

# Nevada Freight Plan Update Freight Advisory Committee Meeting

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May 4, 2022



#### NEVADA FREIGHT PLAN UPDATE OBJECTIVES

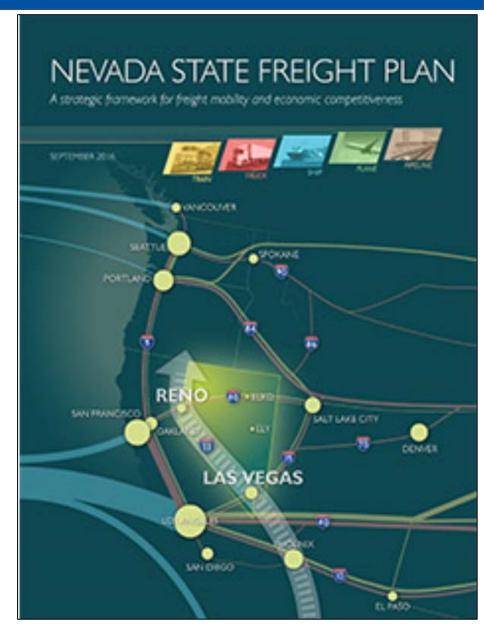
- This update will meet FAST Act/BIL requirements
- Support eligibility for federal funding
- Identify key freight infrastructure investments





## NEVADA FREIGHT PLAN UPDATE 2-STEP APPROACH

- FHWA Approved the Nevada State Freight Plan in January 2017
- This plan officially expired in January 2022
- Based on discussions with FHWA and to maintain eligibility for federal freight funding, NDOT is approaching the Freight Plan Update in two-steps:
  - o Prepare an Interim/Immediate Update to the Nevada Freight Plan by May/June 2022
  - o Prepare an amended complete **Final Update** by November/December 2022





## NEVADA FREIGHT PLAN UPDATE KEY TASKS

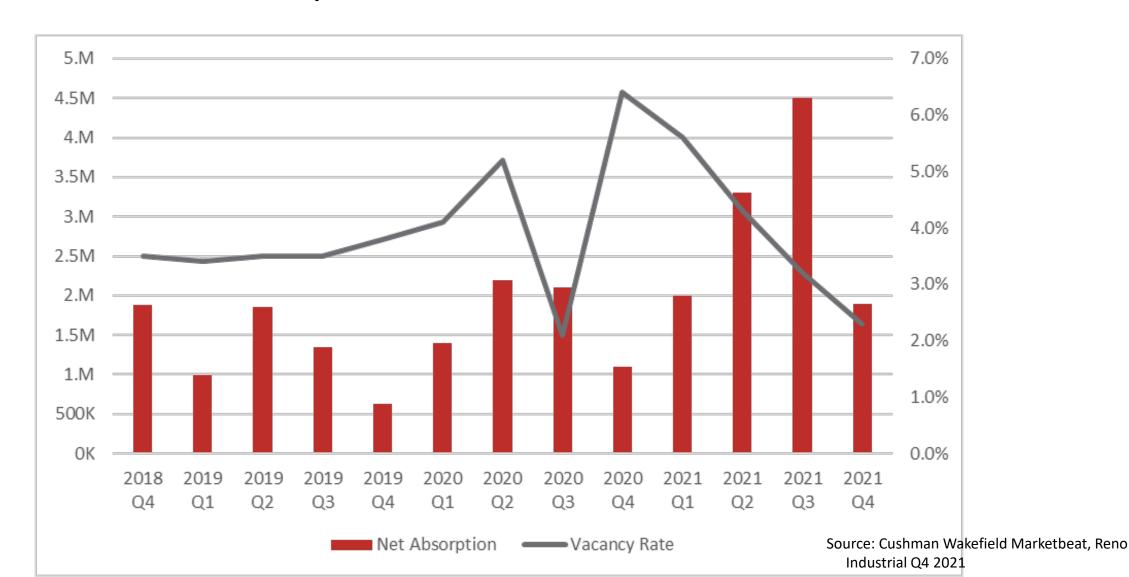
- The reason for this Interim/Immediate
   Update is that several items of analysis
   cannot be completed within the necessary
   timeframe. These include:
  - 1. Truck GPS analysis
  - Update to the critical urban and rural freight network
  - 3. Extended coordination with MPOs
- Final Freight Plan Update will be completed in November/December 2022
- Both (Interim & Final) plans will be FAST Act/BIL compliant





