

Project Description

The Interstate 80 (I-80) East Widening project proposes to widen I-80 from two to three lanes in each direction for 13 miles, from the Vista Boulevard interchange to the USA Parkway interchange in Northern Nevada. The project would include much needed safety improvements, such as constructing standard twelve-foot-wide outside shoulders and ten-foot inside shoulders throughout. It will also replace functionally obsolete structures and improve interchange geometries and ramp termini configurations at the Vista, Lockwood, Mustang, and Patrick interchanges. The project is currently in the preliminary engineering and National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) clearance phase.

2.1 PROJECT INTRODUCTION

Significant industrial, commercial, and technological developments have generated tens of thousands of new jobs near the corridor. The continuous growth and development in the Reno/Sparks area is causing increased pressures on I-80, resulting in a 27% increase in traffic by 2050. As the second longest interstate highway in the United States, it provides a critical freight route between California and Utah.

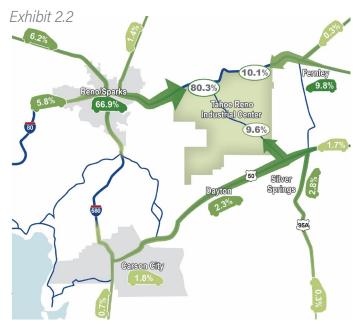
Furthermore, I-80 is essential for Northern Nevada mobility. The area between Reno/ Sparks and Fernley is rapidly developing. The most significant development, the Tahoe Reno Industrial Center (TRIC), encompasses approximately 160 square miles. This area is larger than the Reno/Sparks area (approximately 141.8 square miles), making the TRIC one of the largest industrial developments in the world. The TRIC has sold out with over 30,000 developable acres, slated to accommodate over 300 million square feet of building space (see Exhibit 2.1). Major companies with land ownership in the TRIC include TESLA, Google, Blockchains, and Switch, with others under construction or planned in or around the area, such as the Apple Data Center. The TRIC has created over 15,000 jobs and is estimated to produce 35,000 to 50,000 jobs in the next 20 years, resulting in 40,000 average annual daily trips by 2050. This increase in traffic will push the existing I-80 beyond its current capacity. In January 2023, TESLA announced they will be investing \$3.6 billion to expand their factory to include an additional 4 million square feet for electric semi-trucks and a battery factory.

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The I-80 corridor between Reno/Sparks and USA Parkway is the primary access corridor to the TRIC and accommodates most of the traffic from development. Recent survey results indicate that over 80% of TRIC's employees utilize this segment (Exhibit 2.2). The majority of the corridor is within the Truckee River Canyon with steep terrain, a sinuous roadway alignment, and close proximity to the Truckee River and Union Pacific Railroad. The current roadway can not accomodate future traffic volumes and has shoulders that do not meet current design standards. Congestion and safety concerns will continue to increase with unpredictable travel delays lasting hours. This causes concerns for TRIC's employees, as even minor accidents can immensely disrupt the system and make it difficult for emergency vehicles to navigate the roadway efficiently due to inadequate shoulders and minimal lanes (see Exhibit 2.3).



Exhibit 2.3

This unreliability and instability adversely impacts the most significant freight corridor between California and Utah.

Early Action

The Nevada Department of
Transportation (NDOT) and other local
agencies recognized this situation
and have been implementing early
action projects to relieve congestion
and improve safety. Although these
improvements provide some immediate
benefits, they cannot accommodate the
steady increase in traffic and overall
widening needs.

2.2 PROJECT HISTORY

NDOT and other stakeholders have evaluated the corridor, generating more than 30 studies and possible solutions. Ideas included developing alternative routes; improving contributing routes; and enhancing I-80 with widening, reversible lanes, and efficiency advancements (ridesharing, vanpools, carpools, and new bus routes). In 2019/2020, NDOT performed a comprehensive evaluation of the studies and ideas for feasibility and to establish a performance-based prioritization.



This effort included scoring each alternative for safety, optimizing mobility, preserving assets, transforming economies, resource and environmental sustainability, and benefit/cost analysis. The I-80 Corridor Study concluded widening I-80 between Vista Boulevard and USA Parkway was the most feasible option. NDOT initiated National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) efforts to evaluate this corridor. A Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) is anticipated in early 2025.

2.3 TRANSPORTATION CHALLENGES AND SOLUTIONS CHALLENGE 1 - IMPROVE SAFETY:

Safety is the highest concern. NDOT's Safety Division collected and evaluated crash data for the corridor. Exhibit 2.4 summarizes the data from January 2018 to December 2022 and compares it to the two previous three-year periods of June 2015 to May 2018 and October 2012 to September 2015. Crashes and fatalities have significantly increased. The corridor's instability can result in a complete failure, even with minor incidents, and delay emergency responders from reaching crashes. As congestion increases, so will vehicle friction and, most likely, crash rates.

