequences, staging areas, and traffic operations. The work zones shall be clearly delineated.

Each phase or sequence of construction should show existing roadbeds and those roadbeds completed on a previous phase. Show the construction work zone, number of lanes, and direction of traffic on each respective phase.

Existing roads or detours that have been replaced by permanent construction in previous phases shall not be shown on subsequent phases.

Location control lines, stationing, and station designation shall be shown. Lane widths shall be measured from the control line.

Plans should contain sufficient alignment, profiles, and typical cross sections to construct temporary roadways in the phasing sequence shown. It is not necessary to show profiles and typical cross sections if they are clearly shown elsewhere in the project plans. However, if they are not shown in the traffic control plans, reference should be made to the appropriate sheet.

Show existing infrastructure or topography that is necessary to rationalize the proposed improvements.

Work zones and traffic devices shall be clearly defined with appropriate symbols and area patterning. Legends shall be provided to define area patterning and symbols where appropriate.

If utility installation or relocation work by others is to be coordinated with the contractors operations, such work shall be shown on the plans and designated as work to be done by others. Cross-reference should be made to the utility sheet that applies.

In General, NDOT utilizes 3 types of Temporary Traffic Control (TTC) within its plans:

- Contractor Furnished Lump Sum TTC plans should be developed to the 60% 80% level to develop the estimate and show that a TC plan is possible within the restrictions set forth in the Specifications. No sheets will be included in the contract.
- Full TTC Plans this is a detailed set of plans showing work zones, signs and their locations, and devices, and is to be broken out by phase. A TTC Matrix is also included, showing devices and signs broken out by phase, with a highest use total for each bid item.
- Hybrid TTC this includes plan sheets showing a diagram of the phases and stages but does not show signs and devices. A TTC Matrix should still be included.

The traffic control sheets shall be arranged in the following order:

- Traffic control device matrix
- Phasing and staging diagram (if applicable)
- Advanced Signing
- Traffic control plans
- Special sign details (if applicable)
- Detour Plans (if applicable)

The traffic control matrix shows the various quantities of materials needed for each phase or stage of the traffic control and is to be included in the plans. The matrix summarizes the totals that will be used on the contract, irrespective of the number of phases and stages on the contract to obtain a use total.

The traffic control plans shall include temporary drainage, temporary signing, temporary striping, pavement widening, and temporary lighting requirements. Modifications of existing traffic signals or installation of temporary signals may be required for each stage of construction. If deemed necessary, electrical plan sheets should be provided to cross-reference the appropriate electrical plans.

Show all traffic control devices, including but not limited to, construction signs, alterations to permanent signs and special sign details, drums and/or cones, barricades, traffic barriers and crash cushions, arrow boards, signal systems and changeable message boards, flagger stations and uniformed traffic control officers, and pavement markings.

Traffic Control Particulars.

1) Sheet numbering for the traffic control sheets shall begin with TC1. Multiple sheets shall be numbered TC1, TC2, TC3, etc.

					TRA	AFFIC CONTR	OL SR 431	& SR 28								
SIGN NO	SIGN MESSAGE	PANEL	x	PANEL	PANEL AREA		PHASE 2				PHASE 3		PHASE 4	PHASE 5	MISC	Γ
olon no.			 ^	(IN)	(SQFT)	THACET	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	THAOL 4		MICO	
R1-2	YIELD	36	Х	36	9.00					3	3	3	3	3		
R2-1B	30 MPH	36	Х	48	12.00	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	
W3-4	30 MPH SPEED ZONE AHEAD	36	Х	36	9.00	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	
W20-1	ROAD WORK AHEAD	36	Х	36	9.00	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7		
W20-5R	ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD	36	Х	36	9.00		3	3	3	1	3		3			
W20-7A	FLAGGER SYMBOL	36	Х	36	9.00	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	1	
W21-5	SHOULDER WORK	36	Х	36	9.00	3	3			2		3		3	1	
W23-2	NEW TRAFFIC PATTERN AHEAD	36	Х	36	9.00					3	3	3	3	3		
WNV16-2	BEGIN WORK ZONE	48	Х	24	8.00	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
WNV16-3	END WORK ZONE	48	Х	24	8.00	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	
WNV16-4	30 MINUTE DELAY POSSIBLE	48	Х	36	12.00	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		Г
WNV17-1	DOUBLE PENALTY IN WORK ZONE	36	Х	36	9.00	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
WNV29-1	PREPARE TO STOP	36	Х	36	9.00	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		

																SUB TOTAL:	408.00
-																	
BICYCLE DETOUR (TO BE INPLACE DURING ALL PHASES AND STAGES OF CONTRUCTION, SEE TC1B FOR LAYOUT)																	
		PANEL	Y	PANEL	PANEL AREA			PHASE 2			PHASE 3				MICO	USE	SOFT
SIGN NO.	SIGN MESSAGE	(IN)	(IN) ^	(IN)	(SQFT)	FRASET	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	FHASE 4	PHASE 5	Milee	TOTAL	JULI
M4-8B	END	24	Х	12	2.00	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6		6	12.00
M4-9CL	BICYCLES DETOUR LEFT	30	Х	24	5.00	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13		13	65.00
M4-9CR	BICYCLES DETOUR RIGHT	30	Х	24	5.00	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14		14	70.00
SPCL	BICYCLES DETOUR AHEAD (SEE TC1B FOR SPECS.)	36	Х	36	9.00	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3	27.00
SPCL	BICYCLES DETOUR INCLINE VILLAGE, TAHOE CITY & RENO (SEE TC1B FOR SPECS.)	36 36	х	48 42	12 10.5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3	33.00
		-	-	-	-	_	-			-			-	-	-	SUB TOTAL:	207.00
																	045.00
												TO	TAL FROM TR	RAFFIC CONTR	ROL & BICYCI	_E DETOUR:	615.00
																USE TOTAL:	620.00

	DESCRIPTION	UNIT PHASE 1	PHASE 1	PHASE 2		PHASE 3				PHASE 5	MISC	T	
BIDITEM	BEGONII HON		STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	THASE 4		Milee		
625 0130	RENT CONSTRUCTION BARRICADES (TYPE IIIB)	EACH				3							Τ
625 0140	RENT TRAFFIC CONES	EACH	100	100	130	110	75	75	0	85	30		
625 0230	RENT CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EACH	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
625 0260	RENT ARROW BOARD (TYPE B)	EACH	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
625 0540	RENT WATER FILLED BARRIER	LINFT	1700				1000	1000	400				Τ
636 0180	TEMPORARY PAINTED STRIPING (SOLID WHITE)	LINFT					4450						T
636 0220	TEMPORARY PAINTED STRIPING (12-INCH SOLID WHITE)	LINFT				24							
636 0250	TEMPORARY PAINTED STRIPING (SOLID YELLOW)	LINFT					1350						T
636 0310	TEMPORARY PAINTED STRIPING (DOUBLE SOLID YELLOW)	LINFT					1800		650				Τ

TRAFFIC CONTROL PAG	GE LAYOUT (S	EE TC1A FOR	PAGE LAY	YOUT)						
STATIONS			PHASE 2			PHASE 3				
514110105	ROUTE	FHASET	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	FHASE 4	FRASE 5
"P" 148+72 -"P" 161+70 & "P" 204+40 - "P" 218+00	28	TC2		TC2			TC2		TC18	TC21
"P" 161+70 - "P" 176+00 & "P" 189+66 - "P" 204+40	28	TC3	т	C6	TC10	TC12	TC14	TC16	TC19	TC22
"P" 176+00 -"P" 189+66 & "L1" 10+00 - "L1" 23+15	28 / 431	TC4	TC7	TC9	TC11	TC13	TC15	TC17	TC20	TC23
"L1" 23+15 - "L1" 51+00	431	TC5		TC8		TC5	TC8	TC5	TC8	TC5

NOTES:

1. QUANTITIES SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE AND ARE SUBJECT TO INCREASE OR DECREASE. ADDITIONAL SIGNS, NOT LISTED, MAY BE REQUIRED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

- 2. FOR DETAILS AND DIMENSIONS NOT SHOWN SEE STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD PLANS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION 20XX ENGLISH VERSION AND NEVADA
- SIGN SUPLEMENT 20XX EDITION.
- TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE M.U.T.C.D. 20XX AND NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD PLANS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION 20XX ENGLISH VERSION.

NOTES TO DESIGNER

1) DO YOU NEED TC OPERATION FOR PLACEMENT OF OPEN GRADE.

2) TOTAL NUMBER OF TC DEVICES IS BASED ON CONCURRENT WORK AND MISC. TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (LIST UNDER NOTES).

3) THIS FORMAT MAY BE ALTERED TO FIT PROJECT NEEDS.

4) INCLUDE TEMPORARY STRIPING WHEN IT IS TO BE PAID FOR.

5) USE THE PHASE #/ STAGE # NAMING CONVENTION.

6) EXPLAIN QUANTITIES IN THE MISC. COLUMN.

MATRIX

STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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150 3 3 1700 4450 24	
150 3 1700 4450 24 1350	

USE TOTAL	SQFT
3	27.00
3	36.00
3	27.00
7	63.00
3	27.00
4	36.00
3	27.00
3	27.00
3	24.00
3	24.00
3	36.00
3	27.00
3	27.00
B TOTAL:	408.00

USE TOTAL	SQFT
3	27.00
3	36.00
3	27.00
7	63.00
3	27.00
4	36.00
3	27.00
3	27.00
3	24.00
3	24.00
3	36.00
3	27.00
3	27.00
TOTAL	100.00

STATE	PROJECT NO.	COUNTY
NEVADA	SI-0028(007)	WASHOE

SHEE NO. TC1

_	- LEGEND -		-
—	PHASE 1:	Median Paving	
—	PHASE 2:	Trench/Widen Outside Shoulders	
—	PHASE 2A:	Detour Construction	
	PHASE 3:	3 3/4" Mill & Fill on #3 Lanes + Outside Shoulders	
—	PHASE 3A:	3 3/4" Mill & Fill on #2 Lanes	
	PHASE 3B:	3 3/4" Mill & fill on #1 Lanes + Inside Shoulders	
-	PHASE 4:	Bridge Construction + Mainline Profiling	
-	PHASE 5:	Ramps Construction	
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17.0 Signal, Lighting, and Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS).

General. The signal, lighting, and ITS sheets show the necessary details for constructing the associated proposed public traffic information systems, signal and lighting systems. This work normally consists of systems requiring energizing and/or special communication and data connections.

Signal, Lighting, and Intelligent Transportation Systems Guidelines. The Signal, Lighting, and ITS section of the Traffic Operations Division or the local agency supplies signal and lighting sheets. Upon completion, these plans are supplied to Roadway Design for incorporation into the contract plans.

The information provided to the traffic designer will show the locations of all new and existing features such as geometrics, right-of-way, drainage, and bridges so that these features can be taken into account in the signal, lighting, and ITS design.

Refer to the current NDOT Signal, Lighting, and ITS Design Guide for additional details and example sheets. The guide can be found at <u>https://www.nevadadot.com/home/showpublisheddocument?id=17155</u>.