## NEVADA FREIGHT PLAN UPDATE INDUSTRIAL REAL ESTATE, LAS VEGAS MARKET

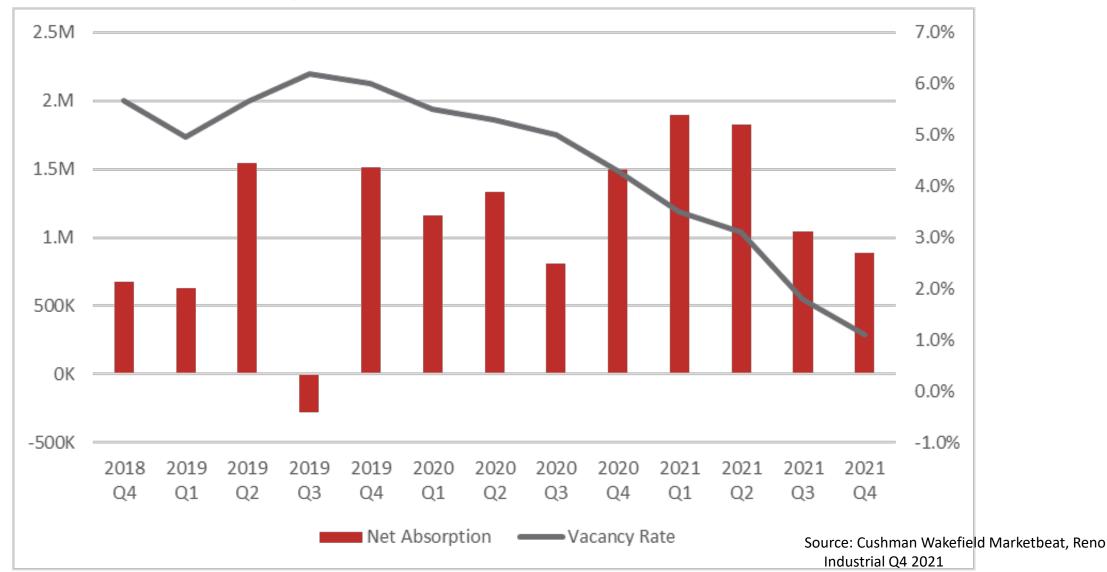
#### 4.8M Square Feet Under Construction Q4 2021