Exhibit 2.4 800 600 400 200 2012-2015 2015-2018 2018-2022 **Total Crashes** PDO Crashes **Injury Crashes Fatal Crashes** 2012 - 2015 2015 - 2018 2018 - 2022 233 482 720 334 171 520 97 201 239 9 0

SOLUTION: Using the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) Highway Safety Manual procedure, the proposed safety improvements were analyzed to determine anticipated crash reductions and crash reduction savings. This project's safety features include widening shoulders; adding a travel lane in each direction; improving signing (dynamic messaging systems), striping, and lighting; adding ITS (including wrong-way driver detection); and enhancing geometry for interchange ramps. In the I-80 Corridor Study, each safety element was assigned a Crash Modification Factor (CMF) and Crash Reduction Factor (CRF) as established in the FHWA Crash Modification Clearinghouse. CRF values are estimated as follows:

Safety Modifications	CRF
Additional lane in each direction	26%
Increasing the outside shoulder widths from 3' to 10'	29%
Improved on and off ramps	26%
Lighting and signing	44%
Median Barrier*	97%
Wider Edge Lines*	22%

*FHWA Proven Safety Countermeasure

Although benefits are expected from each improvement, the project used a conservative conglomerate CRF of 26% to estimate crash reductions and the benefit/cost analysis.

Q CHALLENGE 2 - REDUCE CONGESTION:

The Regional Transporation Commission of Washoe County (RTC) regional travel demand model's traffic forecasts predict major traffic growth in the corridor. Currently, most segments along I-80 between Vista Boulevard and USA Parkway operate at the desired level of service (LOS) or at capacity. However, ongoing development is causing congestion at the USA Parkway interchange, adversely impacting mainline performance. The high



traffic volumes exiting and entering I-80 are causing long queues on the ramps that extend onto the mainline and degrade the freeway's performance.

The forecast also estimates the population and employment relating to the I-80 corridor through the TRIC will increase by 36% from 2015 to 2050. The increase in traffic will produce unacceptable conditions, increasing congestion and resulting in very low speeds (seven to fifteen miles per hour). Furthermore, the Vista Boulevard interchange will fail (LOS F) as queues extend on I-80 for over a half mile. Most segments on I-80 will fail by 2050 if no improvements are made.

Traffic Study (RSFTS) recommended two high-priority improvements: widening I-80 from two to three lanes in each direction and installing a traffic signal at the USA Parkway interchange. Traffic analysis demonstrates significant improvement in freeway operations and interchange performance with these improvements (all freeway segments are expected to operate at the desired threshold of LOS D or better with a free flow speed of at least 55 miles per hour). NDOT installed a

traffic signal at the USA Parkway interchange as an early action project. Supporting Traffic Operations and forecast information from the RSFTS is included in Appendix I.

Q CHALLENGE 3 - PROMOTE ECONOMIC **DEVELOPMENT:** I-80 is vital to the area's economic development. Locally, it connects the Reno/Sparks area with the TRIC, a major commercial development within the rural area and Storey County and a key contributor to the area's economy. From a regional perspective, it is a major freight connection from California's Port of Oakland to the central and eastern United States, NDOT's Nevada State Freight Plan provides "a strategic framework enhancing freight mobility and a statewide economy." Its associated freight study evaluated existing freight logistics and contributed to the vision of establishing a competitive advantage by creating crossroads of national commerce within a multimodal system of superior safety, condition, and performance. The I-80 corridor is vital to NDOT's overall objective. With almost 20% of the total vehicles being trucks, this project corridor is considered a "critical freight project."



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would improve access and increase safety to those accessing TRIC. The ongoing growth of TRIC is vital to the economic development of Northern Nevada, specifically in Storey County and the surrounding rural area.

Overarching Improvements

The proposed project is expected to dramatically increase travel time reliability and reduce congestion by improving capacity with additional lanes, improving safety features, and creating space for incident management.

This project is supported by state and local agencies, in addition to the business community. Letters of support are included in Appendix II.

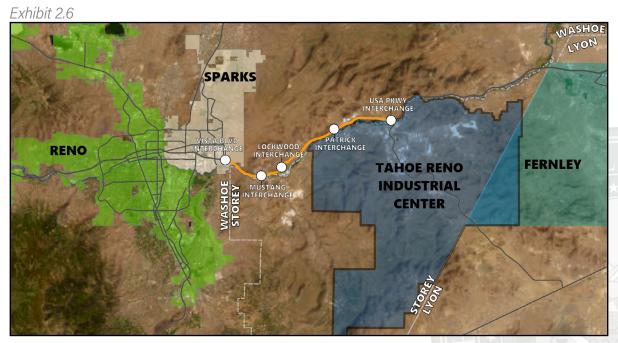
2.4 PROJECT LOCATION

The project is located on I-80 in northern Nevada from Vista Boulevard in Sparks, Nevada, to USA Parkway in Washoe County, Nevada, a distance of 13 miles. The I-80 corridor is immediately adjacent to the TRIC with access to the Patrick and USA Parkway interchanges. Within the project limits, interchanges are located at Vista Boulevard, Lockwood, Mustang, Patrick, and USA Parkway (see Exhibit 2.6).



Fxhibit 2.7

The western segment from Vista Boulevard to the Mustang interchange (Exhibit 2.7 above) is located in a very steep canyon, shared with the Truckee River and the Union Pacific Railroad (UPRR).



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