Signal, Lighting, and Intelligent Transportation Systems Particulars.

1) Sheet numbering for the signals, lighting, and ITS typically begin with T1 with multiple sheets numbered T1, T2, T3, etc. For larger projects, sheets labeled with LT and ITS may also be used. Refer to the NDOT Signal, Lighting, and ITS Design Guide for further information about sheet numbering.

18.0 Permanent Signing.

General. The purpose of the sign sheets is to convey information necessary to locate, remove, reset, and install signing that is used as the primary mechanism for regulating, warning and guiding traffic.

Permanent Signing Guidelines. The Signs, Striping and Traffic Control section of the Traffic Operations Division prepares sign sheets showing the necessary information for the removal of existing signs, new sign locations, special details, sign panel and overhead sign structure details, milepost panel locations, general notes and sign quantities. Upon completion, these plans are supplied to Roadway Design for incorporation into the contract plans. Contact the Signs, Striping, and Traffic Control Engineer for additional guidelines not shown in this guide.

Permanent Signing Particulars. The sign plan layout shall generally be arranged in the same order as the roadway plan sheets. The use of match lines or break lines can be used as appropriate. All sign plan sheets should show location control lines, stationing, and station designations should be shown in black.

Sign removal sheets should include existing features such as edge of pavement, right of way (when practical), north arrows, and street names shown in green. Existing striping should be shown in green, when possible. Existing signs to be removed or reset should be shown in black and should indicate the location with the corresponding sign symbol and be labeled using page number followed by the sign number and the letter R. Signs that will not be disturbed should be shown in green and labeled with a "D" in place of the sign number.

Sign location sheets should include the same existing features shown on the removal sheets shown in green. New features such as new edge of pavement for widening, guardrail, barrier rail, and new striping should be shown in black. New sign locations should be shown in black and should indicate the location with the corresponding sign symbol and be labeled using page number and followed by the sign number. Signs that will not be disturbed should be shown in green and labeled with a "D" in place of the sign number.

Only features that affect construction and are essential for field orientation of the plan should be shown. Topography should be confined to that portion within the right-of-way and a small portion outside of those limits as needed for clarity, such as side streets, approaches, parking lots, etc.

Common features that may be shown as applicable include; buildings, roads, streets, railroads, rivers, streams, utilities, trees, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, etc. In the event that relocation or disposition of these items is included in the project, the plan should show the present and proposed location.

Sign sheets should be oriented so that stationing progresses from left to right. When stationing runs in the opposite direction from the mileposts, the plans should read in the direction of the stationing.

Selection of a scale should be adequate to show all the necessary details as governed by the topography and the complexity of the work. Generally, the plan views should be printed to a scale of one-inch equals 100 feet (1" = 100'), although certain cases may require a larger or smaller scale.

Sheet numbering The sign sheets should be numbered beginning with TS1-TSXX and ordered as follows:

- 1. Sign Removals
- 2. Sign Locations
- 3. Sign Panel Details
- 4. Overhead Structure Details (if applicable to the project)
- 5. Special Details (if applicable to the project)
- 6. Milepost Index
- 7. Sign General Notes
- 8. Sign Summary







Nevada Department of Transportation Roadway Design Division











STATE	PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	SHE NC
NEVADA	NHPP-STBG-093-5(008)	ELKO	TS









66 6.0" Radius, 1.0" Border, White on Green; [Wells] E Mod; [26] E Mod; [Ely] E Mod 75% spacing; [161] E Mod;

2-3



[Jackpot] E Mod; [41] E Mod; [Twin Falls] E Mod 75% spacing; [88] E Mod;





4.5 3.6 4.5 24 3.0" Radius, 1.0" Border, White on Green; [US 93] B 60% spacing;



Nevada Department of Transportation Roadway Design Division

STATE	PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
NEVADA	NHPP-STBG-093-5(008)	ELKO	TS6

STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SIGN DETAILS



12.0" Radius, 2.0" Border, White on Green; [VA Medical] E Mod; [Center] E Mod; [EXIT] E; [52A] E;

17-2



12.0" Radius, 2.0" Border, White on Green;

[WEST] E Mod; [1/4] E Mod; [Tropical Pkwy] E Mod; [1/2] E Mod; [Speedway Blvd] E Mod; [2] E Mod; [1/4] E Mod;

17-3





12.0" Radius, 2.0" Border, White on Green; [Tropical] E Mod; [Pkwy] E Mod; Arrow 16-2LV - 35.6" 135°;

21-2

	STATE	PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
	NEVADA	DE-0003(139)	CLARK	TS33
	<u> </u>	A	A (A)
		× 120		
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L 120 6.0° Radius, 2.0° Border, White on Green; [EXIT] E; [52] E; [B] E; 12.0° Radius, 2.0° Border, White on Green; [Tropical] E Mod; [Pkwy] E Mod; [1/s] E; [MILE] E;

← 26.8 → 18.5 × 15 × 32.9 → 26.8 —

17-4







Nevada Department of Transportation Roadway Design Division



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 DENOTES A DATA FIELD OR EXAMPLE FIELD TO BE CHANGED OR COORESPOND WITH PROJECT INFO.

VANDALISM PROTECTION DETAILS

STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STATE	PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
NEVADA	DE-0003(139)	CLARK	TS49
	A	A	A

COUNTY	MILEPOST	LINE	STATION NUMBER	PANEL D	IRECTION	DESCRIPTION	NOTES
EL	99.00	"X"	0971+38.35	NORTH	SOUTH	18" x 54" ENHANCED MILEPOST PANEL, BLACK ON WHITE	
EL	99.60	"X"	1002+79.95	NORTH	SOUTH	8" X 24" STANDARD MILEPOST PANEL, BLACK ON WHITE	TRAIL EDGE B-577
EL	100.00	"X"	1024+18.35	NORTH	SOUTH	18" x 54" ENHANCED MILEPOST PANEL, BLACK ON WHITE	
EL	101.00	"X"	1076+98.35	NORTH	SOUTH	18" x 54" ENHANCED MILEPOST PANEL, BLACK ON WHITE	
EL	102.00	"X"	1129+78.35	NORTH	SOUTH	18" x 54" ENHANCED MILEPOST PANEL, BLACK ON WHITE	
EL	103.00	"X"	1182+58.35	NORTH	SOUTH	18" x 54" ENHANCED MILEPOST PANEL, BLACK ON WHITE	
EL	104.00	"X"	1235+38.35	NORTH	SOUTH	18" x 54" ENHANCED MILEPOST PANEL, BLACK ON WHITE	
EL	105.00	"X"	1288+18.35	NORTH	SOUTH	18" x 54" ENHANCED MILEPOST PANEL, BLACK ON WHITE	
EL	106.00	"X"	1340+98.35	NORTH	SOUTH	18" x 54" ENHANCED MILEPOST PANEL, BLACK ON WHITE	
EL	107.00	"X"	1393+78.35	NORTH	SOUTH	18" x 54" ENHANCED MILEPOST PANEL, BLACK ON WHITE	
EL	108.00	"X"	1446+58.35	NORTH	SOUTH	18" x 54" ENHANCED MILEPOST PANEL, BLACK ON WHITE	

NOTES:

1. REMOVE EXISTING MILEPOSTS AT NO DIRECT PAYMENT

2. MILEPOSTS SHALL BE PAID FOR UNDER BID ITEM 627 0190, PERMANENT SIGNS (GROUND MOUNTED) (METAL SUPPORTS).

3. SEE DM-3 OF THE NDOT STANDARD PLANS (2020) FOR DETAILS OF MILEPOSTS.

4. MILEPOST PANEL LOCATIONS ARE STATIONED IN THE CARDINAL DIRECTION OF THE ROUTE AND SHALL BE INSTALLED FOR BOTH DIRECTIONS.

5. ENHANCED REFERENCE PANELS AND STANDARD MILEPOST PANELS SHALL BE MOUNTED ON THE RIGHT SIDE OF THE ROAD FACING APPROACHING TRAFFIC.

6. ENHANCED REFERENCE PANELS MAY BE MOUNTED BACK-TO-BACK ON THE MEDIAN BARRIER RAIL WHEN THERE IS A MEDIAN BARRIER SEPARATION, OR A PHYSICAL CONSTRIANT PREVENTS INSTALLATION ON THE RIGHT SIDE.

7. MILEPOST PANELS AT COUNTY LINE LOCATIONS SHALL BE INSTALLED ONTO THE SAME POST AS THE COUNTY LINE DESIGNATION GUIDE SIGNS. FOR DETAILS ON INSTALLING MUTIPLE MILEPOST PANELS ONTO SIGN POSTS REFER TO THE STANDARD PLANS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION TRS-3. IF A COUNTY LINE DESIGNATION GUIDE SIGN IS NOT PRESENT, INSTALL THE TWO COUNTY LINE MILEPOST SIGNS SIDE BY SIDE ON A SINGLE TELSPAR POST REFER TO THE STANDARD PLANS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION DM-3. STANDARD MILEPOST US ENHANCED MILEPOST SR ENHANCED MILEPOST ENHANCED INTERSTATE M

STATE	PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
NEVADA	NHPP-STBG-093-5(008)	ELKO	TS7

MILEPOST QU	ANTITIES	
	NO. PANELS	SQ FT
Т	2	2.67
POST	20	120.00
POST	0	0.00
ATE MILEPOST	0	0.00
	TOTAL	122.67

STATE OF NEVADA

MILEPOST INDEX

PROJECT DE-0003(139)											
ITEM NO.	ITEM NO. DESCRIPTION										
627 0022	PERMANENT OVERHEAD SIGN PANEL, RECONSTRUCT	5	EACH								
627 0110	PERMANENT OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT STRUCTURES	1	LS								
627 0130	PERMANENT OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT STRUCTURES, REMOVE	7	EACH								
627 0150	PERMANENT SIGN PANELS (OVERHEAD)	4008	SQFT								
627 0160	PERMANENT SIGN PANELS (OVERHEAD)(REMOVE)	2357	SQFT								
627 0190	PERMANENT SIGNS (GROUND MOUNTED)(METAL SUPPORTS)	1662	SQFT								
627 0220	PERMANENT SIGN PANELS (PANELS ONLY)	36	SQFT								
627 0240	PERMANENT SIGNS, REMOVE	1666	SQFT								
627 0250	PERMANENT SIGNS, REMOVE (PANELS ONLY)	214	SQFT								
627 0260	PERMANENT SIGNS, RESET	25	SQFT								

SIGN GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR.
- 2. SIGNS - NEVADA SUPPLEMENT (2006).
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

- 8.
- 9.
- 10.
- 11. PRIOR TO THE CONTRACTOR'S ORDER FOR FABRICATION.