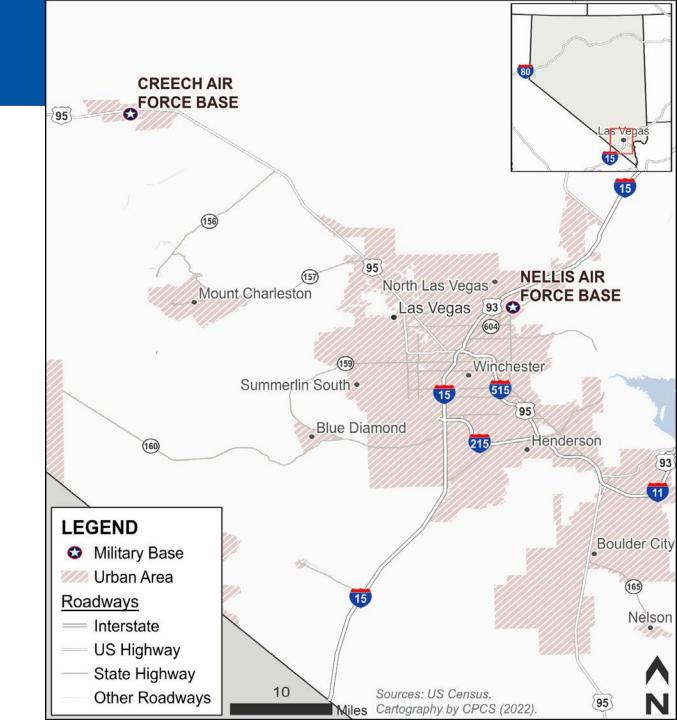
## NEVADA FREIGHT PLAN UPDATE INDUSTRIAL REAL ESTATE, RENO MARKET

#### 3.6M Square Feet Under Construction Q4 2021



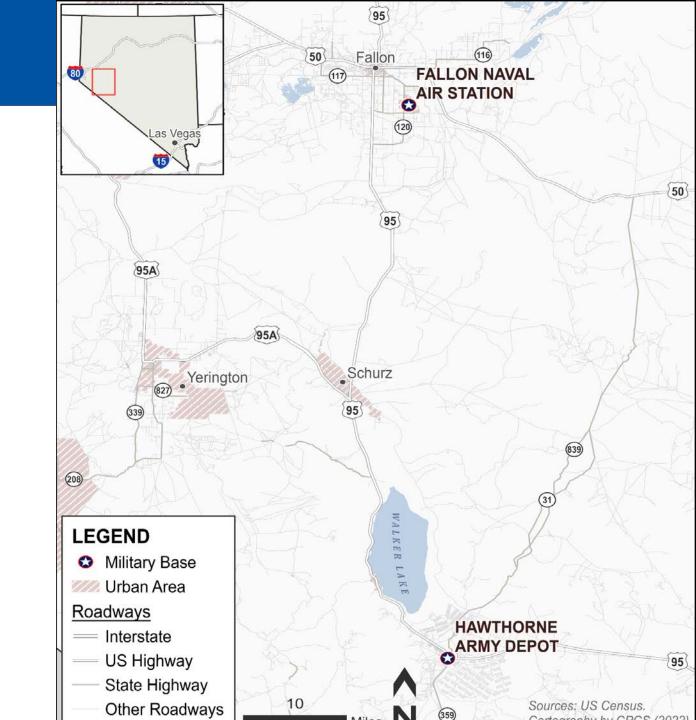


# MILITARY FREIGHT NEEDS SOUTHERN NEVADA



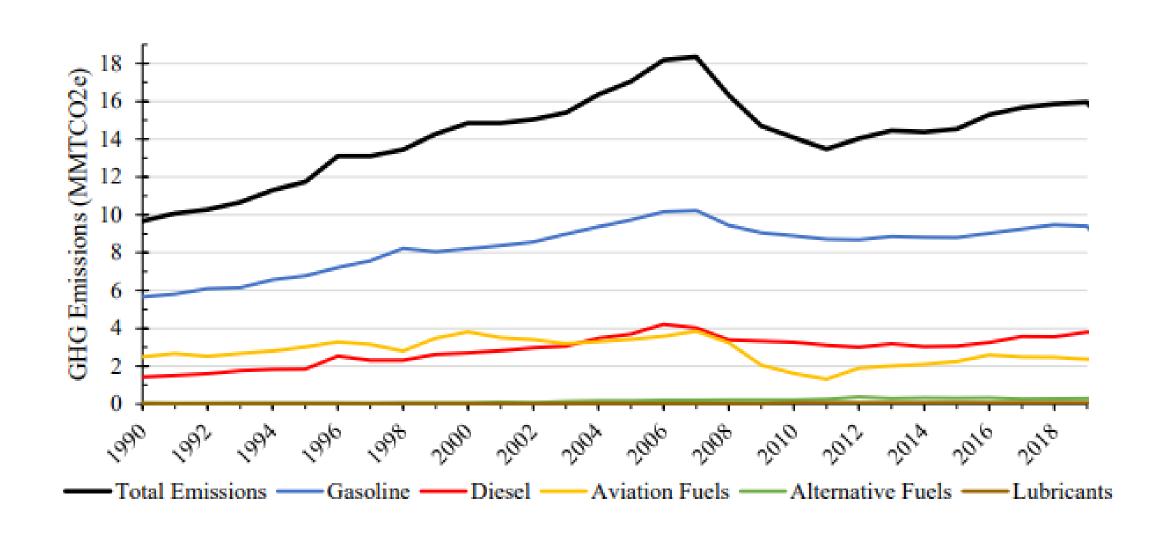


### MILITARY FREIGHT NEEDS NORTHERN NEVADA





# TRANSPORTATION SECTOR GHG EMISSIONS BY FUEL Type, 1990-2019





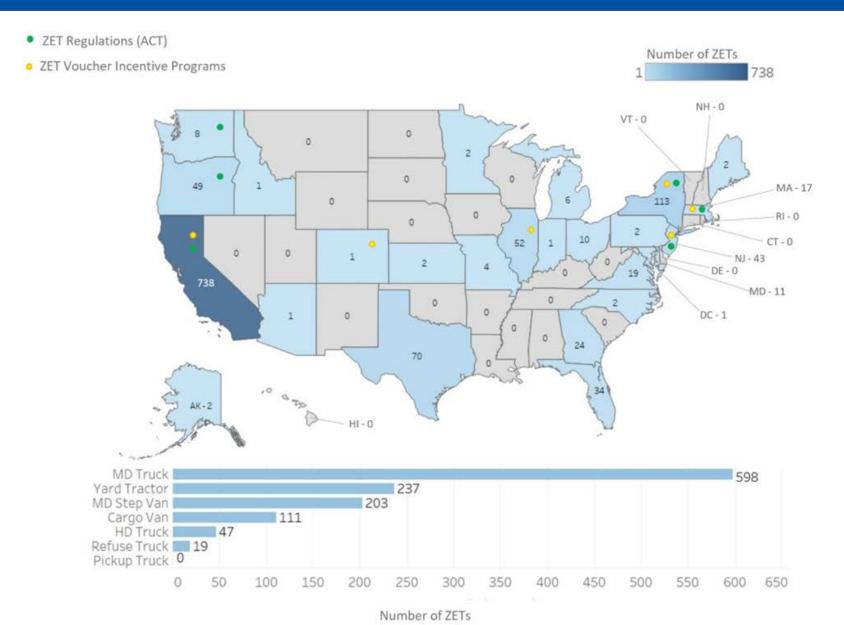
#### ZERO EMISSION TRUCK TECHNOLOGY

	BEV BEV	H <sub>2</sub> FCEV
Powertrain	Fully electric	Fully electric
Main energy storage system	Battery	Liquid or gaseous Hydrogen
Main energy supply system	Electric chargers     Catenary charging	- Hydrogen fill stations
Availability	Several (<10) models currently available	Only 1 model available commercially
Main advantages	<ul> <li>Currently widely available</li> <li>Compelling TCO when battery size can be minimized</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>High energy density of hydrogen –</li> <li>easier to design for long distance</li> <li>Fast refueling</li> </ul>
Main drawbacks	<ul> <li>Size weight and cost of battery – more pronounced for long range vehicles</li> <li>Longer recharging times</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Current lack of availability of vehicles</li> <li>Current high price of hydrogen</li> <li>Lack of hydrogen infrastructure</li> </ul>

Which technology has the best TCO for a specific use case will depend on many factors and potentially change over time Many in the wider ZEV industry expect the future market to include a mix of both technologies



# ZERO EMISSION REGISTRATIONS BY STATE FOR MEDIUM AND HEAVY-DUTY TRUCKS



CALSTART. Zeroing In On Zero-Emission Trucks.
Retrieved from https://calstart.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/ZIO-ZETS-Report Updated-Final-II.pdf

