## MAPPING SYMBOLS

80	INTERSTATE SYSTEM NUMBER	<b>- -</b> - <b> -</b>	ROAD and RAILROAD OVERPASS		INCORPORATED CITY	
(ALT)		÷÷	ROAD and RAILROAD UNDERPASS		MAP ENLARGEMENT	
(95) (95)	U.S. HIGHWAY NUMBER		RAILROAD GRADE CROSSING			
305	STATE ROUTE NUMBER		RAILROAD with STATION/SIDING		BLM RECREATION LANDS	
$\checkmark$			LAKE, POND, or RESERVOIR		INDIAN RESERVATIONS	
106	EXIT NUMBER		LAKE, POND, OF RESERVOIR		MILITARY or DUNES	
MP	INTERSTATE MILEPOST	$\bigcirc$	DRY LAKE or ALKALI FLAT		NATIONAL PARK	
105		$\sim$	MEANDER LINE		NATIONAL FOREST	
MP 00.0 16	INTERSTATE MILEPOST (by county)	$\overline{}$	DAM		STATE LANDS	
MP MP	U. S. or STATE ROUTE MILEPOST		NAVIGABLE RIVER		WILDERNESS	
	0.5. OF STATE ROOTE WILLIE OST		IRRIGATION DITCH or CANAL		WILDLIFE REFUGE, etc.	
I-852W	NDOT BRIDGE NUMBER	$\frown$	STREAM or WASH		STATE BOUNDARY	
(FR00WA)	FRONTAGE ROAD NUMBER	$\sim \sim$	INTERMITTENT STREAM or DRAINAGE PATH		COUNTY BOUNDARY	
	FEDERAL FREEWAY with INTERCHANGE		LEVEE or DIKE		TOWNSHIP or RANGE LINE	
	FREEWAY, STATE	<del>ک</del> ې	SPRING or SEEP		SECTION LINE	
	FREEWAY, COUNTY	0 0	WELL or SMALL RESERVOIR	$\triangle$ $\triangle$	HORIZONTAL CONTROL STATIONS	
	MULTI-LANE DIVIDED, FEDERAL	•	WATER TANK or WATER TOWER		HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE STATION	
	MULTI-LANE DIVIDED, STATE	+	MOUNTAIN PEAK	<b>≜</b>	FOREST RANGER STATION	
	MULTI-LANE DIVIDED, FRONTAGE	$\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$	SUMMIT or PASS	((()))	COMMUNICATION TOWER	
	MULTI-LANE DIVIDED, OTHER		MINE	$\oplus$	HOSPITAL	
	HIGHWAY, FEDERAL	$\approx$		f	CEMETERY or GRAVE	
	HIGHWAY, STATE		MINE SHAFT	HM 888	HISTORICAL MARKER	
	FRONTAGE ROAD	<b>*</b>	MILL	$\sim$		
	PAVED ROAD	~	ADIT or CAVE	H	TRAILHEAD	
	IMPROVED ROAD	$\sim$	MATERIAL PIT		HIKING TRAIL, BICYCLE PATH	
	UNIMPROVED ROAD	3	CAPITAL	Δ	CAMPGROUND	
	ROAD, UNDER CONSTRUCTION	۲	COUNTY SEAT	×	ROADSIDE REST AREA or PICNIC AREA	
(PROPOSED)	ROAD, PROPOSED	0	CITY and TOWN CENTER	•••	LOCKED GATE, BARRIER or RESTRICTED ACCESS	
	BRIDGE (over 20 ft. long)	٠	PLACE (site)	<b>A</b>	MILEAGE INDICATORS	
)= = = =(	TUNNEL	•	BUILDING or FEATURE		LANDING STRIP	

## PUBLIC LAND SURVEYS

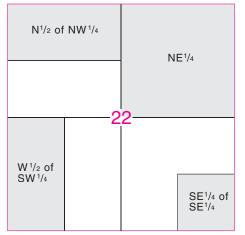
In the United States, the Bureau of Land Management, a federal agency which is responsible for surveying and maintaining our public domain, conducts public land surveys using the Public Land Survey System (PLSS) to divide large tracts of land. The land is divided into a grid of "townships" created based on an east-west "Base Line" and a north-south "Principal Meridian". A typical township is six miles square and contains thirty-six square-mile blocks of land called "sections". The sections may be further subdivided in the manner shown in the illustration on the right. Only a few of the major subdivisions of the section are shown; many other combinations of subdivisions are possible in describing smaller parcels of land (e.g. NW¼ of SE¼ of SW¼ would delineate a 10 acre plot of land).

The State of Nevada has been surveyed and subdivided according to the Public Land Survey System and records are available for examination at the offices of the Bureau of Land Management in Reno, Nevada.

TYPICAL TOWNSHIP DIVISION										
6	5	4	3	2	1					
7	8	9	10	11	12					
18	17	16	15	14	13	Range Line				
19	20	21	22	23	24	Range				
30	29	28	27	26	25					
31	32	33	34	35	36					

NUMBERED SECTIONS OF A TYPICAL TOWNSHIP DIVISION





Township Line

A typical section contains one square mile or 640 acres.