- 15.
- IN MUTCD (2009).
- WAY, SPARKS NV 89431, 755-834-8456

DENOTES A DATA FIELD OR EXAMPLE FIELD TO BE CHANGED OR COORESPOND WITH PROJECT INFO. **(**A)

STATE	PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
NEVADA	DE-0003(139)	CLARK	TS44
	A	A	A

POST LENGTHS, FOR ALL GROUND MOUNTED SIGNS, ARE CALCULATED USING AN ASSUMED CROSS-SLOPE AT THE SIGN BASE, AS INDICATED IN THE COLUMN MARKED "SLOPE" ON THE SUMMARY SHEET. POST LENGTHS NOTED ARE FOR ESTIMATION PURPOSES ONLY. POST LENGTHS SHALL BE FIELD VERIFIED AND CHECKED PRIOR TO THE ORDER OF THE POST BY

SIGN NUMBERS ARE TAKEN FROM THE MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (2009 & REVISIONS), STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGNS (2004 & REV) AND STANDARD HIGHWAY

MOUNTING HEIGHT SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON SHEET TRS-1 OF NDOT STANDARD PLANS (2020 EDITION), EXCEPT AS NOTED IN REMARKS COLUMN OF SIGN SUMMARY. POST LENGTHS FOR ALL GROUND MOUNTED SIGNS ARE CALCULATED TO THE NEAREST INCH.

SIGN INSTALLATIONS SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE NDOT STANDARD PLANS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION (2020 EDITION), ROADSIDE SIGNS.

SIGNS SHOWN IN PLANS WITH A D INDICATE SIGNS THAT ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE (DO NOT DISTURB). THEY ARE SHOWN FOR REFERENCE PURPOSES ONLY.

6. SIGNS SHOWN IN PLANS WITH AN R INDICATE SIGNS THAT ARE TO BE REMOVED.

7. SIGNS SHOWN IN PLANS WITH A T INDICATE SIGN INSTALLATIONS THAT ARE TEMPORARY.

ANY SIGN NOT SHOWN IN PLANS SHALL NOT BE DISTURBED.

ALL RESET SIGN PANELS SHALL BE INSTALLED ON NEW SUPPORTS.

ALL STREET NAME GUIDE SIGNS (SIGN NO. D3-1) SHALL HAVE THE SAME LEGEND BOTH SIDES, AND SHALL BE MOUNTED ON THE TOP OF THE SIGN POST, PARALLEL TO THE NAMED STREET.

FABRICATION DRAWINGS OF ALL OVERHEAD SIGNS SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER

12. FOR INSTALLATION AND CLEARANCE OF OVERHEAD SIGNS, SEE SHEETS TSXX.

13. EACH SIGN REQUIRING LIGHTING SHALL HAVE INDIVIDUAL PHOTO-ELECTRIC CELL.

14. OMIT WALKWAY ON OVERHEAD SIGNS RECEIVING LUMINAIRE RETRIEVAL SYSTEM.

ALL SIGNS INSTALLED ON A 3" ROUND POST SHALL USE Z BAR SIGN PANEL BRACING. REFERENCE TRS-4 OF THE STANDARD PLANS FOR DETAILS.

16. MOUNTING HEIGHT & DISTANCE TO EDGE OF SIGNS ON MULTIUSE PATH SHALL BE AS SHOWN

17. FOR STATE FUNISHED SIGN SHOWN IN THE SIGN SUMMARY, CONTACT NDOT SIGN SHOP TO ARRANGE FABRICATION AND PICK-UP A MINIMUM OF 10 DAYS PRIOR. DISTRICT 2, 310 GALLETTI

18. FOR OVERHEAD SIGN REPLACEMENT THE COST OF REMOVING OR MODIFYING AN EXISTING SIGN PANEL FRAME AND MANUFACTURING NEW SIGN PANEL FRAME, SIGN STRUTS, MOUNTING BRACKETS, MOUNTING HARDWARE, AND ANY OTHER RELATED WORK NECESSARY TO BRACKETS, MOUNTING HARDWARE, AND ANY OTHER RELATED WORK NECESSARY TO RETROFIT THE EXISTING SIGN STRUCTURE AND PANEL FRAME SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE BID ITEM 627 0022 "PERMANENT OVERHEAD SIGN PANEL, RECONSTRUCT", EACH. THE COST OF REMOVING THE EXISTING SIGN PANEL SHALL BE PAID FOR UNDER BID ITEM 627 0160 "PERMANENT SIGN PANELS (OVERHEAD) (REMOVE)", SOFT. THE COST OF THE NEW OVERHEAD SIGN PANEL SHALL BE PAID FOR UNDER BID ITEM 627 0150 "PERMANENT SIGN PANELS (OVERHEAD)", SQFT. THE COST OF RESETTING AN EXISTING SIGN PANEL SHALL BE PAID FOR UNDER BID ITEM 627 0170 "PERMANENT SIGN PANELS (OVERHEAD) (RESET)", SQFT.

		_	_		_										STATE PROJECT NO.	COUNTY		s	SHEET NO.	
		SI	G١		SUMMAR	? }			00			DEM	\sim		NEVADA NHPP-STBG-093- 5(008)	ELKO			TS 9	
		_	_						.00	AHOr	12	KEW	Uv/	AL3	**POST LENGTHS & TYPE ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL ESTIMATING PURPOSE ONLY. SEE GENERAL N					
	_	Leng	th (ft)	<i>(</i> 0	Post **	t. (ft)	utter		rea Ft.)	Now			rea Ft.)	Bomoval			Ľ	S Nu	Sign umber	
Remarks	Brace Length			Post	Type and Size (in)	ting H	Slope 🛛 🖉	Panel Size	nel Al Ial Sq.	Bid Item	Sign No.	Panel Size	nel Al Ial Sq.	Bid Item	Sign Message	Sign Station	catic	3	oval	
	(π)	Inner	Outer	# of		Mount	Curb	(in. x in.) w h	Par (Actu	Number		(in. x in.) w h	Par (Actu	Number			۲	Ne	Remo	
							:													
SEE SHEET TS7 FOR DETAILS								8 x 24	2.67	627 0190					STANDARD MILEPOST PANELS	VARIES				
SEE SHEET TS7 FOR DETAILS								18 x 48	120.00	627 0190					ENHANCED US MILEPOST PANELS	VARIES				
		12' 6"		1	3" RND SNGL POST	7	: 3:1 N	48 x 36	12.00	627 0190	GNV5-2				PASSING LANE 2 MILES	"X" 979+60	RT	2-1		
INSTALL ON SIGN ISLAND	20' 2"	17' 2"	19' 0"	2		7		108 x 36	27.00	627 0100	RNIV/8-3	108 x 36	27.00	627 0240	TURN ON HEADLIGHTS NEXT 24 MILES	"X" 1027+00	IT	2-2	1_1R	
	20 2	17 2	10 0	2		7			40.50	027 0130		100 X 30	27.00	021 0240				2-2	1-11	
		12. 9.		1	3" RND SNGL POST	1	3 : 1 N	66 X 36	16.50	627 0190	SPCL				WELLS 26 ELY 161	"X" 1043+68		2-3		
		14' 7"		1	3" RND SNGL POST	7	2:1 N :	36 x 48	12.00	627 0190	R2-1	36 x 48	12.00	627 0240	SPEED LIMIT 70	"X" 1048+77	LT	2-4	1-2R	
		12' 1"		1	2.5" SQ 12 GA POST	7	4 : 1 N	30 x 30	6.25	627 0190	W2-1				CROSS ROAD (SYMBOL)	"X" 1049+25	RT	2-5		
											SPCL	84 x 36	21.00	627 0240	JACKPOT 41 TWIN FALLS 88	"X" 1049+28	RT		1-3R	
											SPCL	54 x 36	13.50	627 0240	WELLS 26 ELY 161	"X" 1051+78	LT		1-4R	
								24 x 12	2.00	627 0190	M3-3				CARDINAL DIRECTION MARKER-SOUTH	"X" 1053+68	LT	2-6		
		12' 4"		1	2.5" SQ 12 GA POST	6	2:1 N :	24 x 24	4.00	627 0190	M1-4				U.S. ROUTE 93 MARKER					
							:				M3-3 M1-4	24 x 12 24 x 24	2.00	627 0240 627 0240	CARDINAL DIRECTION MARKER-SOUTH	"X" 1053+78	LT		1-5R	
		14' 10"		1		7	2 · 1 N	70 y 19	24.00	627 0200		70 y 19	24.00	627 0240		"V" 1054±69	1.7	27	1.60	
SFECIAL FIVOT FOST		14 10		-	FIVOT FOST	1	3.1 N	72 X 40	24.00	027 0200		12 X 40	24.00	027 0240		× 1034+00		2-1	1-01	
								24 x 12 24 x 12	2.00	627 0190 627 0190	D3-1 D3-1				US 93 (STREET NAME PLAQUE) US 93 (STREET NAME PLAQUE)	"X" 1056+72	RI	2-8	1-/R	
		12' 5"		1	3" RND SNGL POST	6	6:1 N :	36 x 36	7.46	627 0190	R1-1	36 x 36	7.46	627 0240	STOP					
		12' 4"		1	2.5" SQ 12 GA POST	6	3:1 N	36 x 36	7.46	627 0190	R1-1	36 x 36	7.46	627 0240	STOP	"X" 1056+90	LT	2-9	1-8R	
SPECIAL PIVOT POST		14' 10"		1	PIVOT POST	7	3:1 N	72 x 48	24.00	627 0200	RNV7-1	72 x 48	24.00	627 0240	CHAINS OR SNOW TIRES REQUIRED	"X" 1057+32	RT	2-10) 1-9R	
				_				24 x 12	2.00	627 0190	M3-1				CARDINAL DIRECTION MARKER-NORTH	"X" 1059+23	RT	2-11	1	
		11' 8"		1	2.5" SQ 12 GA POST	6	4 : 1 N :	24 x 24	4.00	627 0190	M1-4				U.S. ROUTE 93 MARKER					
		11' 10"		1	3" RND SNGL POST	7	4 : 1 N :	48 x 36	12.00	627 0190	GNV5-2				PASSING LANE 1/2 MILE	"X" 1060+59	RT	2-12	2	
											R2-1	36 x 48	12.00	627 0240	SPEED LIMIT 70	"X" 1062+26	RT		1-10R	
		12' 9"		1	2.5" SQ 12 GA POST	7	3 : 1 N	30 x 30	6.25	627 0190	W2-1			_	CROSS ROAD (SYMBOL)	"X" 1063+07	LT	2-13	3	
		13' 4"		1	3" RND SNGL POST	7	3:1 N	36 x 48	12.00	627 0190	R2-1				SPEED LIMIT 70	"X" 1064+21	RT	2-14	4	
	15' 0"	13' 2"	14' 0"	2	3" RND DBL POST BRACED	7	: 4:1 N	96 x 36	24.00	627 0190	SPCL				JACKPOT 41 TWIN FALLS 88	"X" 1069+22	RT	3-1		
		10' 0"	8' 0"	2	3" RND DBL POST BRACED	7	: -6:1 N	108 x 36	27.00	627 0190	RNV8-3	108 x 36	27.00	627 0240	TURN ON HEADLIGHTS NEXT 39 MILES	"X" 1083+75	RT	3-2	1-11R	
		12' 6"		1	3" RND SNGL POST	7	: 3:1 N	48 x 36	12.00	627 0190	GNV5-1				PASSING LANE AHEAD	"X" 1085+20	RT	3-3		
		11' 6"		1	2.5" SQ 12 GA POST	7	: 6:1 N	24 x 30	5.00	627 0190	R4-16				KEEP RIGHT EXCEPT TO PASS	"X" 1092+76	RT	3-4		
		11' 6"		1	2.5" SQ 12 GA POST	7	6 1 N	24 x 30	5.00	627 0190	R4-16				KEEP RIGHT EXCEPT TO PASS	"X" 1118+34	RT	3-5		
		141.6"		1	2.5" SQ 12 CA DOST	7			5.00	627 0100	D/ 16					"\" 4444.74	דם	2.6		
		441.0				-			5.00	027 0 190	D4-10							3-0		
		11.6"		1	2.5" SQ 12 GA POST	1	6:1 N	24 X 30	5.00	627 0190	K4-16					"X" 11/1+14	RI	3-7		
		11' 6"		1	2.5" SQ 12 GA POST	7	6:1 <u>N</u> :	24 x 30	5.00	627 0190	R4-16				KEEP RIGHT EXCEPT TO PASS	"X" 1197+54	RT	3-8		