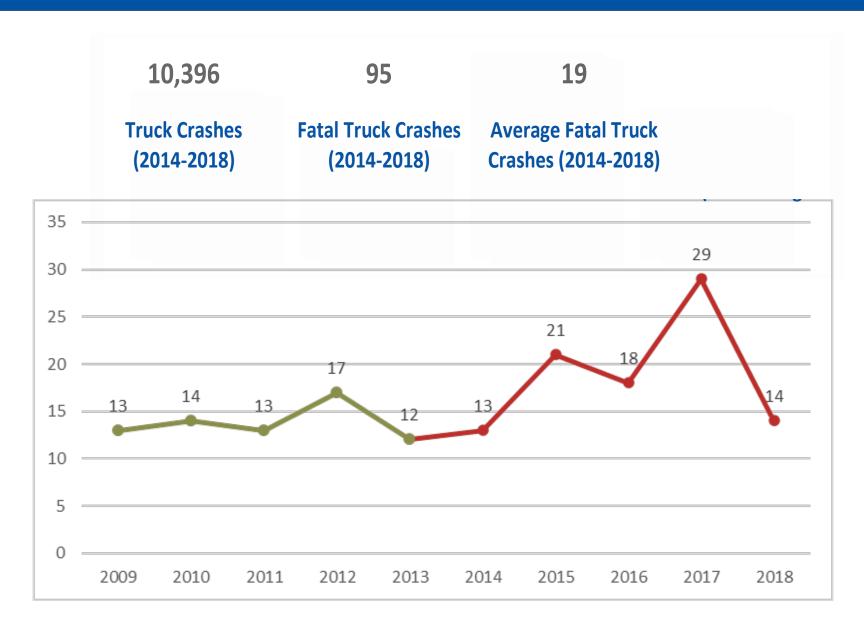


#### **HEAVILY CONGESTED FREIGHT BOTTLENECKS**

Roadway	Dir	Interchange or Intersection	AADTT
I-15	SOUTHBOUND	CHARLESTON BLVD/EXIT 41	20,791
I-15	SOUTHBOUND	SAHARA AVE/EXIT 40	20,791
US-95	SOUTHBOUND	I-15/EXIT 76B	18,442
I-515	NORTHBOUND	EASTERN AVE/EXIT 73	13,209
I-515	NORTHBOUND	LAS VEGAS BLVD/EXIT 75	13,209
I-515	SOUTHBOUND	I-15/EXIT 76A	13,209
I-580	NORTHBOUND	US-50	2,344
I-580	SOUTHBOUND	US-50	2,344
DOUBLE R BLVD	NORTHBOUND	S MEADOWS PKWY	2,260
DOUBLE R BLVD	SOUTHBOUND	DAMONTE RANCH PKWY	2,260
DOUBLE R BLVD	SOUTHBOUND	S MEADOWS PKWY	2,260
I-580	SOUTHBOUND	FAIRVIEW DR	2,078
US-50	EASTBOUND	NV-207/KINGSBURY GRADE	1,757
US-50	WESTBOUND	CANV STATE BORDER	1,757
VISTA BLVD	NORTHBOUND	E PRATER WAY	1,696
VISTA BLVD	SOUTHBOUND	I-80	1,696
DAMONTE RANCH PKWY	EASTBOUND	I-580	1,672
DAMONTE RANCH PKWY	EASTBOUND	S VIRGINIA ST	1,672
DAMONTE RANCH PKWY	WESTBOUND	I-580	1,672
DAMONTE RANCH PKWY	WESTBOUND	S VIRGINIA ST	1,672



# NEVADA FREIGHT PLAN UPDATE SAFETY UPDATE





# NEVADA FREIGHT PLAN UPDATE RAILROAD CROSSINGS

Between 2011 and 2021, five out of 22 railroad crossing crashes involved trucks, one of which was fatal.

22	5	1	
Railroad	Truck-Involved	Fatal Truck-	Fail to meet the
Crossing	Railroad Crossing	Involved Railroad	performance target
<b>Crashes (2011-</b>	Crashes	<b>Crossing Crashes</b>	(Eliminate Truck Fatalities
2021)	(2011-2021)	(2011-2021)	at Highway-Rail Crossings)

	2000-2010	2011-2021	Trend
Total at-grade rail crossing crashes	30	22	
Total truck-involved at-grade rail crossing crashes	6	5	
Total at-grade rail crossing fatalities	3	9	
Truck-involved at-grade rail crossing fatalities	0	6	1



#### FREIGHT INVESTMENT PLAN UPDATE

- Drat Projects for FY 2023-2024\*
  - I-15 NB Truck Climbing Lane at MP 68.5 to 69.7
  - I-15 SB Truck Climbing Lane at MP 64.4 to 66.1
  - I-80 Truck Climbing Lane at Beowawe
  - Statewide TPAS Ph 1
    - 6 locations on I-15 and I-80





# Passing and Climbing Lane Prioritization Study Freight Advisory Committee

Jordan Daker – Supervisor III Associate Engineer 5/4/2022



### WHY ARE WE DOING THIS STUDY?

- A lack of passing opportunities can increase frequencies of unsafe passing maneuvers by motorists
- An increase in unsafe passing maneuvers directly results in increased crashes such as head-ons, sideswipes, and run-offs
- Studies conducted over two decades reported that the addition of passing and climbing lanes directly reduced these types of crashes
- NDOT is conducting this study to help identify and prioritize a list of candidate locations to enhance safety and mobility on Nevada's highways and highrisk rural roadways





#### WHY ARE WE DOING THIS STUDY?



Passing and climbing lanes are one of the most common concerns we hear from rural communities

#### From 2015-2019



1,111 total crashes on Nevada's rural roads



312 of these were injury crashes



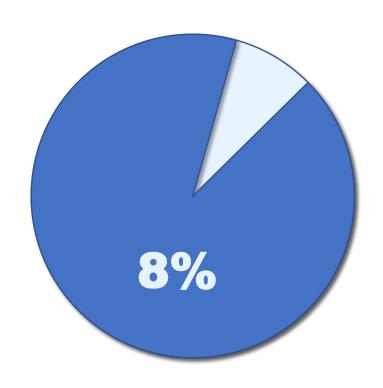
55 total fatalities



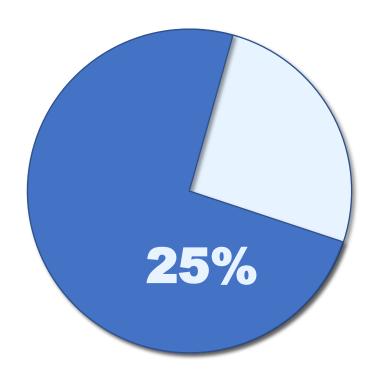
Source: Las Vegas Review-Journal



# WHY ARE WE DOING THIS STUDY?



Rural crashes leading to a fatality



Passing related crashes leading to a fatality



#### **STUDY OVERVIEW**



Prepare an <u>inventory</u> of existing passing and climbing lane locations to help create a proper distribution

Develop a methodology that attributes risk to potential locations on 2-lane and multilane highways

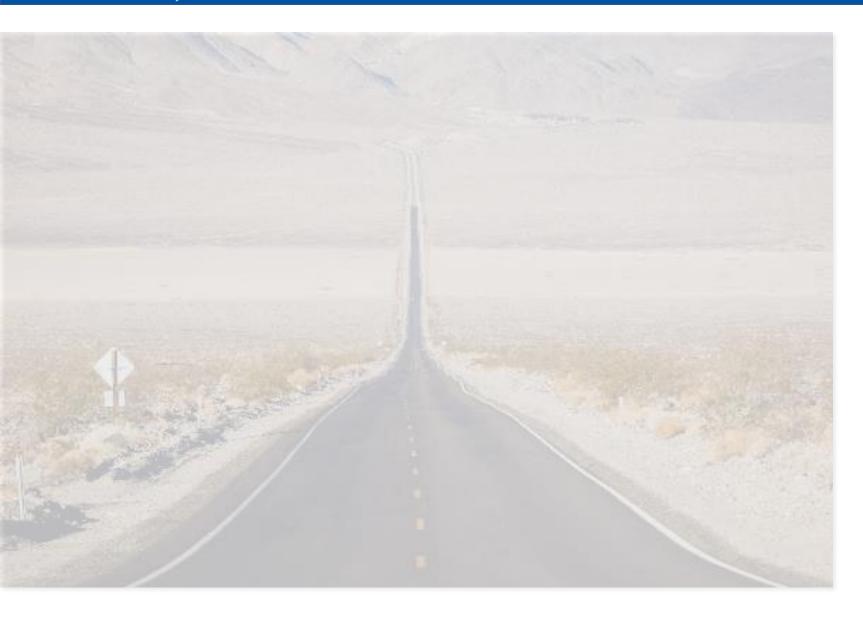
Systematically identify and <u>prioritize</u> locations coinciding with Traffic Safety Engineering and Federal data-driven goals

Create an <u>implementation</u> and phasing plan that takes factors such as constructability and right-of-way into account

Recommendations will be considered across other statewide safety and One Nevada Transportation Plan priorities