			-			_										STATE PROJECT NO.	COUNTY		SHE	ET NO.
		SI	GI		SUMMAR	Y	/		NEWI	00		IS	RFM	OV/	ALS	NEVADA NHPP-STBG-093- 5(008)	ELKO			TS 10
	1				Doot **	~	1	.								**POST LENGTHS & TYPE ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL ESTIMATING PURPO	SE ONLY. SEE	GENI		DTES.
	Braco	Leng	th (ft)	s	Post	lt. (ft)		utter		rea I. Ft.)	New			rea I. Ft.)	Removal			u	Num	gn 1ber
Remarks	Length (ft) Inner Outer		# of Post	Type and Size (in)	Mounting H	Slope	Curb & G	Panel Size (in. x in.) w h	Panel A (Actual Sq	Bid Item Number	Sign No.	Panel Size (in. x in.) w h	Panel A (Actual Sq	Bid Item Number	Sign Message	Sign Station	Locati	New	Removal	
		11' 6"		1	2 5" SO 12 GA POST	7	6 • 1		24 x 30	5.00	627 0190	R4-16				KEEP RIGHT EXCEPT TO PASS	"X" 1223+0/	RT	3-0	
		441.0"				7	:			5.00	027 0100						IVI 4050-04		0-0	
		11 0			2.3 SQ 12 GA POST	-	6:		24 X 30	5.00	627 0190	R4-10					X 1250+34	RI	4-1	
		13' 5"		1	2.5" SQ 12 GA POST	1	6:1 :	I N	36 x 36	9.00	627 0190	W9-2L				LANE ENDS MERGE LEFT	"X" 1274+97	RI	4-2	
		13' 5"		1	2.5" SQ 12 GA POST	7	6:1	I N	36 x 36	9.00	627 0190	W4-2R				LANE ENDS (SYMBOL)	"X" 1281+22	RT	4-3	
		12' 1"		1	3" RND SNGL POST	7	6:1	I N	36 x 48	12.00	627 0190	R2-1				SPEED LIMIT 70	"X" 1301+22	RT	4-4	
		12' 1"		1	3" RND SNGL POST	7	6 : 1	I N	36 x 48	12.00	627 0190	R2-1				SPEED LIMIT 70	"X" 1301+22	LT	4-5	
												R2-1	36 x 48	12.00	627 0240	SPEED LIMIT 70	"X" 1305+55	RT		1-12R
				$\left \right $:	+				R2-1	36 x 48	12.00	627 0240	SPEED LIMIT 70	"X" 1305+55	LT		1-13R
		12' 1"		1	2.5" SQ 12 GA POST	7	6 : 1	I N	36 x 36	9.00	627 0190	W4-2R				LANE ENDS (SYMBOL)	"X" 1306+22	ΙT	4-6	
		10' 1"		1	2.5" SQ 12 CA POST	7			26 x 26	0.00	627 0100	W0 21					"V" 1212+40	 	47	
		12 1			2.5 SQ 12 GA FOST	-	:		<u> </u>	5.00	027 0190	009-2L					X 1312+40		4-7	
		11'6"		1	2.5" SQ 12 GA POST	1	6:1 :	I N	24 x 30	5.00	627 0190	R4-16					"X" 1322+59	LI	5-1	
		11' 6"		1	2.5" SQ 12 GA POST	7	6:1 :	I N	24 x 30	5.00	627 0190	R4-16				KEEP RIGHT EXCEPT TO PASS	"X" 1348+99	LT	5-2	
		11' 6"		1	2.5" SQ 12 GA POST	7	6:1	I N	24 x 30	5.00	627 0190	R4-16				KEEP RIGHT EXCEPT TO PASS	"X" 1375+39	LT	5-3	
		11' 6"		1	2.5" SQ 12 GA POST	7	6:1	I N	24 x 30	5.00	627 0190	R4-16				KEEP RIGHT EXCEPT TO PASS	"X" 1400+00	LT	5-4	
		11' 10"		1	3" RND SNGL POST	7	4 : 1	I N	48 x 36	12.00	627 0190	GNV5-1				PASSING LANE AHEAD	"X" 1404+79	LT	5-5	
		11' 10"		1	3" RND SNGL POST	7	4 : 1	I N	48 x 36	12.00	627 0190	GNV5-2				PASSING LANE 1/2 MILE	"X" 1431+20	LT	5-6	
		11' 10"		1	3" RND SNGL POST	7	4 : 1	I N	48 x 36	12.00	627 0190	GNV5-2				PASSING LANE 2 MILES	"X" 1510+39	ΙT	5-7	
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19.0 Bridge Plans.

General. The bridge plans show the necessary details for constructing the associated proposed bridge structure improvements. This work normally consists of structures used to convey public traffic over or under significant impediments such as roads, rivers, railroads or drainages.

Bridge Plan Guidelines. The Structures Division produces the bridge plans. Upon completion, these plans are supplied to Roadway Design for incorporation into the contract plans.

Contact the Structural Engineer for further guidelines on Bridge Plans.

Bridge Plan Particulars.

1) Sheet numbering for bridge plans shall begin with B1. Multiple sheets shall be numbered B1, B2, B3, etc.



Nevada Department of Transportation Roadway Design Division

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20.0 Retaining Walls and Sound Walls.

General. The structural wall plan sheets show the necessary details for constructing the associated proposed wall structure improvements. This work normally consists of walls used for retaining slopes or mitigating noise pollution.

Retaining Walls and Sound Wall Guidelines. The Roadway Designer identifies the need for an earth retaining system and provides the Geotechnical Section and Structures Division with the alignment files and cross sections. The Structural Engineer and Geotechnical Engineer typically design retaining walls. Upon completion, these plans are supplied to Roadway Design for incorporation into the contract plans.

The Roadway Designer should work with the Environmental Engineer and Structural Engineer on the development of sound walls. Sound walls are typically designed by the Structural Engineer and the plans provided to Roadway Design upon completion.

Contact the Structural Engineer for further guidelines on wall detail sheets.

Retaining Walls and Sound Wall Particulars.

1) Sheet numbering for retaining walls and sound wall sheets typically begin with BW1. Multiple sheets are typically numbered BW1, BW2, BW3, etc. Depending on the size and complexity of the project, different labels may be used to differentiate between retaining walls and sound walls, such as W for retaining walls and SW for sound walls.









STATE	PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
NEVADA	NH-050-A(003)	LYON	BW4

ITEM NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY
212 1401	AESTHETIC PATTERNING	SQ.YD.	8638
502 0878	CONCRETE STAIN	SQ.YD.	17276
509 0036	DRILLED SHAFT FOUNDATION (36 INCH)	LIN.FT.	4080
640 0152	SOUND BARRIER WALL	SQ.FT.	77745

21.0 Structure List.

2020 PLAN PREPARATION GUIDE

General. The structure list correlates specific construction work with the quantity for each pay item and lists the contract totals for these items. The structure list also contains necessary information to complete work at any location.

The structure list provides the most detailed breakdown of quantities in the contract. Quantities for each location and type of work are listed in a matrix of work units and construction notes. Work units are added to the structure list as required by the construction notes. The structure list provides the contract total for most work units. The quantities for drainage systems, landscaping, and structures are included in the structure list along with the appropriate roadway items.

The use of separate drainage, ITS, landscape, and other structure lists will be used when provided by the respective sections. These separate structure lists will follow the respective discipline's sheets in the plan set.

The structure list is available on SharePoint: <u>https://nevadadot.sharepoint.com/sites/010/Shared</u> Documents/Design/Structure List

Structure List Guidelines. The structure list shall be presented in the form of a chart with the units of work along the top and the plan notes along the right side. The associated quantities shall be placed in the grid cells where the top row of the plan note intersects with the appropriate work unit.

The last row on the structure list shall contain the contract totals for each pay item.

The tabulation of construction work is listed by project in order of increasing stationing along the mainline alignment. Each construction note is identified by stationing and includes a description of work to be done. Major items of work categories may also be used in structuring the list. When there is substantial work such as fencing, guardrail, curb, gutter and sidewalk, etc., it is acceptable to group these items of work and list them in order of stationing.

If one alignment identity heading is used for a series of construction notes, the identity may be omitted from the stationing. The main line sequence should continue through any interchange making the roadway notes read in consecutive order. Interchange notes should be grouped together and should include the appropriate alignment identity. Frontage roads should be treated similarly to interchanges.

Third parties responsible for participating in the cost of construction items should be identified in the associated note.

On federal aid contracts, all non-participating work (such as developer work) shall be indicated in the plans and noted in the structure list.

Miscellaneous work items to be noted in the structure list include utility cover adjustments, survey monuments to be perpetuated, work by others, features that are not to be disturbed, and improvements to permitted approaches.

When calculating lengths of reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), corrugated metal pipe (CMP), and oval metal arch pipe (OMAP), or other types of pipe, and the length is controlled by the distance between drainage structures, then the construction note for this pipe will include the exact length required. The associated quantity in the structure list will be boosted to the next foot greater than that indicated in the note. When calculating the exact pipe length for use in the construction note, measure from the inside wall of the first structure to the inside wall of the second structure. Be sure to account for any skew when calculating the exact pipe length.

Clear, concise, descriptive notes are important and should contain all information needed to accomplish the finished construction. Notes should be brief while conveying the message without possible

misunderstanding by any of the parties involved. Associate the station limit(s) to each note, with the first station lining up with the first line of the note. Sheets with applicable details should be referenced. Do not be too general, redundant, or combine actions, instead, be specific and use separate sentences for each activity or work item:

"LE" 45+18	CONSTRUCT 6'
	(UIE = 2431.17') 1
<u>LE 44+72</u>	CONSTRUCT TY
	CONSTRUCT CL
	OUTLET (SEE S

Adjustment to utility covers should be consolidated into a separate area of the structure list. Notes pertaining to items such as guardrail, fencing, shoulder dikes, ditches, culverts, etc., may be shown in separate listings within the structure list when there is a large amount of notes under each item of work. These notes may be omitted from the plan sheets when the notes would clutter the plan sheets or placed on a note sheet following the plan sheet (see plan notes).