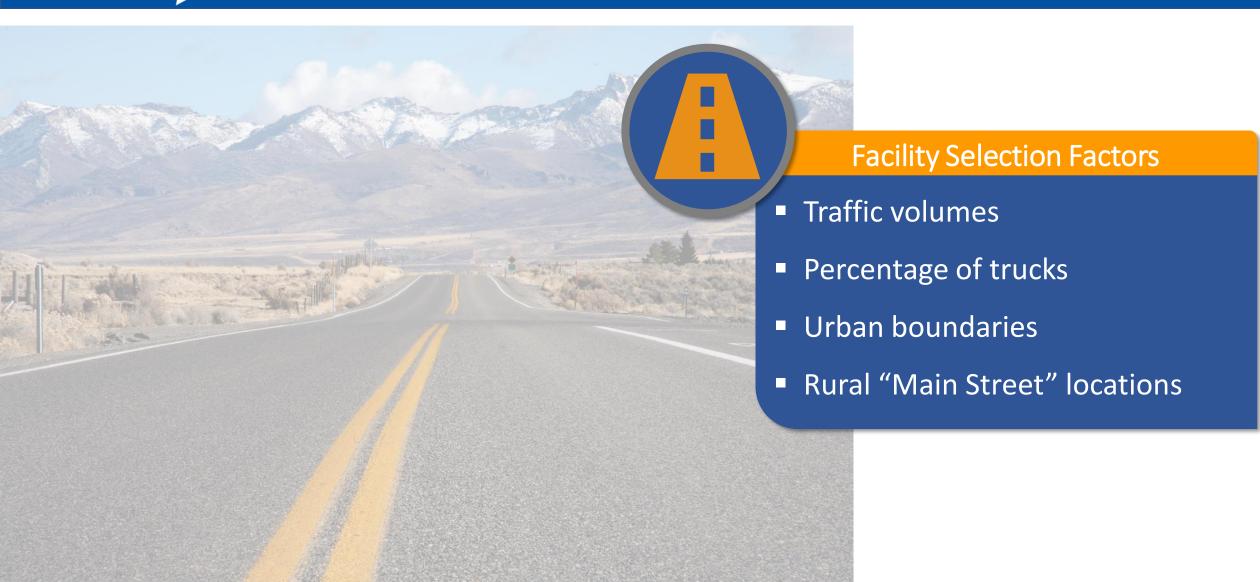
# **STUDY PROCESS**





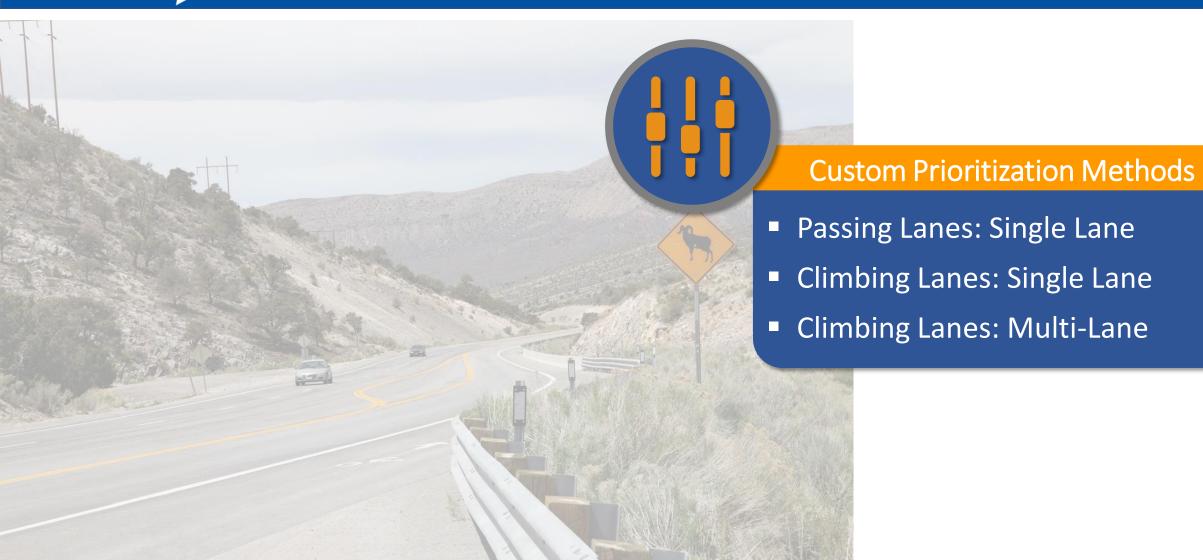


# STUDY PROCESS: SELECT FACILITIES





# STUDY PROCESS: PRIORITIZATION METHODOLOGY





# STUDY PROCESS: GIS COMPILATION





# STUDY PROCESS: RISK-BASED PRIORITIZATION





#### **STUDY OUTCOMES**

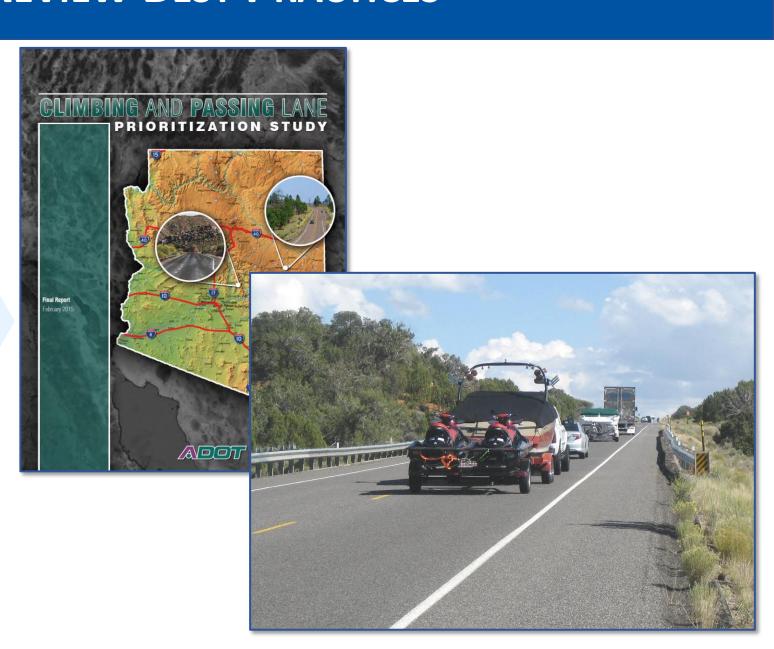
- ► Provides a data-driven process and implementation plan coinciding with NDOT and Federal goals
- ➤ Candidate locations can then be considered for funding through safety, state and other funding sources
- ► The GIS prioritization model can be updated to account for changing conditions over time
- ➤ Achieve process transparency and why certain locations are advanced versus others