Work to be performed by utility companies other than the contractor, should be clearly noted on the structure list and include the name of the owner.

The following are types of work that are usually included in the structure list:

Removals, Approaches, Driveways, Islands, Wheel chair ramps, Retaining Walls, Fencing, Cattle Guards, Curb/Gutter, Sidewalk, Drainage Structures, Culverts, Guardrail, Barrier Rail, Loop Detectors, Valve and Manhole Covers, Landscaping, Fencing.

The following are types of work that are usually not in the structure list:

Traffic Control, Signals and Lighting, Signing, Striping, Base and Surface, Earthwork, Bridges.

CONSTRUCT 6' X 3' X 86' RCB FROM "LE" 45+18, 33.7' LT (UIE = 2431.17') TO "LE" 44+72, 38.8' RT (LIE = 2435.43'). CONSTRUCT TYPE 1 HEADWALL AT INLET AND OUTLET. CONSTRUCT CLASS 300 RIPRAP APRON AT INLET AND OUTLET. (SEE SHEET DP25).

21.0 Structure List (Continued).

Structure List Guidelines (Continued).

Terminology for Construction Notes					
Term	Definition				
Adjust	To alter existing materials in accordance with the contract specifications. May require the replacement of some worn or broken components exposed during the operation.				
Construct	To fabricate in place and on location. Use this for items such as drop inlets, sidewalk, headwalls, riprap basins, traffic islands, concrete traffic barriers and bridge structures.				
Install	To properly set or fit prefabricated material into place. Use this for items such as culverts, pre-cast drop inlets, guardrail, object markers, end sections, pull boxes, poles and signs.				
Place	To apply material using specialized labor or automated equipment. Use this for items such as surface courses, pavement markings and hydro seeding.				
Reset	To construct, install or place in the same location using material salvaged and stockpiled in a prior operation.				
Reconstruct	To construct in a new location using material salvaged and stockpiled in a prior operation.				
Reinstall	To install in a new location using material salvaged and stockpiled in a prior operation.				
Remove	To remove existing material and salvage or dispose of in accordance with the contract specifications.				
Remove & reconstruct	To construct in a new location using material salvaged in the same general operation.				
Remove and reinstall	To install in a new location using material salvaged in the same general operation.				
Remove and replace	To place in a new location using material salvaged in the same general operation.				
Remove and reset	To construct, install, or place in the same location using material salvaged from the same general operation.				
Replace	To place in a new location using material salvaged and stockpiled in a prior operation.				

Structure List Particulars.

1) Bid Items are to match the numbers that are contained in the current bidding system. The description of the bid item along with method of measurement is to be included, such as Plantmix Bituminous Shoulder Dikes; LINFT.

2) *Plan notes* from the structure list are to be placed on the plan sheets corresponding to the location of the work described in the note. On especially difficult and crowed situations, notes may be placed on a separate note sheet following the corresponding plan sheet.

3) Note numbers are assigned to each note sequentially starting with number 1 on each sheet. Note numbers are placed in the column next to the corresponding note on the structure list and in the plan sheets. Note number callouts are placed on plan sheets with leaders pointing to the location of the corresponding work.

4) Plan sheet callouts are placed in the description column to indicate the corresponding plan sheet that the work described in the notes appears on.

5) Sheet numbering for the roadway structure lists shall begin with S1. Multiple structure lists sheets shall be numbered S1, S2, S3, etc. Structure lists for other disciplines will be labeled as DS1 for drainage structure lists, LS1 for Landscape structure lists, TS1 for Signals, Lighting and ITS structure lists, etc. Refer to the discipline's section for more details.

6) *Totals* are the actual sum of the quantities that are added up at the end of the structure list. The accuracy for "Totals" is shown in the chart below.

	U. S. Standard Units				
ltem	Unit	Accuracy			
Base & Surface Aggregate	ton	1			
Concrete	cuyd	0.01			
Concrete, Elastomeric	cuft	0.01			
Culverts, PVC Pipe	linft	1			
Erosion Control, Clearing & Grubbing	acre	0.1			
Fence, C & G, Barrier Rail	linft	1			
Guardrail	linft	1			
Painted Striping	mile	0.001			
Pulverize Existing Surface	mile	0.001			
Reinforcing Steel, Structural Steel and Grates	lb	1			
Roadway and Borrow Excavation, Riprap	cuyd	1			
Signs and Marking Film	sqft	0.01			
Slope Paving, Sidewalks, Erosion Control	sqyd	0.1			
Structure and Drainage Excavation, Backfill	cuyd	0.1			
Trenching	sta	0.01			
				STATE PROJECT NO. COUNTY	NO.
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)45(010(NOTE	DESCRIPTION	STATION TO
	202(201(NO.	DESCRIPTION	STATION
FT	EACH	LS			
				NOTE: ALL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND	
				MAT BE ADJUSTED BY THE ENGINEER	
-)			SHEET 4	
/					
		LS	1	CLEAR AND GRUB EMBANKMENT SLOPES AND DRILL SEED ALL	"XE" 671+46.68
				DISTURBED SLOPES, LT. & RT.	"LE" 395+95.00
			2		"VE" 671 1/6 69
-			2	CONSTRUCT MILLED ROMBLE STRIPS, LT.	"L E" 395+95.00
				(2)	22 000100100
			3	CONSTRUCT MILLED RUMBLE STRIPS, RT.	"XE" 671+46.68
					"LE" 395+95.00
			-	SHEET 6	
	1		1	EXIST, 30" X 84.5' CMP, REMOVE END SECTION LT, EXTEND	"LE" 140+50.00
				CULVERT 7' LT (30" X 91.5' CMP). INSTALL METAL END SECTION	
				LT.	
			2		"LE" 152+00.00
				BUX, LT. (STE #0130182) CALL STEPHEN HELMS AT	
				WORKING DAYS'/120-HOURS PRIOR TO THE CLITTING IN THE	
				LOOPS FOR THE EXACT PLACEMENT.	
				SHEET 8	
	1		1	EXIST. 48" X 83.5" CMP. REMOVE END SECTION LT. EXTEND	"LE" 184+70.00
				IT	
				SHEET 9	
	2		1	EXIST. 36" X 91' CMP. REMOVE END SECTIONS LT AND RT.	"LE" 205+00.00
				EXTEND CULVERT 13' LT AND 9' RT (36" X 113' CMP). INSTALL	
				METAL END SECTIONS LEAND RT.	
	2		2	EXIST 36" X 114' CMP_REMOVE END SECTIONS LT AND RT	"L E" 215+00.00
	-		-	EXTEND CULVERT 14' LT AND 10' RT (36" X 138' CMP). INSTALL	22 210100.00
_				METAL END SECTIONS LT AND RT.	

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2070110 GRANULAR BACKFILL	CUYD	9.6		7.6		103	100																					
2110150 SEEDING	ACRE					24.3	27.0																					
4020100 PLANTMIXING MISCELLANEOUS AREAS	E SQYD	<u>+</u>		+	+	4 240	- 240	+	+	+	+	+	\pm		+	+	<u> </u>	+		<u> </u>		+					+	
4030100 MILLED RUMBLE STRIPS	T MIL) 11																					-	
502 0172 CONCRETE BARRIER RAIL (TYPE FA) (MODIFIED)	r linfi					3460	0403			-											-						-	
603 0170 18-INCH REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE, CLASS III	LINFT					64	04			-								\vdash		-								
603 1030 18-INCH PRECAST END SECTION	EACH					Δ	-																					
604 0470 30-INCH CORR. METAL PIPE (16 GAGE)	LINFT	19		15		55	55																					
604 0545 36-INCH CORR. METAL PIPE (16 GAGE)	LINFT					76	10																					
604 0700 48-INCH CORR. METAL PIPE (16 GAGE)	LINFT					5	5																					
604 2460 30-INCH METAL END SECTION	EACH	2		2		7	,																					
604 2475 36-INCH METAL END SECTION	EACH					٩	3																					
604 2510 48-INCH METAL END SECTION	EACH					1																						
608 0150 EMBANKMENT PROTECTOR, TYPE 5	I EACH				-	2	-			+					-												+	
608 0230 ANCHOR ASSEMBLY (12-INCH)	EAC					2	2																				-	-
608 0350 12-INCH DOWNDRAIN PIPE	H LINF					10	40																					
608 0460 12-INCH METAL END SECTION (DOWNDRAIN)	ND EAC				-	0 2		+		+	+	+		+	+		+	+		+	-			+		-	+	
610 0050 GEOTEXTILE (CLASS 1)	QYD PO					92 /																				_		
610 0053 GEOTEXTILE (CLASS 2)	SQYD			-		50	50			-+	_			-													\rightarrow	
610 01 70 RIPRAP (CLASS 150)	CUYD			-		10	10																					
610 0190 RIPRAP (CLASS 300)	CUYD					60				-								<u> </u>		-						<u> </u>		
610 0460 RIPRAP BEDDING,(CLASS 150)	CUYD					7												+						-		-	+	
	CH LINF					250	. 550																					
618 0400 GUARDRAIL- BARRIER RAIL CONNECTION (TRIPLE CORRUGATION)	EACH E					2	-											-+							_	$-\top$	+	
618 0550 GALVANIZED GUARDRAIL (TRIPLE CORRUGATION)	LINFT					62	02																					
623 0232 NO. 5 PULL BOX, MODIFIED	I EACH					3	5																				-	
623 0775 LOOP DETECTOR	T EAC					Ω																					-	
623 1820 3-INCH CONDUIT	LINF				-	126	120			+	-					1		+		-				_			+	
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			STATE PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
			NEVADA STBG-NHPP-080- 3(066)	HUMBOLDT	S5
	ND GRUBBING		STRUCTURI	ELIST	55
	CLEARING A			4	
	2010100	NOTE NO.	DESCRIPTION	STATIC	ON TO ION
н	LS				
			SHEET 17		
		1	EXIST. 30" X 84' CMP. REMOVE END SECTIONS LT	AND RT. "LE" 373	8+00.00
			EXTEND CULVERT 13' LT AND 6' RT (36" X 103' CM	IP). INSTALL]
		2	EXIST. 30" X 83' CMP. REMOVE END SECTIONS LT	AND RT. "LE" 378	8+00.00
			METAL END SECTIONS LT AND S RT (36 X 98 CM). INSTALL	
	1.0	Tatal			
	LS	Total		\rightarrow	
				2	
1					

22.0 Miscellaneous Information.

General. This section contains the following information:

- Examples of Sheet Revisions
- Station ties to main line ramps, detours and frontage roads.
- Public land surveys.
- Surveyed or Base Line
- Typical angle measurement.
- Methods of showing right of way and control of access.
- North arrow placement.
- Direction of lettering on layout sheets.
- Standard lettering sizes and text weights.



Nevada Department of Transportation Roadway Design Division

2020 Plan Preparation Guide

MILES

STATE			
	PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
NEVADA	STBG-NHPP-095-2(064)	CLARK	1
AD RIC EETS" DE			
IN EATT	- Y	LANDER EUREKA	
2(064	4)		
		Ň	BOULDER CITY
	4		Seadou John
V VINLEY UNILEY	A N REV. 5 2-1-19 SI	HEETS 3F, 7 D2A,	, 16, 17, 35, 35A D3, HS1-HS13
N VALEY VALEY	A N. REV. 5 2-1-19 SI NEW. 4 1-25-19 SI	HEETS 3F, 7 D2A, HEETS 16, 17	, 16, 17, 35, 35A D3, HS1-HS13
V DEATH WATCH	A REV. 5 2-1-19 SI REV. 4 1-25-19 SI REV. 3 1-7-19 SI	HEETS 3F, 7 D2A, HEETS 16, 17 HEETS 12,13	, 16, 17, 35, 35A D3, HS1-HS13
V VALEY VALEY VALEY VALEY VALEY VALEY	REV. 5 2-1-19 SI MENT REV. 4 1-25-19 SI REV. 3 1-7-19 SI REV. 2 9-18-18 SI	HEETS 3F, 7 D2A, HEETS 16, 17 HEETS 12,13 HEETS 11, ST	, 16, 17, 35, 35A D3, HS1-HS13 . S5, S11 8
V J DEATH VINLEY VINLEY VINLEY VINLEY VINLEY VINLEY	REV. 5 2-1-19 SI MENT REV. 4 1-25-19 SI REV. 3 1-7-19 SI REV. 2 9-18-18 SI REV. 1 9-4-18 SI	HEETS 3F, 7 D2A, HEETS 16, 17 HEETS 12,13 HEETS 11, ST HEETS 3F, 2	, 16, 17, 35, 35A , 16, 17, 35, 35A D3, HS1–HS13 . S5, S11 8 9,30

	SUMMARY O	F EARTI	HWORK QUANTITIES				STATE	PROJECT NO.	COUNT	Y SHEET NO.
							NEVADA	STBG-NHPP-095-2(064)		
	LOCATION	SIDE	ROADWAY EXCAVATION	SELECT BORROW	BORROW EMBANKMENT			NOTES	5	REVISED 2-1-2019
\wedge	"AE" 39+88.39 to "AE" 47+19.29	BOTH	312.51 CUYD		7.653.77 CUYD	SEE SHEET SP3				
<u> </u>	"AW" 37+01.85 to "AW" 47+80.68 "AW" 38+00.00 to "AW" 42+73.44	BOTH BOTH	1,047.41 CUYD 443.51 CUYD		9,942.36 CUYD 443.51 CUYD	0" TO 21" REMOVAL OF EXISTING S	STRUCTU	RAL SECTION, SEE S	HEET SP3	
	"EN" 13+81.92 to "EN" 25+94.90	вотн			82,806.62 CUYD	SEE SUMMARY OF GEOFOAM FILL	. (THIS PA	GE) AND SHEET G1-0	G5	
	"ES" 15+55.07 to "ES" 20+66.00 "ES" 24+20.33 to "ES" 29+99.80	ВОТН ВОТН	302.38 CUYD		28,965.24 CUYD 9,750.30 CUYD	SEE SUMMARY OF GEOFOAM FILL	. (THIS PA	GE) AND SHEET G1-0	G5	
1	"NE" 6+00.77 to "NE" 11+64.40 "NE" 11+64.40 to "NE" 12+00.00 "NE" 23+50.65 to "NE" 24+85.83 "NE" 26+61.05 to "NE" 39+99.28	BOTH RT LT	5 371.89 CUYD 67.60 CUYD 4.06 CUYD 571 30 CUYD		375.44 CUYD 0.13 CUYD 125 73 CUYD	BASE OF BARRIER RAIL ALONG "N	E" @ "NE'	'/"SE" GORE		
<u>_5</u>	"NE" 12+00.00 to "NE" 28+14.34	RT	5 15,611.52 CUYD		5 884.19 CUYD	EMBANKMENT ONLY WIDENIING, S	SEESHEE	TS 35 AND 35A 5	7	
1	"NW" 12+48,00 to "NW" 12+86,20 "NW" 21+23.04 to "NW" 30+00.49 "NW" 56+88.51 to "NW" 66+73.05	BT BOTH BOTH	1,131.95 CUYD 33.02 CUYD		3,046.32 CUYD 72,739.99 CUYD	BASE OF BARRIER RAIL ALONG SH	(Y POINTE	E DR.		
	"R1" 11+50.00 to "R1" 17+30.00	вотн	1,269.08 CUYD		293.84 CUYD					
	"SE" 16+94.47 to "SE" 31+26.50 "SE" 48+34.50 to "SE" 62+95.86	ВОТН ВОТН	7,241.10 CUYD 23,177.13 CUYD		5,992.58 CUYD 8,084.44 CUYD					
	"XP" 151+66.94 to "XP" 171+57.64 "XP" 190+94.83 to "XP" 194+03.57 "XP" 195+44.87 to "XP" 196+26.76 "XP" 198+62.08 to "XP" 201+76.77 "XP" 220+23.35 to "XP" 259+70.55	RT RT LT RT LT	620.23 CUYD 14.21 CUYD 3.77 CUYD 14.49 CUYD 9.028.40 CUYD		1,282.10 CUYD 158.20 CUYD	BASE OF BARRIER RAIL IN MEDIAN BASE OF BARRIER RAIL ALONG CE BASE OF BARRIER RAIL IN MEDIAN	N DSB N			
	"NW" ABUTMENT 1 "NW" ABUTMENT 2 "SE" ABUTMENT 1 "SE" ABUTMENT 2 "ES" ABUTMENT 1 "ES" ABUTMENT 2	BOTH BOTH BOTH BOTH BOTH BOTH		3,400.65 CUYD 5,523.02 CUYD 3,183.19 CUYD 2,869.51 CUYD 9,455.95 CUYD 2,109.02 CUYD						
	EXIST. "NW" RAMP REMOVAL PARK AND RIDE REMOVAL EXIST. US95 SB ON RAMP REMOVAL	вотн вотн вотн	23,469.00 CUYD 21,611.00 CUYD 8,660.10 CUYD			SEE SHEET SP1 SEE SHEET SP2 SEE SHEET SP4				
	ANN RD. RAMP METER			26 544 24 01170		SEE SHEET 36				
				20,041.04 GUTD		_		SUMMARY OF GEOFO	DAM FILL (SEE S	HEET G1-G5)
	SUMMARY O	F COLD	MILLINGS		SUMMARY OF URBAN		UNDE "GF" 1	R "EN" 1+35.00 TO "GF" 13+0 R "ES"	9.53	581 CUYD

0.75" MILLINGS GENERATED	5,430 TONS
MILLINGS TO BE USED FOR RAP	3,513 TONS

SUMMARY OF URBAN CLEARING	
PARK AND RIDE REMOVAL	13.75 Acres
PROJECT IMPROVEMENT FOOTPRINT	28.20 Acres
TOTAL	42 Acres

SUMMARY OF GEOFOAM FILL (SEE SHEET G1-G5)
UNDER "EN"	
"GF" 11+35.00 TO "GF" 13+09.53	581 CUYD
UNDER "ES"	
"GF" 13+09.54 TO "GF" 18+55.00	10,130 CUYD
TOTAL	10,711 CUYD
GEOMEMBRAN	IE
TOTAL	5,101 SQYD

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Nevada Department of Transportation Roadway Design Division

Page 150

																					Ξ		Ξ														L a			STATE PROJECT NO. COUNTY	SHEET NO.
																					ASS	ASS	ASS	ASS	00A															NEVADA STBG-NHPP-195- 2(064) CLARK	HS1
			AP BEDDING,(ULASS 300) AP BEDDING,(CLASS 150)	AP (CLASS 300)	AP (CLASS 150)	TEXTILE (CLASS 2) TEXTILE (CLASS 1)	VDON PIPE	JCTURAL STEEL GRATES	lings	E 4 MANHOLE (MODIFIED)	E 2 MANHOLE (MODIFIED)	E 1 MANHOLE (MODIFIED)	NECT TO EXISTING MANHOLE		HOR ASSEMBLY (12-INCH) ANKMENT PROTECTOR, TYPE 5-2G	ANKMENT PROTECTOR, TYPE 5	CH METAL END SECTION	ICH FRECAST END SECTION	ICH PRECAST END SECTION	CH PRECAST END SECTION	CH REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE, CLA	ICH REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE, CLA	ICH REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE, CLA	CH REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE, CLA	FORCING STEEL (DOWELED)	FORCING STEEL	SS D CONCRETE, MODIFIED (MAJOR)	SS A CONCRETE (MINOR)	RRY CEMENT BACKFILL	JOTURE EXCAVATION	ROW EMBANKMENT	NAGE EXCAVATION	OVAL OF SLOTTED DRAIN		OVAL OF MANHOLE	OVE END SECTION	OVAL OF CULVERT PIPE			HYDRAULIC STRUCTURE LIST	Г
				RIPR	RIPR	ы Б	BAN	TRU	AS ⁷	ΥPE	ΥÞΕ	ΥPΕ	NO		WB NC	MB	2-IN	VI-0		5-IN	9-IN	N-0	4-IN	N-18	2 -2 U -2		SLAS	SLAS	SLUF PAI	TRI TRI	SOR	RAI	N N	KEM		Ň				/5 2/1/2019	
				0	0	0 0 0		0	0	0 T	- 0	•	0 0		<u>а ш</u> 0 0	0	5 1			-	0	<u>е</u> 0	0		- <u>u</u>	0	0	0	0 0			0	- c					_			
			610 047 610 046	610 019	610 017	610 005 610 005	609 141	609 104	609 103	609 042	609 039	609 038	609 029	608 035	608 023 608 017	608 015	604 239	603 105	603 103	603 102	603 035	603 029	603 023	603 017 603 017	505 011	505 010	502 097	502 072	207 015	206 011	203 023	203 016	202 123	202053	202103	202045	202028	N(N	OTE NO.	DESCRIPTION	STATION TO STATION
		CI	JYD CUYE	CUYD (CUYD S	QYD SQY	YD LINF	T POUND	POUND	EACH	EACH	EACH I	EACH LI	NFT EA	ACH EACI	H EACH	EACH EA	CH EAC	CH EAC	H EACH	LINFT	LINFT	LINFT	LINFT LIN	NFT POUP	ND POUND	D CUYD	CUYD	CUYD CU	IYD CUY	YD CUYD	CUYD	LINFT EAG	CH EACH	EACH EAC	H EACH	LINFT LIN	FT			
																			_																-	-		_		NOTE: ALL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND MAY BE ADJUSTED BY THE ENGINEER	
																																								SHEET D1	
							_	574											-							81	- }	1.85	7	.3 10.	.9							_	1	CONSTRUCT TYPE 2 (DOUBLE GRATE) DROP INLET 114.5' RT	"XP" 151+70
													1											66			Ę		26	63.	.8									(GRATE ELEV. = 2372.57', H = 4.93', A = 2.50'). INSTALL 18" X 66'	
								_																		_	8		{									_		DROP INLET "XP" 151+01, 115.7' RT. (SEE SHEET DP1).	
																											8		۲												
								574											-					4		82	8	1.87		.4 11. .6 6.1	.1 1			_		-		_	2	CONSTRUCT TYPE 2 (DOUBLE GRATE) DROP INLET 106.8' RT (GRATE ELEV. = 2372.79'. H = 5.01'. A = 2.50'). INSTALL 18" X 4'	"XP" 151+70
																											8		{											RCP (UIE = 2367.78', LIE = 2367.74'). CONNECT TO DROP INLET	
								-											+							_	Ļγ		}	_						-		_		'XP" 151+70, 114.5' RT. (SEE SHEET DP1).	
								842																		86	۲ ۲	1.90	6	.4 10.	.3								3	CONSTRUCT TYPE 2 (TRIPLE GRATE) DROP INLET 105.8' RT	"XP" 152+44
																			_					72		_	Ļζ		28	3.3 54.	.4							-		(GRATE ELEV. = 2373.39', H = 3.52', A = 2.50'). INSTALL 18" X 72'	
																											<u>ל ד</u>		}											"XP" 151+70, 106.8' RT. (SEE SHEET DP1).	
								842								-			_	_						83	÷ξ	1.83		1 9	8					-		_	4		"XP" 153±88
								042																142		00	5	1.00	55	5.8 82.	.8								-	(GRATE ELEV. = 2374.71', H = 3.32', A = 2.50'). INSTALL 18" X 142'	Xi 100100
								_											_							_	<u> </u>		{							_		_		RCP (UIE = 2371.39', LIE = 2369.97'). CONNECT TO DROP INLET	
																											5		}												
				+				842			\vdash								-					115		79		1.76	5	.8 9.3	3	\square						1	5	CONSTRUCT TYPE 2 (TRIPLE GRATE) DROP INLET 107.0' RT	"XP" 155+05
																											8			02.										RCP (UIE = 2372.64', LIE = 2371.49'). CONNECT TO DROP INLET	
		+		+							$\left - \right $								_			[- 8		{ ⊢			$\left - \right $						_	['XP" 153+88, 105.8' RT. (SEE SHEET DP1).	
								842																		79	8	1.76	5	.8 9.3	3								6	CONSTRUCT TYPE 2 (TRIPLE GRATE) DROP INLET 109.3' RT	"XP" 156+56
																			_					149			- 8		58	3.6 76.	.9							_		(GRATE ELEV. = 2377.33', H = 3.10', A = 2.50'). INSTALL 18" X 149'	
																											1													"XP" 155+05, 107.0' RT. (SEE SHEET DP1).	
$\left - \right $		+		+				842				-							+	+						79	7	1 72		7 0	1							1	7		"XP" 157±90
								042																122		10	۲ ۲		48	., g. 3.0 63.	.1	Ł		<u>}</u>						(GRATE ELEV. = 2378.59', H = 3.04', A = 2.50'). INSTALL 18" X 122'	71 107 100
				+																							Ļγ		}			Ę								RCP (UIE = 2375.55', LIE = 2374.33'). CONNECT TO DROP INLET	
																											۲ ۲		<u>}</u>			tu	u v	_ كر							
$\left - \right $	+	$\left \right $		+							$\left - \right $								_								ĻΧ		}			$\left - \right $	1						8	REMOVE EXISTING DROP INLET 116.6' RT.	"XP" 159+01
								1329																		94	۲ ۲	2.13	8	.6 12.	.9								9	CONSTRUCT TYPE 2 (DOUBLE GRATE) MODIFIED DROP INLET	"XP" 159+05
$\left - \right $		+		+			_	-	$\left \right $										+		6					_			4	.4 18.	.6	$\left \right $				-			∕3∖	112.5' RT (GRATE ELEV. = 2379.57', H = 5.94', A = 5.00').INSTALL	
																																								30° RCP AND 36° RCP AND CONNECT TO EXISTING PIPE.	