# **REVIEW BEST PRACTICES**

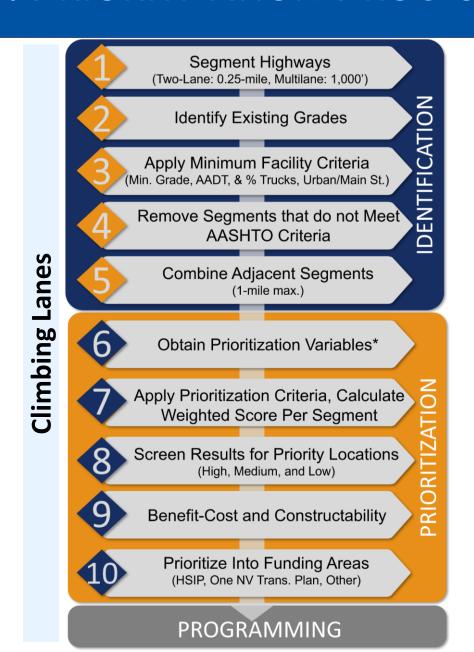
Arizona and Utah's
Approaches to Passing &
Climbing Lane
Identification





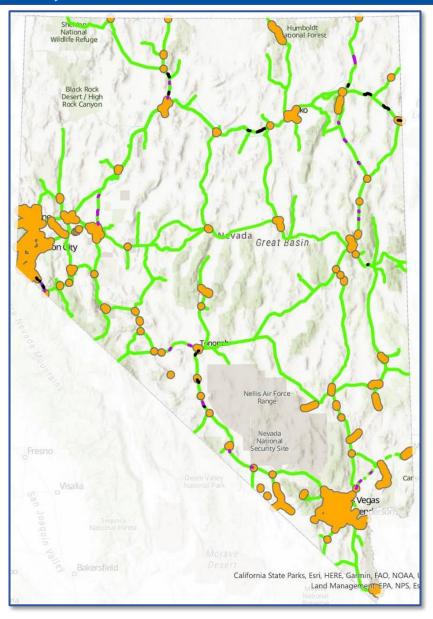
#### **NV** Identification & Prioritization Processes