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GENERAL NOTES:	PQLE NOTES:
1. ASCERTAIN THAT THE LOCATIONS OF ALL CABINETS, POLES, PULL BOXES, CONDUITS, AND ANY OTHER HARDWARE ARE NOT IN CONFLICT WITH EXISTING UTILITIES.	1. ADJUST THE POLE LOCATIONS IN THE FIELD AS REQUIRE
2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGE TO ALL EXISTING UTILITIES. THE LOCATIONS OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY ALL UTILITY COMPANIES	2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DE FOUNDATIONS. DESIGNS MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE EN
TO VERIFY IN THE FIELD THE LOCATIONS OF THEIR INSTALLATIONS 72 HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. REFER TO SUBSECTION 107.17 OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION REGARDING ADDITIONAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR UTILITIES.	 THE MANUFACTURER OF THE LOWERING AND RAISING DE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS, MAINTENANCE MANUALS AND OPERATING ASSEMBLY. TO INCLUDE A FACTORY REPRES
3. CONDULT RUNS AS SHOWN ON PLANS ARE FOR GRAPHIC PURPOSES ONLY: EXACT LOCATIONS WILL BE STAKED IN THE FIELD.	OF THE DEVICES FOR EACH POLE AND ALSO CONDUCT PRICE. SHALL BE PAID FOR UNDER BID ITEM 623-2310, "HIGH MAST STEEL POLE, 120-FOOT". AND BID ITEM 623
A. ALC-WORK WILL BE-BONE-IN NDQT RIGHT=OE-WAY.	FOOT)", EACH. 4. REMOVE LIGHT POLES AND PULL BOXES AS INDICATED I
5. ALL CONDUCTORS AND FIBER OPTIC CABLES TO BE ABANDONED SHALL BE REMOVED. VERIFY ALL CONDUCTORS AND FIBER OPTIC CABLES THAT ARE ABANDONED FOR TYPE, SIZE, AND QUANTITY PRIOR TO REMOVAL. CONDUIT SHOULD BE ABANDONED	CONTACT THE ENGINEER 72 HOURS PRIOR TO DELIVERIN "REMOVAL OF POLE" OR BID ITEM 202-0925, "REMOV
6. ALE WORK SHALL BE INCOMPLIANCE WITH THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE AND ECCAE CODES.	4. INSTALL CAMERAS ON 80'ITS POLES. SHALL BE PAID FO
7. CONDUCTOR AND CONDUIT SIZES AND LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE. MATCH EXISTING FIELD CONDITIONS.	LOWERING DEVICE (HIGH MAST)", EACH.
8. VERIFY ALL LOCATIONS OF EXISTING SIGNAL, LIGHTING, ITS AND ASSOCIATED HARDWARE (TO INCLUDE, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, CABINETS, POLES, PULL BOXES, CONDUITS, AND METERED SERVICES) AS NOTED ON PLANS.	 INSTALL 80'ITS POLES WHERE INDICATED ON THE PLANS FOOT)", EACH.
9. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN AND KEEP OPERATIONAL ALL EXISTING SIGNAL, LIGHTING, AND ITS INFRASTRUCTURE WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION LIMITS. IF ANY EXISTING INFRASTRUCTURE IS DAMAGED DUE TO CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL	SERVICE-NOTES:
	1. INSTALL NEW METERED SERVICE PEDESTAL FOR UNDERC
GENERAL ELECTRICAL NUTED.	SP2 "X" 37+38 109'RT SP4 "XP" 203+23 617'RT SP5 "FS" 31+37 140'RT
STRUCTURES.	2. THE ELECTRICAL SERVICE INSTALLATION - INCLUDING AL
2. THE CONTINUE OF SIMILAR OPERATIONS. THIS SHALL INCLUDE, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, THE REPLACEMENT OF PAVEMENT, SIDEWALK, CURB AND GUTTER, FENCING, DRAINAGE INLETS AND SYSTEMS, AND OTHER UTILITIES.	THE FIELD AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
3. ALL WIRE AND CABLE SHALL RUN TERMINAL TO TERMINAL WITHOUT SPLICING, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED OR AS DIRECTED	SP3 "SE" 30+4167'LT
4. EACH POLE SHALL BE INDIVIDUALLY GROUNDED, THEN BONDED TO GROUNDING CONDUCTOR BY AN APPROVED METHOD. (NO DIRECT PAYMENT)	SP7 "NW" 15+04 5.5'RT SP8 "XP" 229+50 188'LT SP9 "XP" 258+00 128'RT
5. EACH PULL BOX COVER SHALL BE INDIVIDUALLY GROUNDED, THEN BONDED TO GROUNDING CONDUCTOR BY AN APPROVED	SP10 "XP" 127+10 397' RT 4. THE ELECTRICAL SERVICE MODIFICATION - INCLUDING AL
6. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL WORK REQUIRED BY NV ENERGY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT NV	BE PAID FOR UNDER BID ITEM 623-1635 "MODIFY ELEC 5. SEE SERVICE PEDESTAL AND SERVICE PANEL SCHEDULES
7. INSTALLATION OF ELECTRICAL SERVICE EQUIPMENT, CONDUITS, PULL BOXES, AND CONDUCTORS FROM THE NEW SERVICE	DMS KINTES
8. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR GROUNDING THE ENTIRE ELECTRICAL SYSTEM INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL	1. WAKWAYS AND SAFETY RAILINGS ARE REQUIRED ON ALL
	NDOT STANDARD PLANS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTR 2. Walkway and safety railings on dms structures
	EXTEND LATERALLY, TOWARDS THE SUPPORT POLE FAC PROJECTED VERTICAL SURFACE OF THE ROADWAY BAR
UTILITY IF CONFLICTING UTILITY IS AT LEAST 30" FROM THE SURFACE. CONDUIT SHALL BE INSTALLED BELOW CONFLICTING UTILITY IF CONFLICTING UTILITY IS LESS THAN 30" BELOW THE SURFACE.	 FOR THE DYNAMIC MESSAGE SIGNS AT "AE" 17+44 57' F ON THE RIGHT-HAND SIDE OF THE SIGN.
2. ALL CONDUIT ENDS SHALL BE SEALED WITH A DUCT SEALING COMPOUND. USE NSI INDUSTRIES DUCT SEALING COMPOUND OR AN APPROVED EQUAL. (NO DIRECT PAYMENT)	LUMINAIRES:
PULL BOX NOTES:	1. SEE NDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND NDOT SPECIA
1: PROVIDE-TRAFFIC RATED-PULL-BOXES (HS20 RATED):	2. LUMINAIRES SHALL BE CONTROLLED FROM THE PHOTOCE IF LUMNAIRES ARE CONNNECTED TO EXISTING LIGHTING SAME WAY AS THE LUMINAIRES ON THE FXISTING LIGHT
2. ADJUST PULL BOX LOCATIONS IN THE FIELD AS REQUIRED AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.	PEDESTAL PHOTOCELL).
3. LABEL ALL PULL BOXES (EXCEPT NV ENERGY PULL BOXES) "FAST". (NO DIRECT PAYMENT) 4. ALL METAL PULL BOX LIDS SHALL BE OROUNDED. INSTALL A STRANDED #4 (GREEN, Z-STRAND) THW WIRE 8 FEET IN	LED", EACH. CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH AND INSTALL LED LUMINAIRES SHALL BE TYPE III MEDIUM DISTRIBUTION
LENGTH - FROM THE LID TO THE BONDING GROUND, FASTEN THE #4 CONDUCTOR TO THE LID BY CAD WELDING. ALL CONDUITS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES OF CLEARANCE FROM THE TOP OF THE CONDUIT TO THE LID. (NO DIRECT PAYMENT3.	LUMEN OUTPUT (CLO) DRIVER AT 4000 K (± 300 K) CC EQUIVALENT, CLO DRIVER SHALL BE SET AT THE FACT(4,400 HOURS. NEW LUMINAIRE SHALL HAVE A 10 YEAR
(5. PROVIDE LOCKING BARS ON NEW PULL BOXES AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS, (NO DIRECT PAYMENT)	
CABINE T NOTES	
1. FURNISH AND INSTALL ITS CABINETS PER NOOT SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS. CABINETS SHALL MEET NTS SPECIFICATIONS. CABINETS SHALL CONTAIN POWER DISTRIBUTION ASSEMBLY, POWER DISTRIBUTION PANEL, SHELVES AND OTHER EQUIPMENT	
AND ACCESSORIES AS NEEDED. ITS CABINET SHALL BE PAID FOR UNDER BID ITEM 623-1061 "COMMUNICATION CABINET", EACH.	
3. FURNISH, INSTALL, AND MAKE OPERATIONAL A FIELD HARDENED ETHERNET SWITCH (FHES) ON ALL NEW AND EXISTING CABINETS,	REVISION #: REVISION DATE: REVIS
HARDWARE, AND TESTING TO BE PAD FOR UNDER BID ITEM 623-1261, "FIELD HARDENED ETHERNET SWITCH", EACH.	REV. 1 06/14/2018 FBT
PLANS. TO BE PAID FOR UNDER BID ITEM 623-1262, "VIDEO ENCODER", EACH.	- ALIERED, AND ADDED, VARIOUS NULES