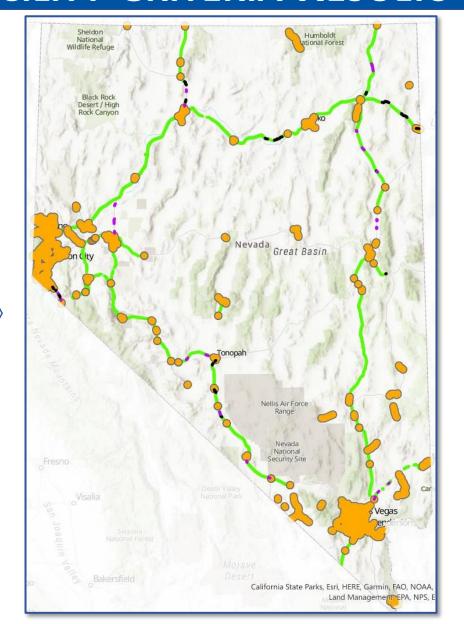




# NV IDENTIFICATION PROCESS MIN. PASSING LANE FACILITY CRITERIA RESULTS

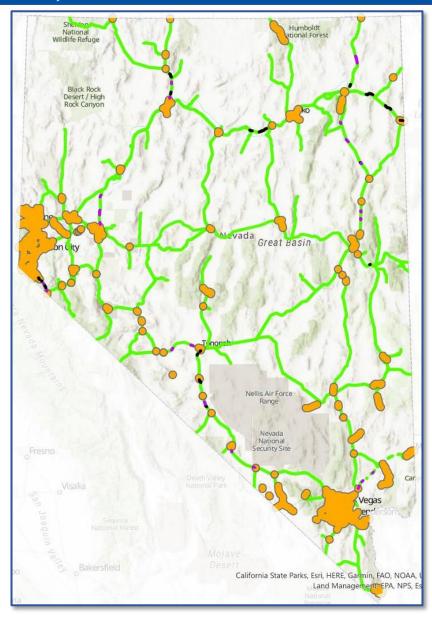


Facility
Criteria
Applied

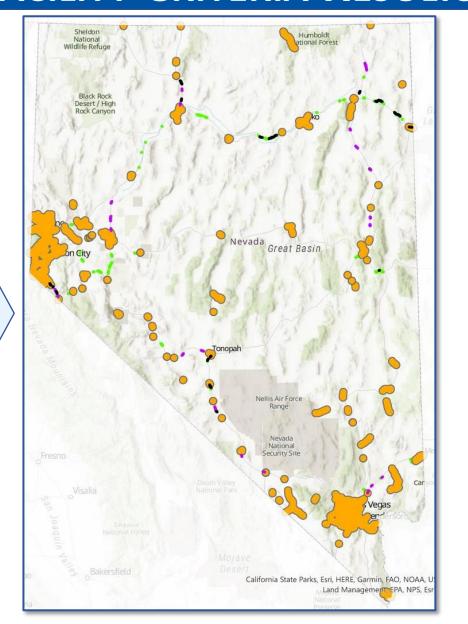




# NV IDENTIFICATION PROCESS MIN. CLIMBING LANE FACILITY CRITERIA RESULTS



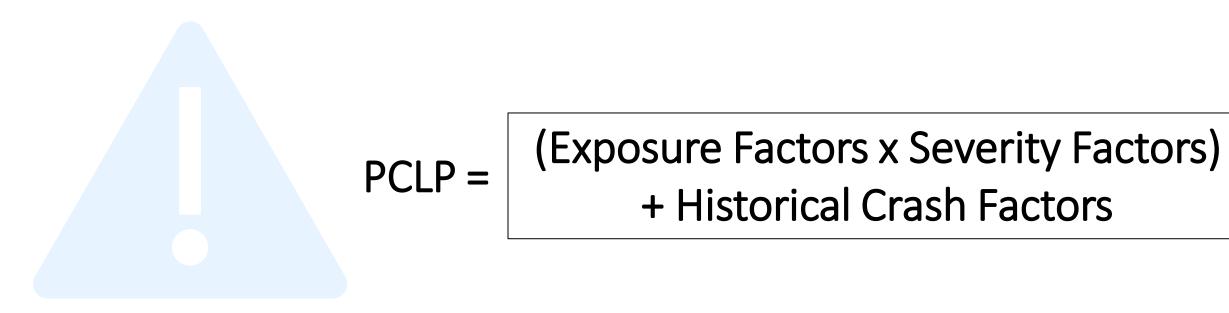
Facility
Criteria
Applied





#### **NV** Prioritization Process

#### Risk-Based Approach





#### **NV** Prioritization Process

#### Risk-Based Approach

#### **Exposure Factors**

- Passing AADT
- ► Total AADT
- **LOS**
- **PTSF**

#### **Severity Factors**

- ► Avg. Travel Speed
- ► Hospital Proximity

#### **Historical Crash Factors**

► EPDO



- Existing Crash Rate
- Existing PassingCrash Rate



# WADA HIGHWAY SAFETY IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM (HSIP) PRIORITIZATION

- Federal-aid program administered by FHWA
- Funds projects that advance highway safety goals in Nevada
- ➤ Goal is to achieve a significant reduction in traffic fatalities and serious injuries on all public roads, including non-State-owned public roads and roads on tribal lands.
- ➤ Requires a data-driven, strategic approach to improving highway safety on all public roads that focuses on performance.





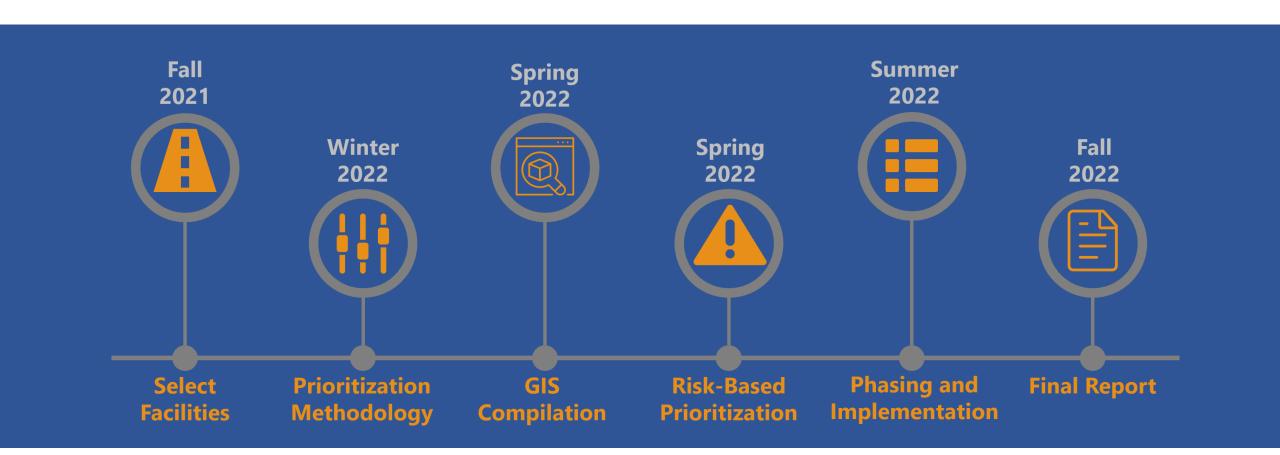
## STATEWIDE ONE NEVADA PRIORITIZATION

#### One Nevada Goal Area Criteria(s) Used for Prioritization

Goal Area	Criteria
Enhance Safety	Crash Reduction Potential
Preserve Infrastructure	Pavement Condition Improvement Bridge Risk Reduction Score Other Asset Improvement
Optimize Mobility	Population Accessibility Travel Time Reliability
Transform Economies	Business Accessibility Economic Development Potential
Foster Sustainability	Reduce Environmental Risk GHG Emission Reductions Environmental Enhancements Resilience Reduce Future Maintenance
Connect Communities	Project Connectivity  Multimodal Access  Access to Community Destinations  Equity



### **STUDY TIMELINE**







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