	STATE	I	PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
	NEVADA	STBG-NH	HPP-095-2(064)	CLARK	Т98
AD ILIST THE POLE LOCATIONS IN THE FIELD AS REQUIRED AND		TED BY THE		\sim	
THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN OF	ALL HIG	A MAST POLES	CAMERA POLES', AND SI	GNAL POLES	
FOUNDATIONS. DESIGNS MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER THE MANUFACTURER OF THE LOWERING AND RAISING DEVICE SY INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS, MAINTENANCE MANUALS AND TECHNI OPERATING ASSEMBLY. TO INCLUDE A FACTORY REPRESENTATIV OF THE DEVICES FOR EACH POLE AND ALSO CONDUCT A FOUR PRICE. SHALL BE PAID FOR UNDER BID ITEM 623–2310, "HIGH M. "HIGH MAST STEEL POLE, 120–FOOT", AND BID ITEM 623–0670 ' FOOT)", EACH.	FOR APP STEM US ICAL INFC E IN ATT HOUR TI AST STEE 'HIGH MAS	PROVAL. ED ON THE PF DRMATION REQU TENDANCE AT I RAINING SESSIC EL POLE, 100-F ST HEAD FRAM	ROJECT SHALL SUPPLY A JIRED FOR A COMPLETE NSTALLATION AND INITIAL ON SHALL BE INCLUDED IN FOOT", EACH OR BID ITEM JE ASSEMBLY", EACH. "ITS	LL DRAWINGS, OPERATIONS THE UNIT 623–2315, POLE(80	
REMOVE LIGHT POLES AND PULL BOXES AS INDICATED IN THE F CONTACT THE ENGINEER 72 HOURS PRIOR TO DELIVERING EQUIF "REMOVAL OF POLE" OR BID ITEM 202-0925, "REMOVAL OF P	PLANS. SA PMENT. S PULLBOX''	ALVAGE POLES HALL BE PAID ,EACH.	AND LUMINAIRES TO DIS FOR UNDER BID ITEM 62	TRICT 1 YARD. 3-1375,	
INSTALL CAMERAS ON 80' ITS POLES. SHALL BE PAID FOR UNDE	r bid ite	EM 623-3030,	"CCTV CAMERA (PTZ)", E	ACH.	
INSTALL LOWERING DEVICE FOR CAMERAS ON 80'ITS POLES. SH LOWERING DEVICE (HIGH MAST)'', EACH.	IALL BE I	PAID FOR UNDE	ER BID ITEM 623-2950,"	CCTV	
INSTALL 80'ITS POLES WHERE INDICATED ON THE PLANS. SHALL FOOT)", EACH.	. BE PAI) FOR UNDER	BID ITEM 623-0658,"ITS	POLE (80	
RVHQE-NOTES:	\checkmark	\frown	\frown	\sim	
INSTALL NEW METERED SERVICE PEDESTAL FOR UNDERGROUND	ELECTRIC	AL SERVICE A	T:		
SP2 "X" 37+38 109'RT SP4 "XP" 203+23 617'RT SP5 "ES" 31+37 140'RT				\langle	
THE ELECTRICAL SERVICE INSTALLATION - INCLUDING ALL REQUI BE PAID FOR UNDER BID ITEM 623-1620 "UNDERGROUND ELECTR THE FIELD AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.	RED BRE. RICAL SEI	AKERS, WIRING, RVICE'', EACH.	HARDWARE AND TESTING ADJUST THE EXACT LOCA	- SHALL	
MODIFY EXISTING METERED SERVICE PEDESTAL AT:				$2 \sqrt{1}$	
SP3 "SE" 30+41 67'LT SP7 "NW" 15+04 53'RT SP8 "XP" 229+50 188'LT SP9 "XP" 258+00 128'RT SP10 "XP" 127+10 397'RT				$\langle \rangle$	
THE ELECTRICAL SERVICE MODIFICATION - INCLUDING ALL REQUID BE PAID FOR UNDER BID ITEM 623-1635 "MODIFY ELECTRICAL S	RED BREA	AKERS, WIRING, EACH.	HARDWARE AND TESTING	- SHALL	
SEE SERVICE PEDESTAL AND SERVICE PANEL SCHEDULES FOR D	ETAILS.				
A NOTES:	\wedge	\checkmark		\bigwedge	
WAKWAYS AND SAFETY RAILINGS ARE REQUIRED ON ALL DMS S NDOT STANDARD PLANS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION	FOR DET	ES. SEE SHEET AILS.	T-36.1.1 THROUGH T-36	1.12 OF	
WALKWAY AND SAFETY RAILINGS ON DMS STRUCTURES SHALL S EXTEND LATERALLY, TOWARDS THE SUPPORT POLE FACING THE PROJECTED VERTICAL SURFACE OF THE ROADWAY BARRIER FUR	START AT DMS ACC THEST FI	THE ACCESS CESS DOOR, TO ROM THE ROAD	DOOR EDGE OF THE DMS D A POINT IN LINE WITH D D.	S AND FHE	
FOR THE DYNAMIC MESSAGE SIGNS AT "AE" 17+44 57'RT AND ON THE RIGHT-HAND SIDE OF THE SIGN.	"XS1e" 2	62+50 65'LT,	DMS ACCESS DOOR SHAL	L BE LOCATED	
IMINAIRES:		$\frown \frown$			
SEE NOOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND NOOT SPECIAL PROVI LUMINAIRES SHALL BE CONTROLLED FROM THE PHOTOCELL LOC/	SIONS FO	THE SERVICE F	PEDESTAL, HOWEVER.		
IF LUMNAIRES ARE CONNNECTED TO EXISTING LIGHTING CIRCUITS SAME WAY AS THE LUMINAIRES ON THE EXISTING LIGHTING CIRC PEDESTAL PHOTOCELL).	, LUMINAI UIT (INDI)	RES SHALL BE VIDUAL PHOTO(CONTROLLED THE CELLS OR SERVICE	$\int \underline{\Lambda}$	
OVERHEAD SIGN LIGHTING LUMINAIRE SHALL BE PAID FOR UNDER LED", EACH. CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH AND INSTALL NEW LE LED LUMINAIRES SHALL BE TYPE III MEDIUM DISTRIBUTION, 9,000 LUMEN OUTPUT (CLO) DRIVER AT 4000 K (± 300 K) COLOR TEL EQUIVALENT. CLO DRIVER SHALL BE SET AT THE FACTORY TO 4,400 HOURS. NEW LUMINAIRE SHALL HAVE A 10 YEAR WARRAN	BID ITEN D LUMINA LUMEN (= MPERATUI 70% LIG TY.	M 623-0495 " AIRES AS INDIC 55%) OUTPUT, RE STREET LIC HT OUPUT ANE	SIGN LIGHTING FIXTURE, ATED ON THE PLANS. 650 mA (± 25%) CONSTA SHT OR APPROVED) INCREASE 1.5% EACH	NT	
		ſ	CIVI	F OF NEVADA	
			DEPARTMENT	OF TRANSPORTATION	
REVISION #: REVISION DATE: REVISED BY:	:		PI A	N NOTES	
- ALTERED, AND ADDED, VARIOUS NOTES			/ (



NOTE: TO CALCULATE TEXT SIZES FOR ENGLISH PLOT SCALES NOT SHOWN, USE THE FOLLOWING METHOD. (PLOT SCALE) X (LEROY SIZE) / (2000) = TEXT SIZE

EXAMPLE: WHAT IS THE EXTRA LARGE TEXT SIZE FOR A FINAL SCALED PLOT OF 1" = 4000'? 4000 X 240/2000 = 480 EXTRA LARGE TEXT SIZE = 480

Standard Lettering Sizes and Text Weights (11 x 17 Plots)

Weight	2	2	2	3	4
Size	Extra Small	Small	Medium	Large	Extra Large
Leroy	100	120	140	175	240
English Plot Scale 1"= FT			•		·
1	0.0500	0.0600	0.0700	0.0875	0.1200
2	0.1000	0.1200	0.1400	0.1750	0.2400
3	0.1500	0.1800	0.2100	0,2625	0.3600
4	0.2000	0.2400	0.2800	0.3500	0.4800
5	0.2500	0.3000	0.3500	0.4375	0.6000
6	0.300	0.360	0.420	0.525	0.720
8	0.400	0.480	0.560	0.700	0.960
10	0.500	0.600	0.700	0.875	1.200
20	1.00	1.20	1.40	1.75	2.40
30	1.50	1.80	2.10	2.625	3.60
40	2.00	2.40	2.80	3.50	4.80
50	2.50	3.00	3.50	4.375	6.00
60	3.00	3.60	4.20	5,25	7.20
80	4.00	4.80	5.60	7.00	9.60
100	5.00	6.00	7.00	8.75	12.00
200	10.00	12.00	14.00	17.50	24.00
300	15.00	18.00	21.00	26.25	36.00
400	20.00	24.00	28.00	35.00	48.00
500	25.00	30.00	35.00	43.75	60.00
600	30.00	36.00	42.00	52.50	72.00
1000	50.00	60.00	70.00	87.50	120.00

5
2X Large
290
0.1450
0.2900
0.4350
0.5800
0.7250
0.870
1.160
1.450
2.90
4.35
5.80
7.25
8.70
11.60
14.50
29.00
43.50
58.00
72.50
87.00
145.00